

PAT 498/598 (Winter 2025)

Music & AI

Lecture 13: Music Analysis

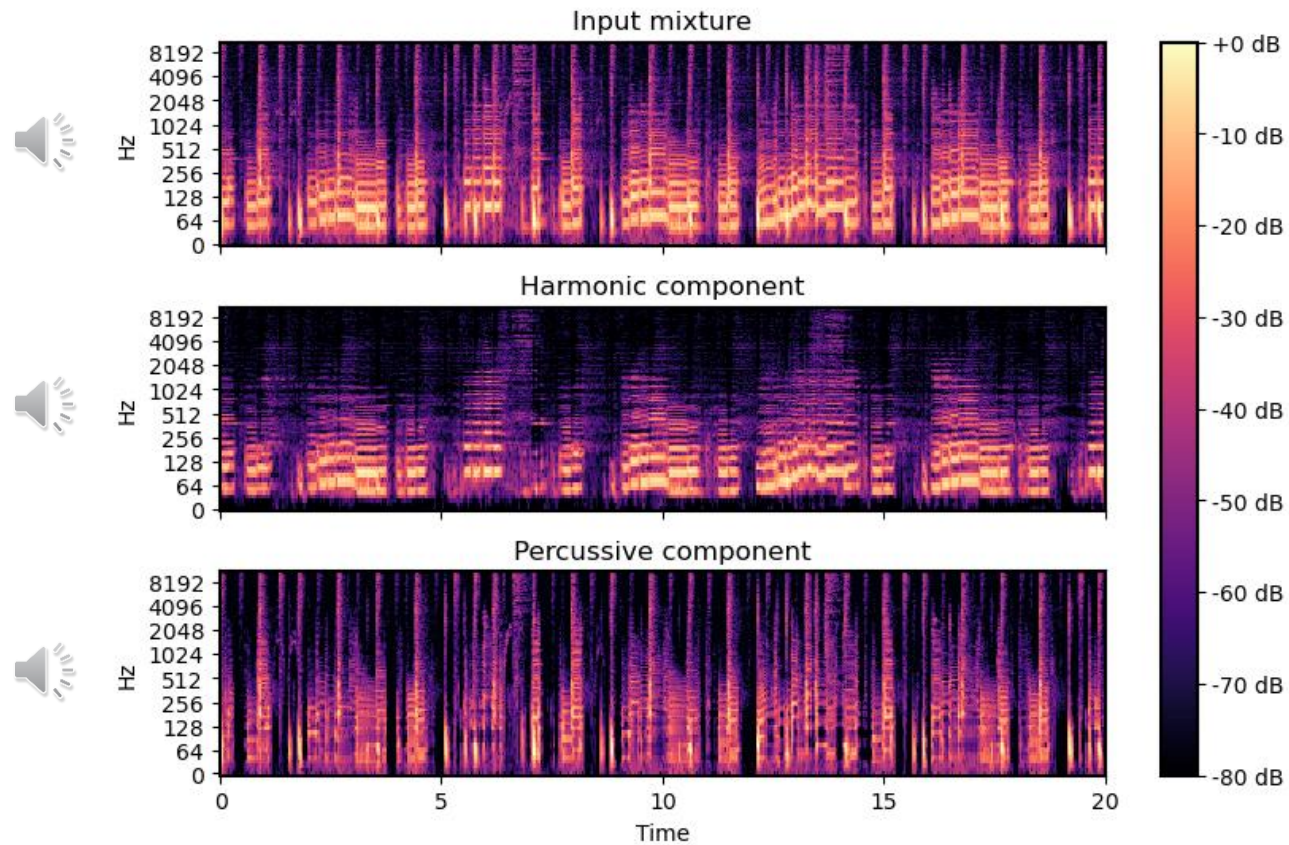
Instructor: Hao-Wen Dong



SCHOOL OF MUSIC, THEATRE & DANCE
PERFORMING ARTS TECHNOLOGY
UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

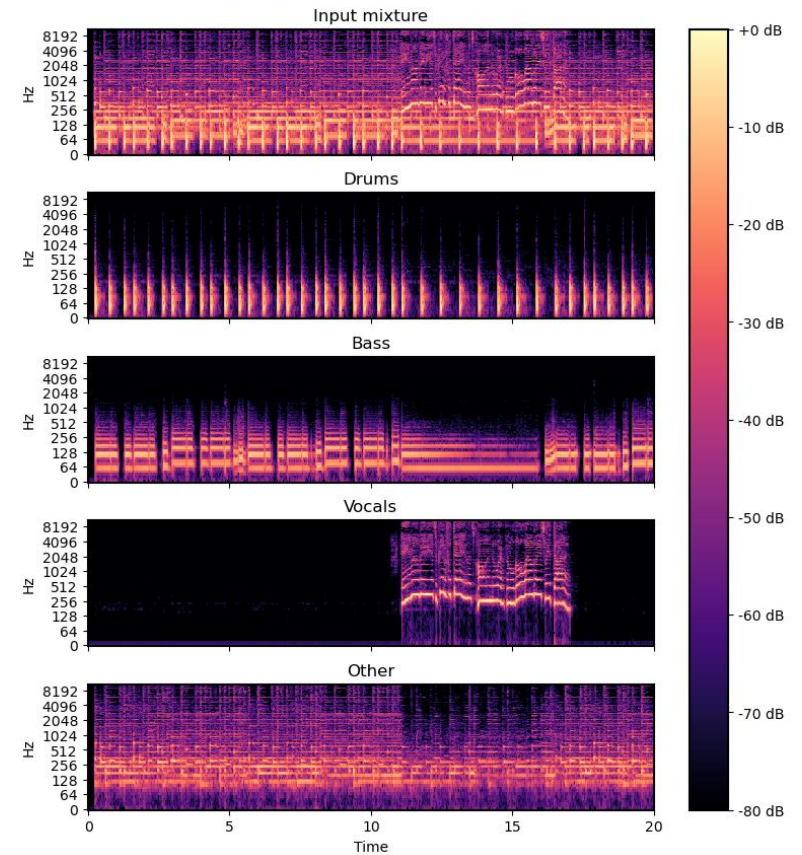
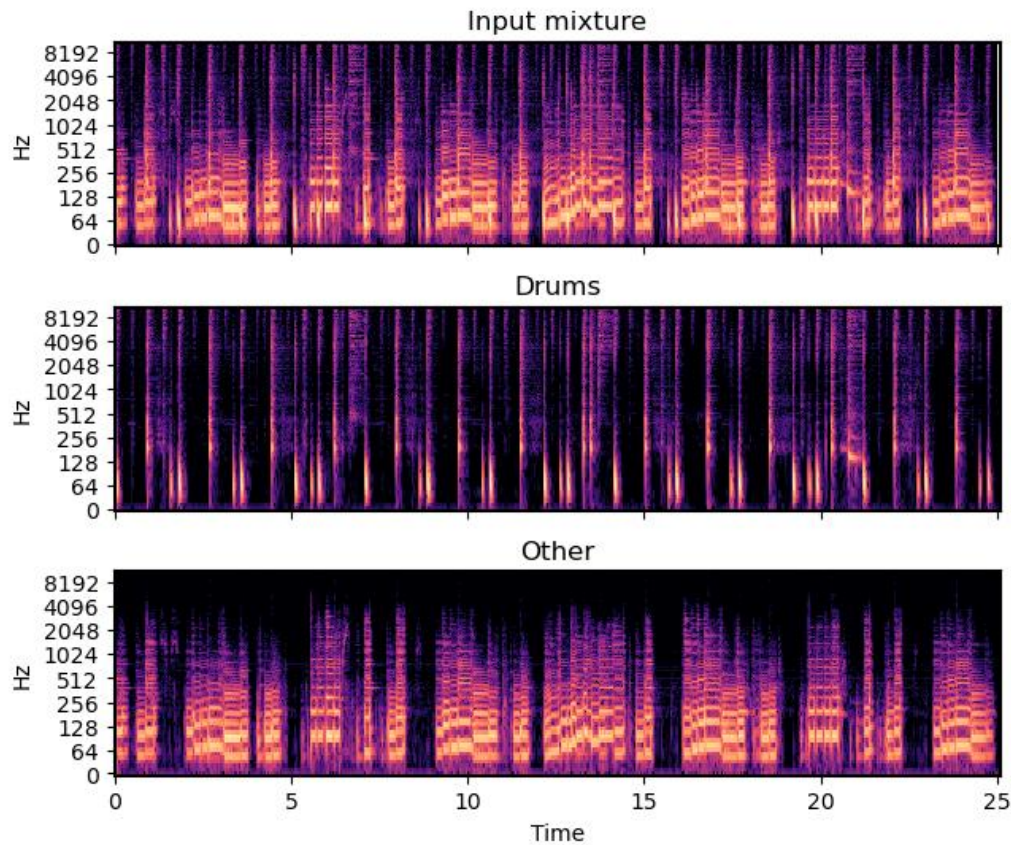
Homework 4: Source Separation

- **Part 1:** Harmonic-Percussive Source Separation (HPSS) using **librosa**



Homework 4: Source Separation

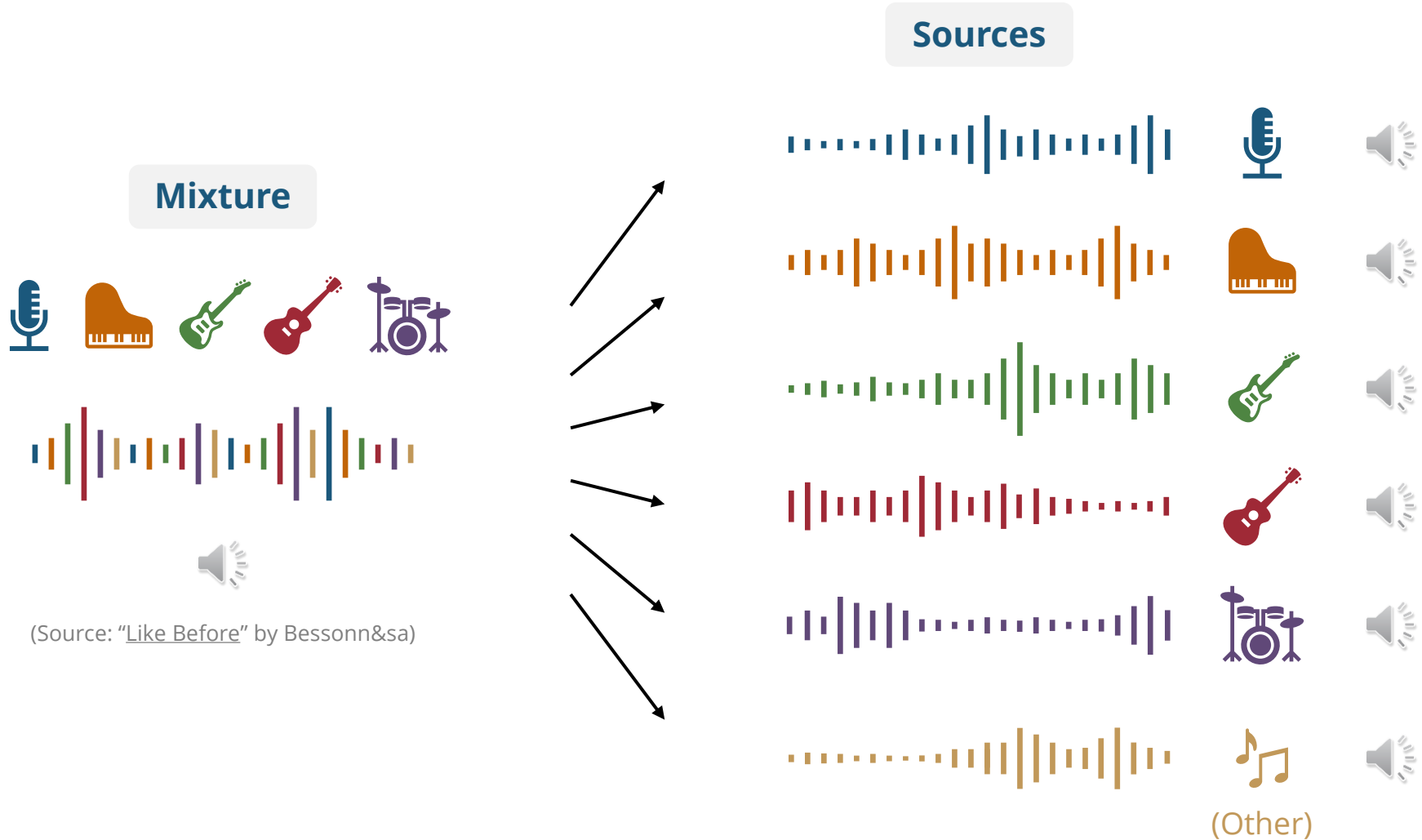
- **Part 2:** Music Source Separation using **Demucs**



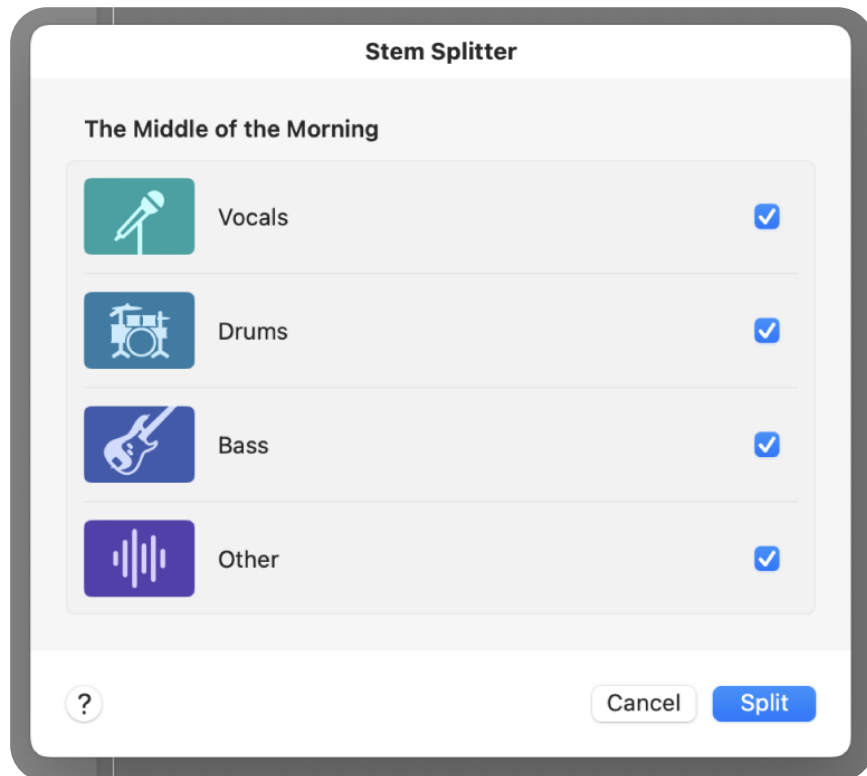
Homework 4: Source Separation

- Instructions will be released on the [course website](#)
- Please submit your work to [Gradescope](#)
- Due at **11:59pm ET** on **February 28**
- Late submissions: **1 point deducted per day**
- No late submission is allowed a week after the due date

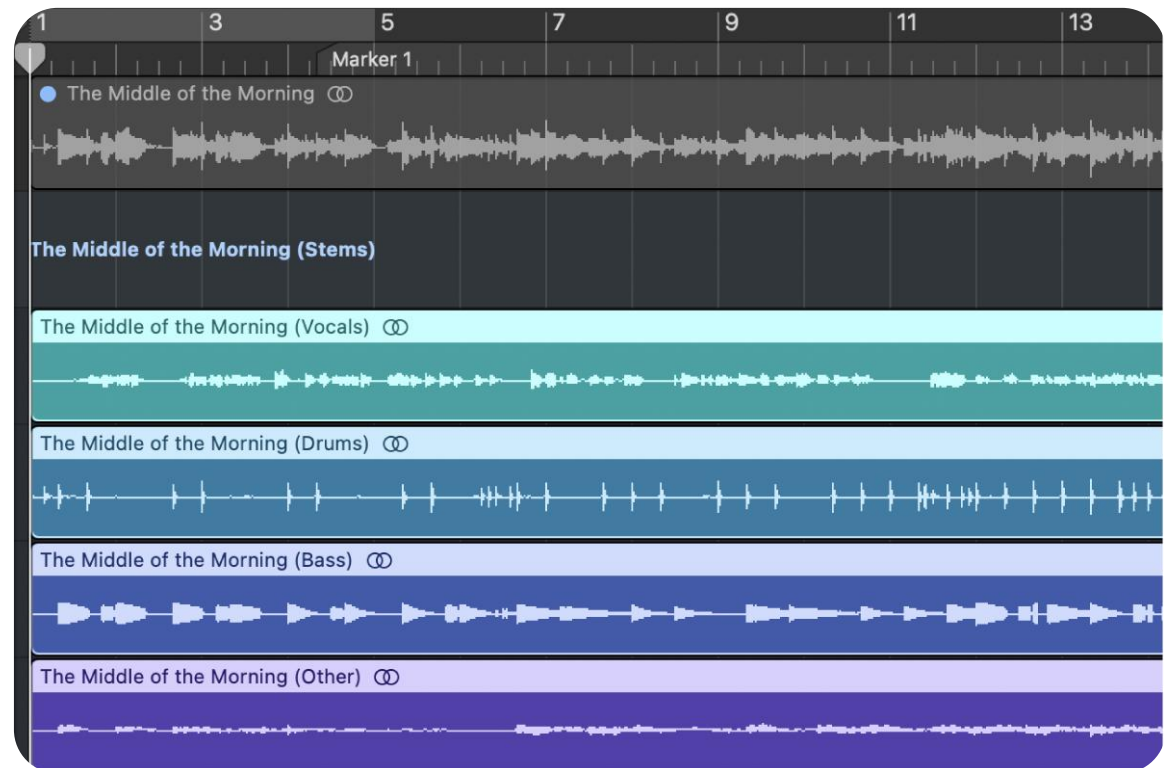
(Recap) Source Separation



(Recap) Stem Splitter in Logic Pro

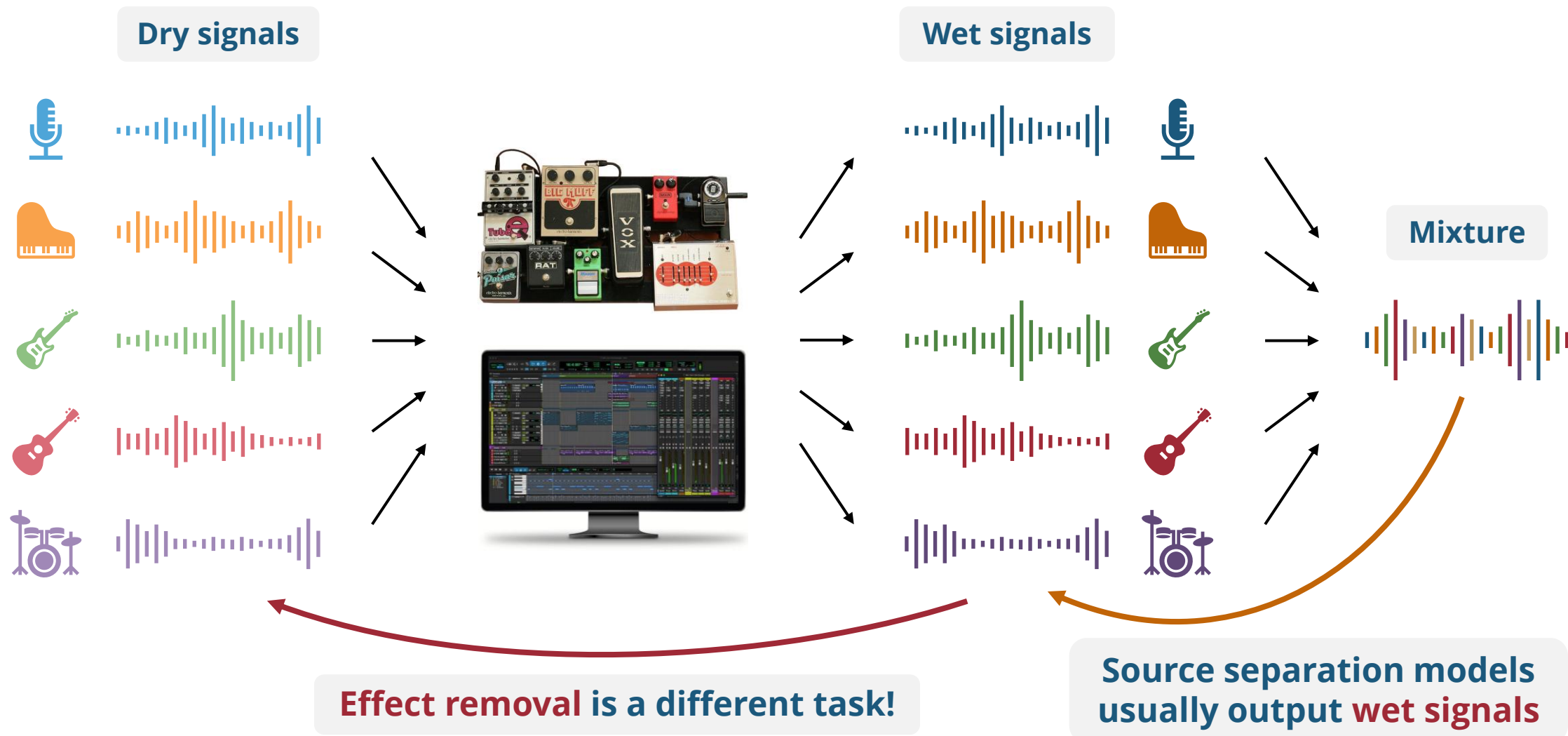


(Source: Logic Pro User Guide)



(Source: Logic Pro User Guide)

(Recap) Source Separation does **NOT** Remove Effects

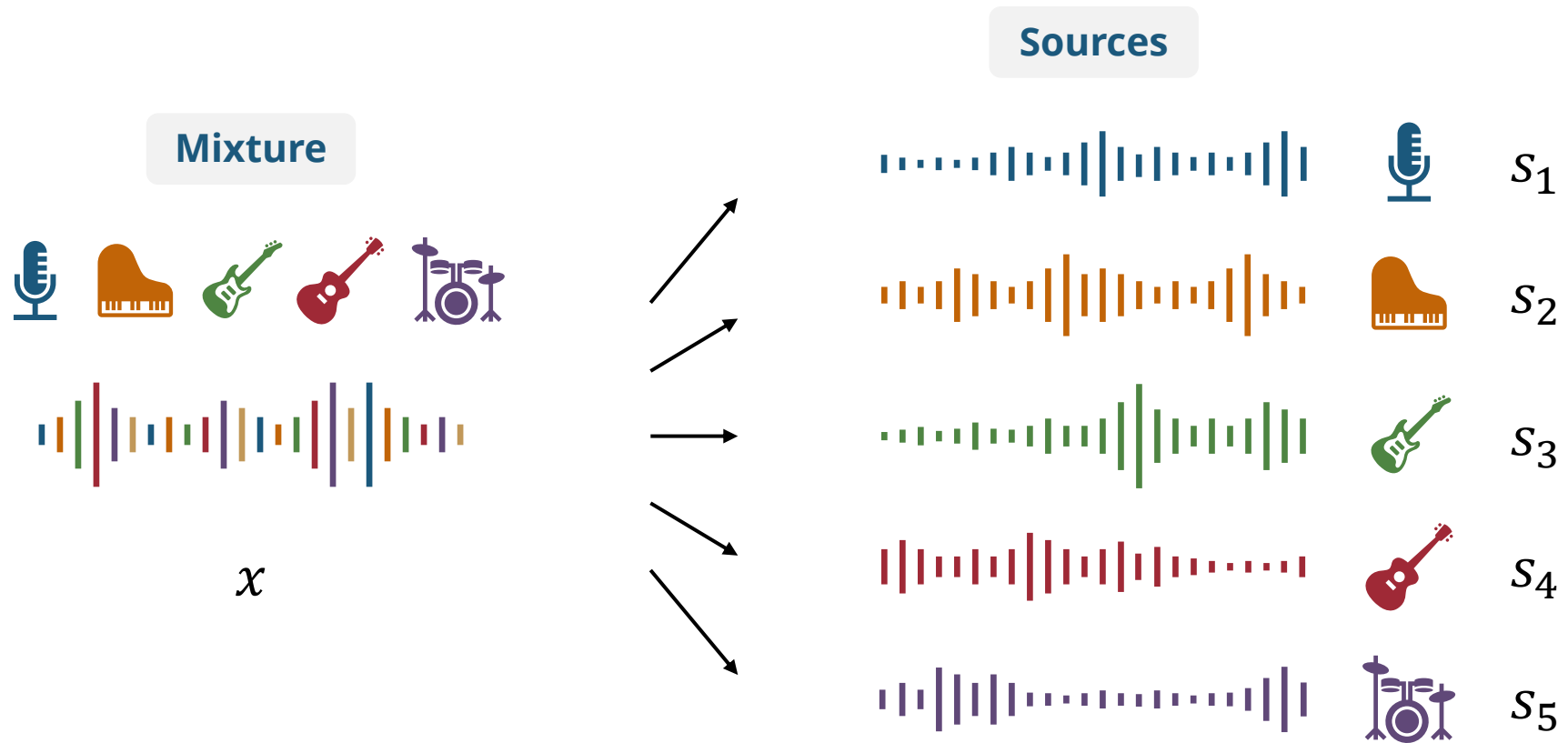


(Recap) Moises

- 🎉 **Free Moises Pro license** until Summer 2025
- Register at studio.moises.ai/claim-trial/UMichFree/monthly/
 - Use your **U-M email** (@umich.edu)
 - Sign up in your **desktop browser**
 - Ignore the prompt to upgrade your account
 - **Deadline to sign up: March 14**



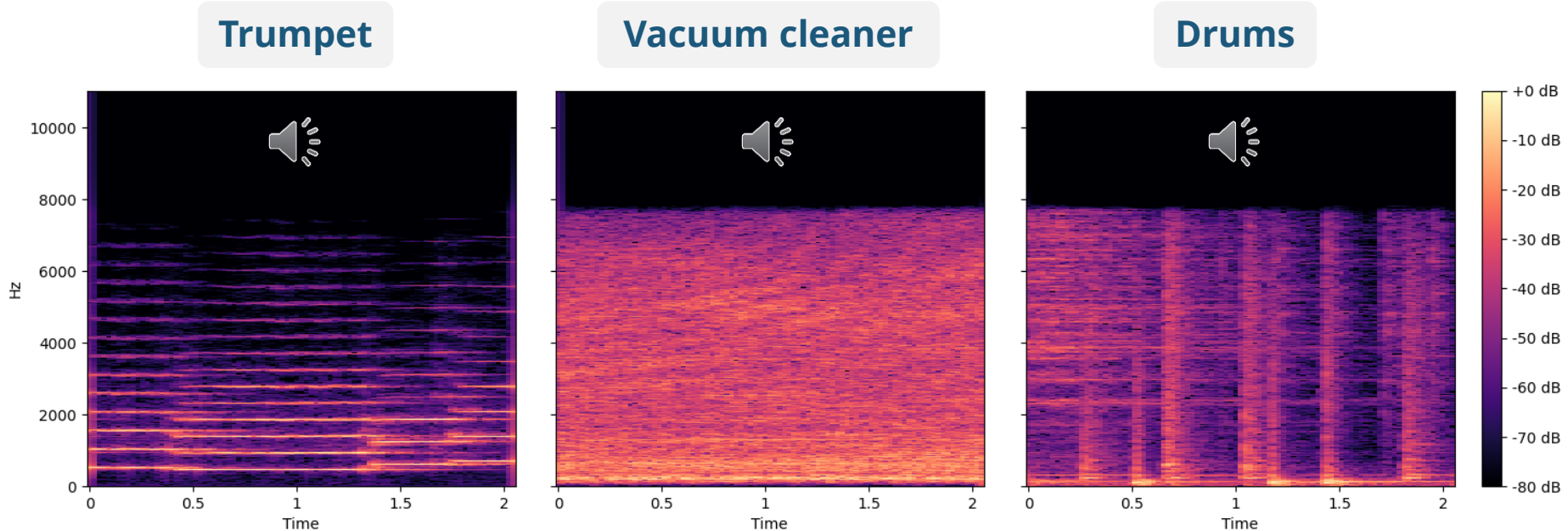
(Recap) Mathematical Formulation



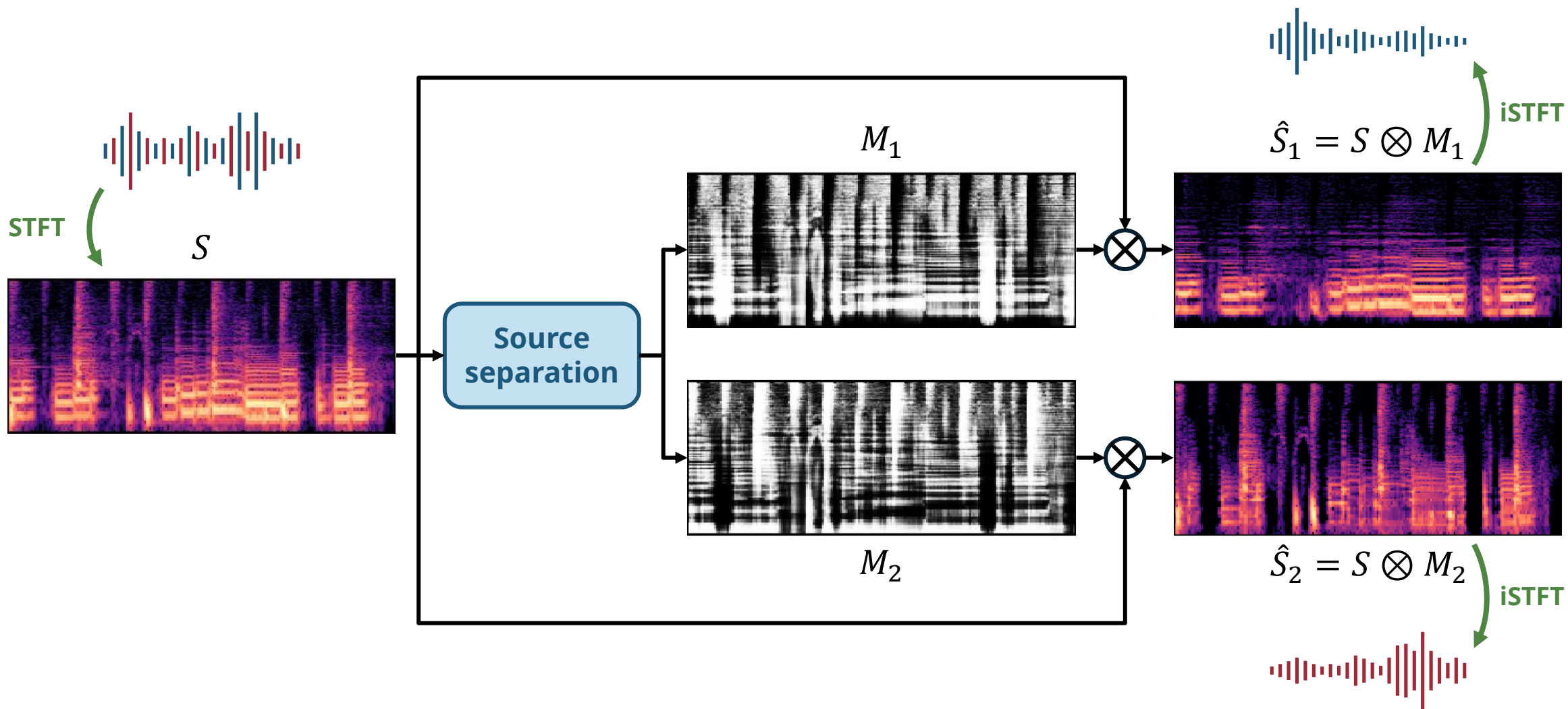
$$x = s_1 + s_2 + s_3 + s_4 + s_5 = \sum_i s_i$$

(Recap) Source Separation is an Ill-posed Problem

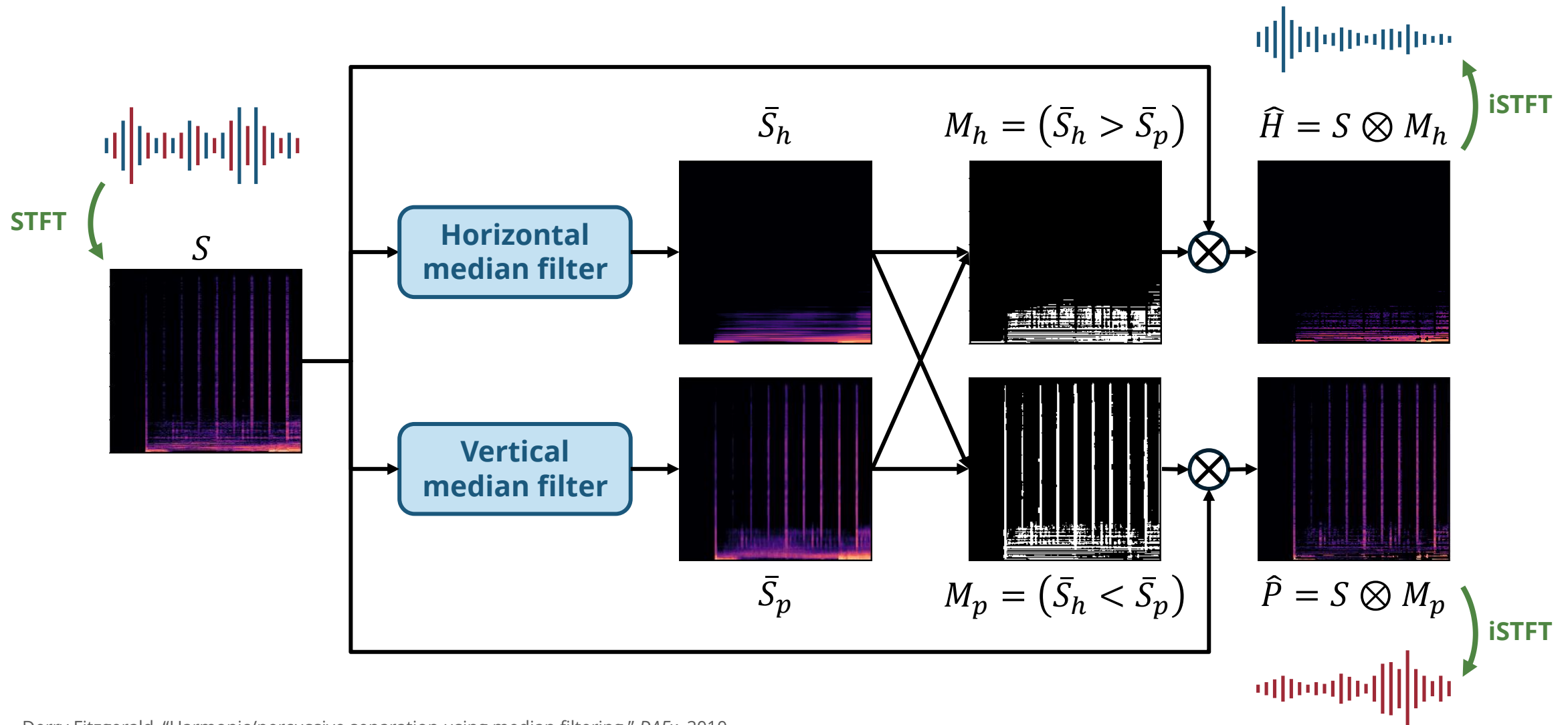
- There are **more than one solution** to $x = s_1 + s_2 + \dots + s_N$
 - In fact, there are infinite possibilities
- However, we do know **what's more likely than another!**



(Recap) Time-Frequency Masking



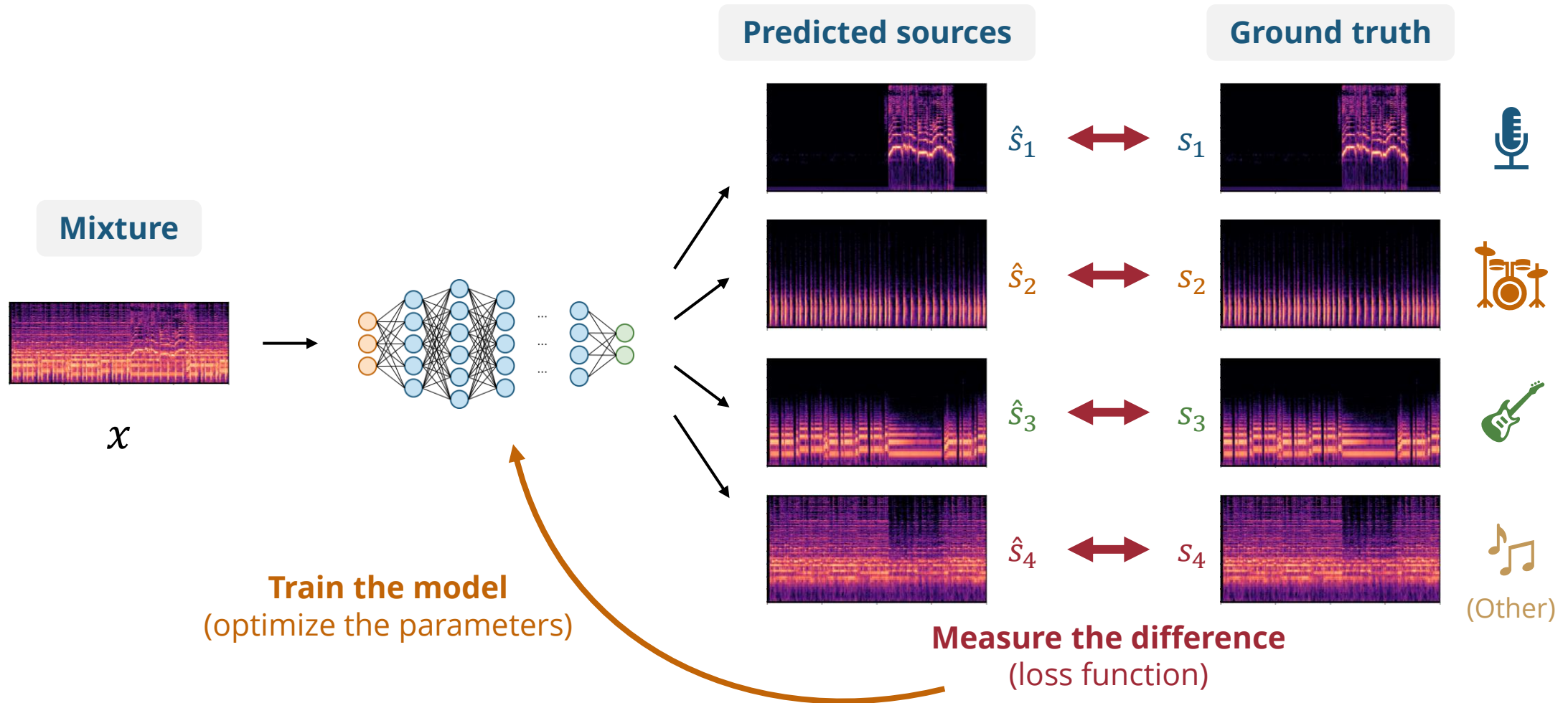
(Recap) Harmonic-Percussive Separation (Fitzgerald et al., 2010)



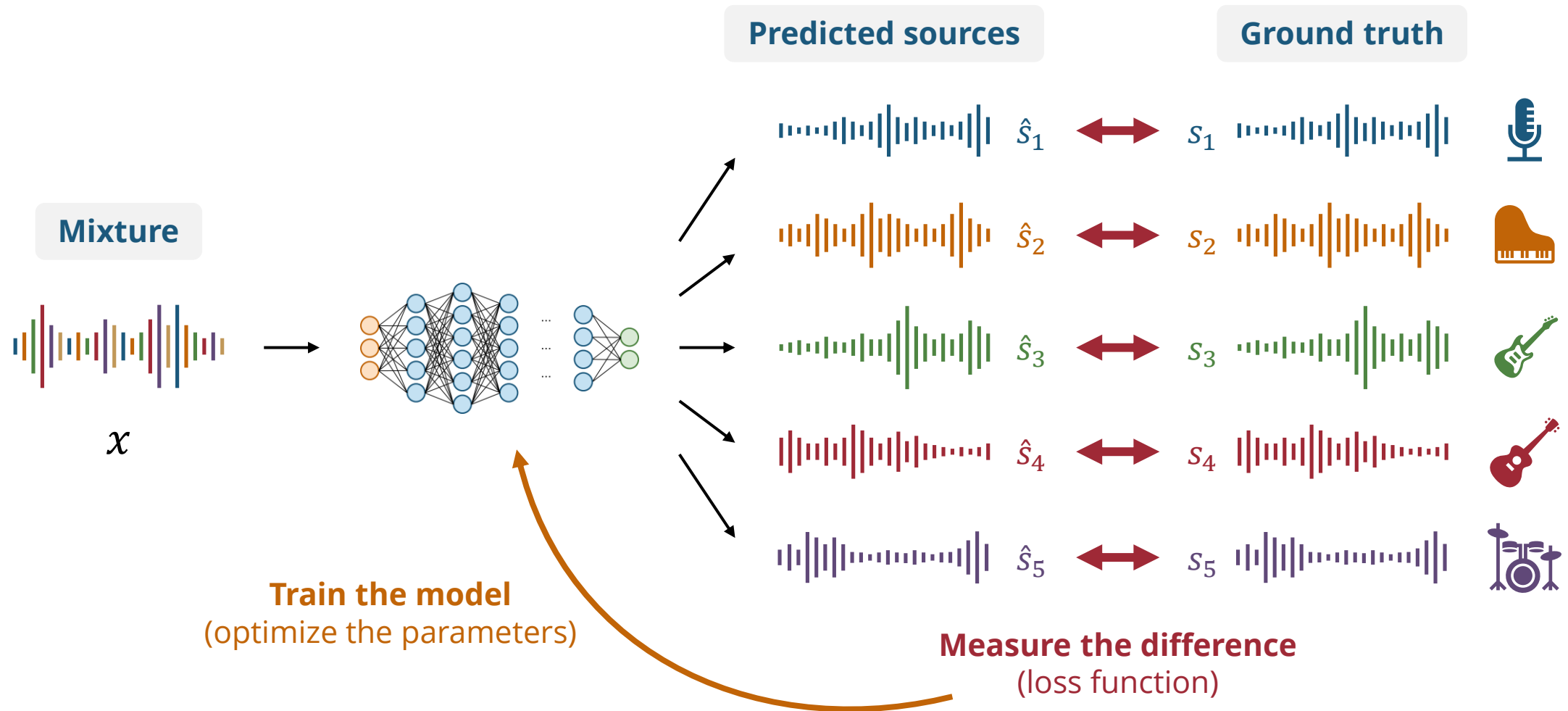
Derry Fitzgerald, "Harmonic/percussive separation using median filtering," *DAFx*, 2010.

Jonathan Driedger, Meinard Müller, Sascha Disch, "Extending Harmonic-Percussive Separation of Audio Signals," *ISMIR*, 2014.

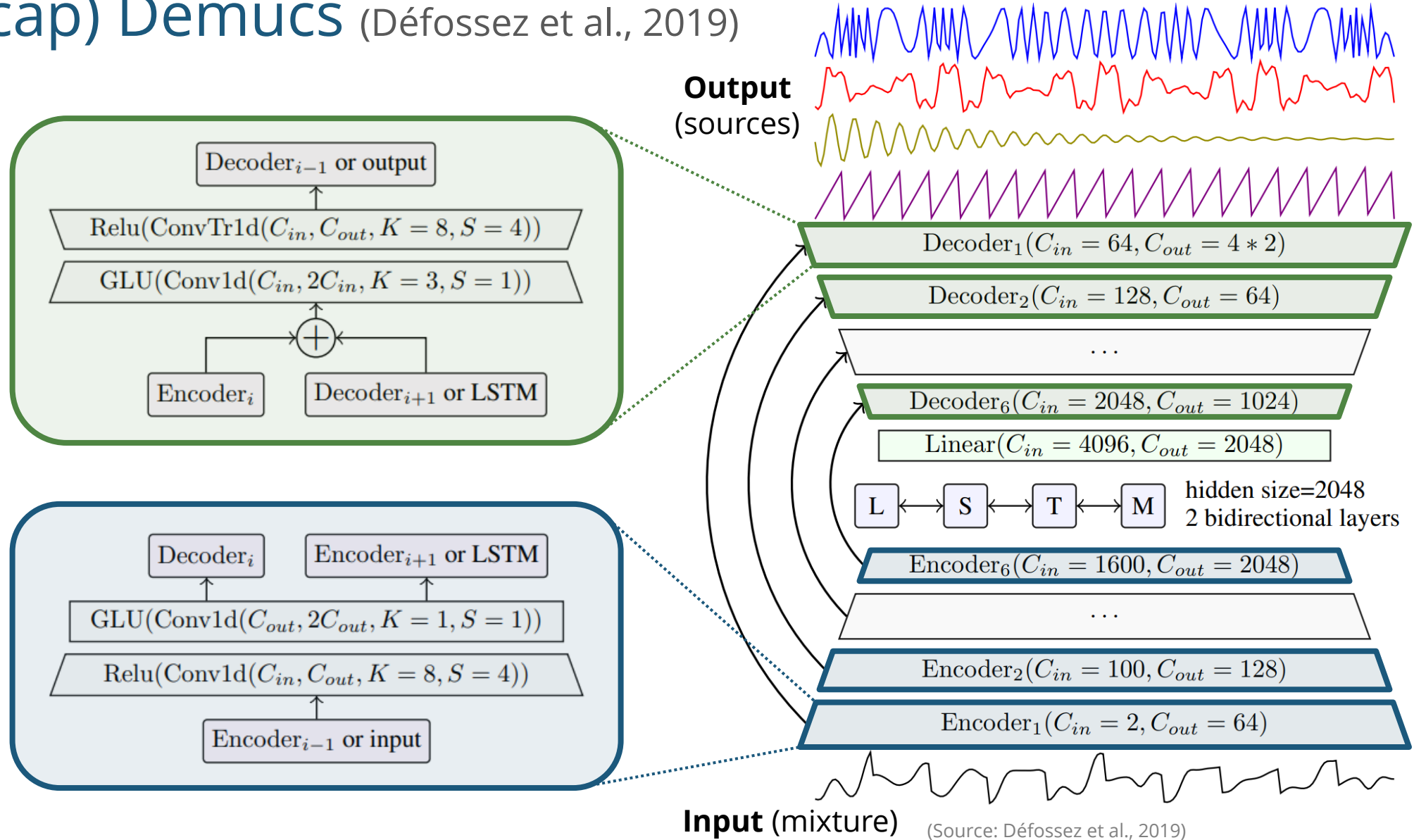
(Recap) Deep Learning Based Source Separation



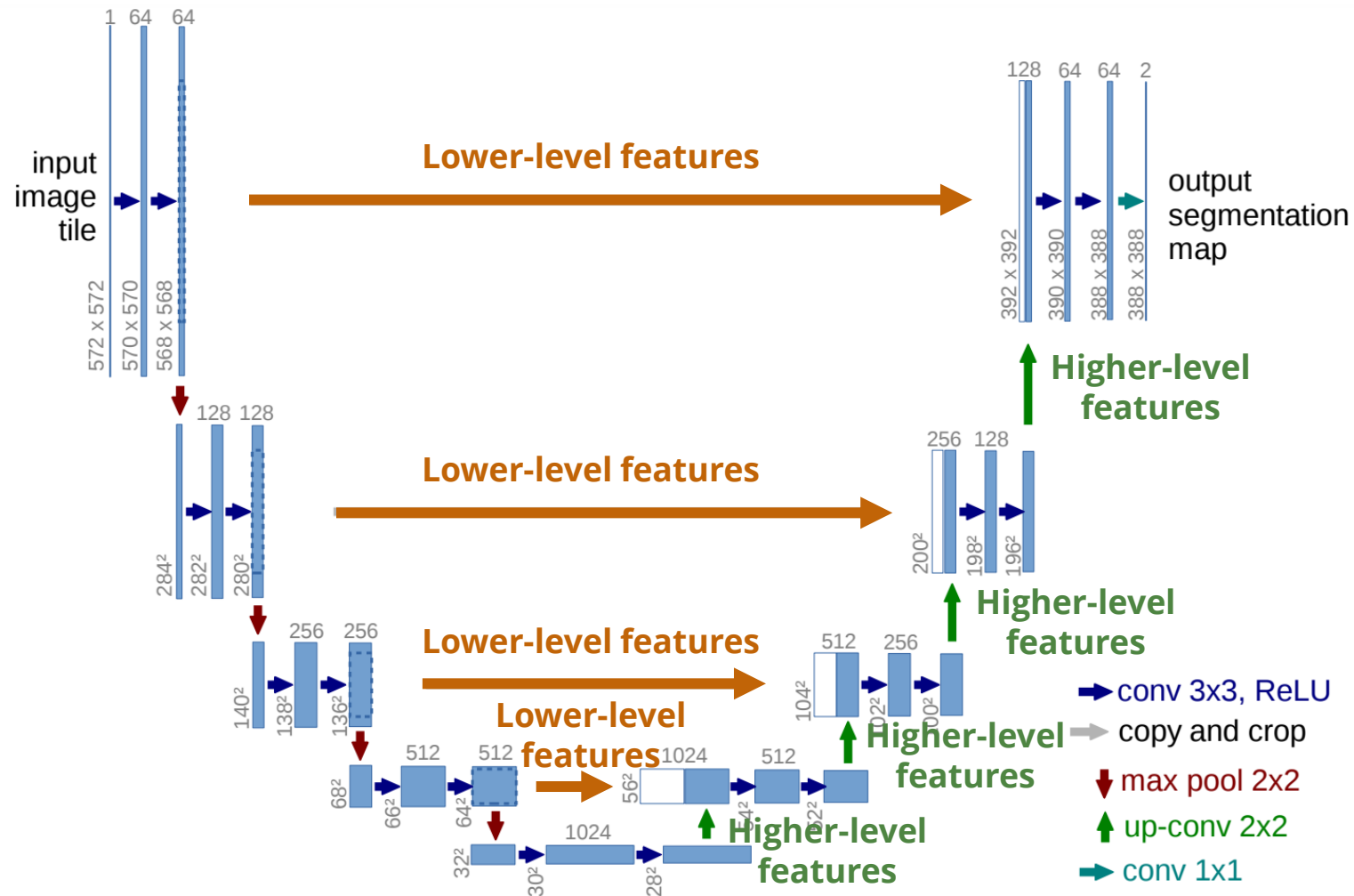
(Recap) Deep Learning Based Source Separation



(Recap) Demucs (Défossez et al., 2019)



(Recap) U-Net (Ronneberger et al., 2015)



(Source: Ronneberger et al., 2015)

Datasets

- [MIR-1K](#)
- [MedleyDB](#)
- [iKala](#)
- [DSD100](#)
- [MUSDB18](#) & [MUSDB18-HQ](#)
- [MoisesDB](#)
- Synthetic: [Slakh2100](#), [SynthSOD](#)

(Recap) Choral Separation (Chen et al., 2022)

Demo

Mixture



Soprano



Alto



Tenor



Bass



Data Augmentation

SoundFont



Standard



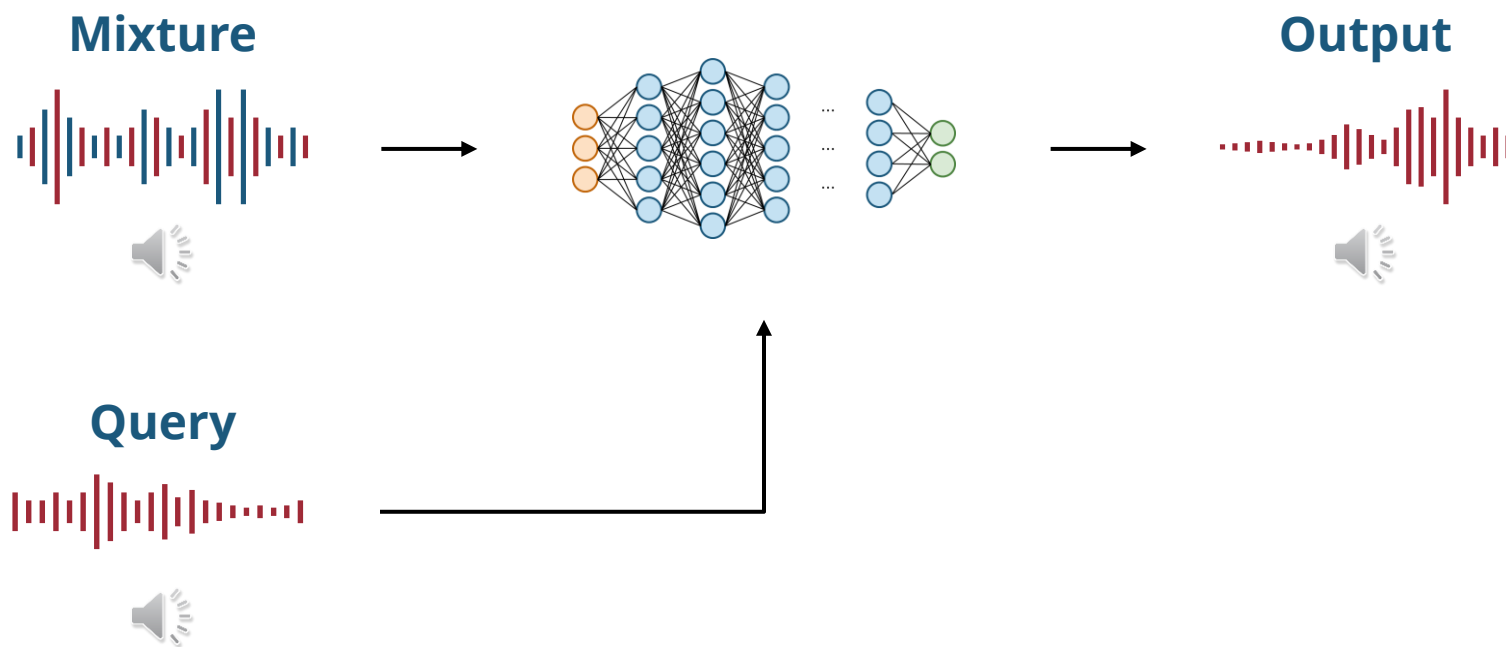
Expressive
(vowels only)



Expressive
(words)



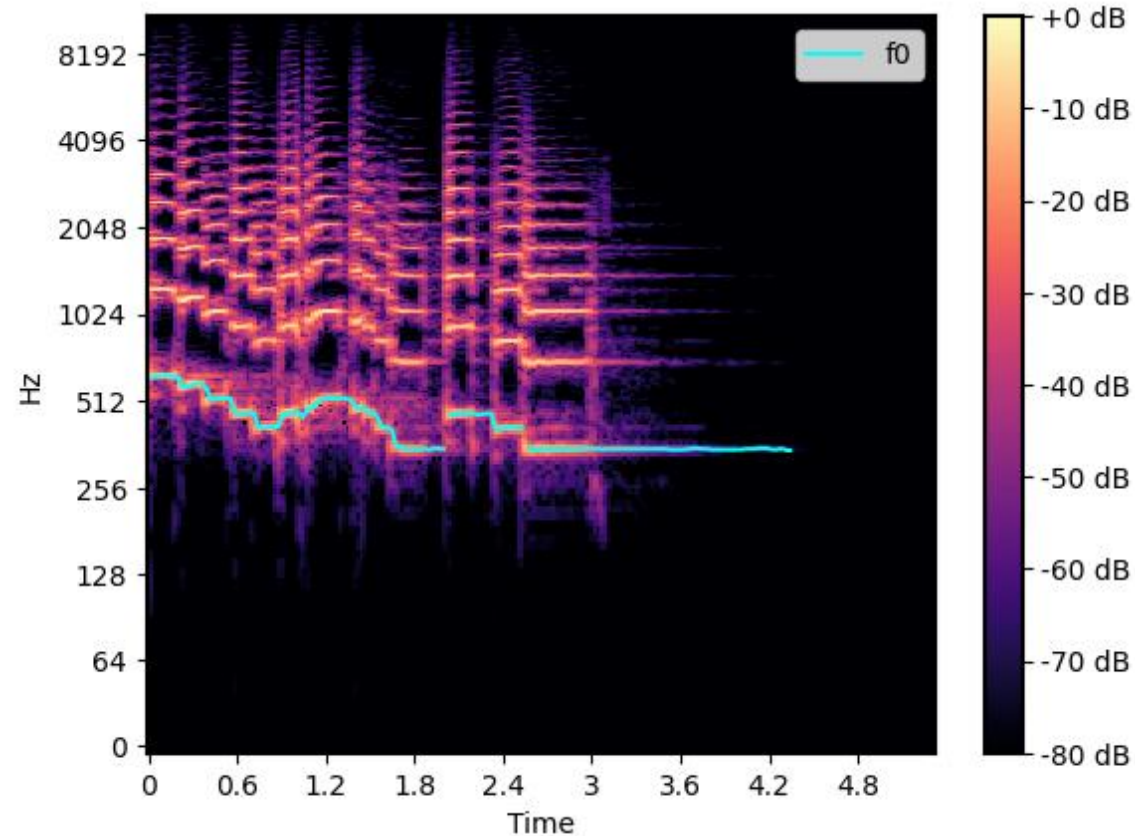
(Recap) Query-by-Audio Source Separation (Chen et al., 2022)



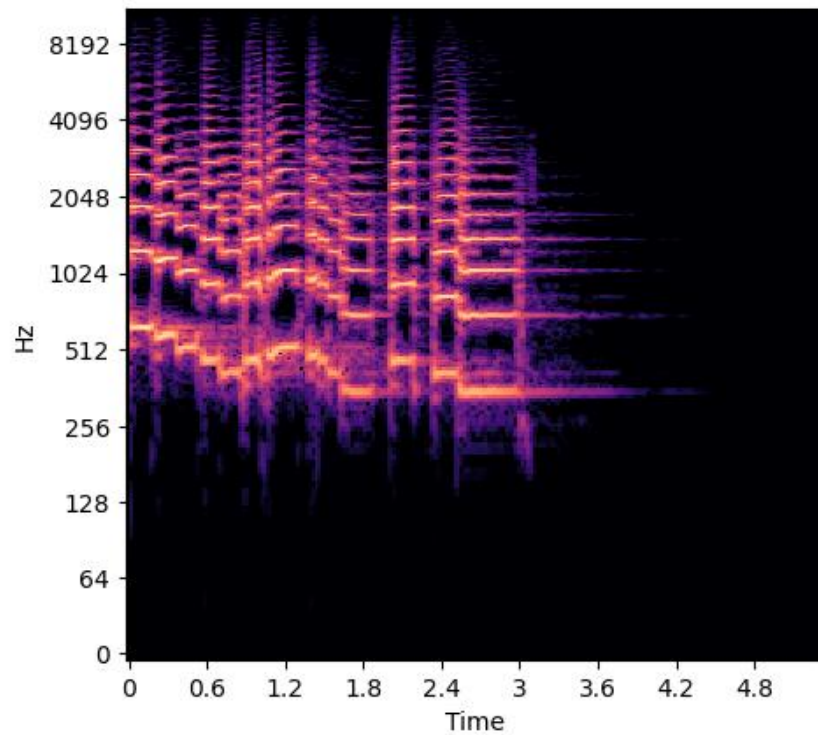
Music Transcription

Fundamental Frequency (F0)

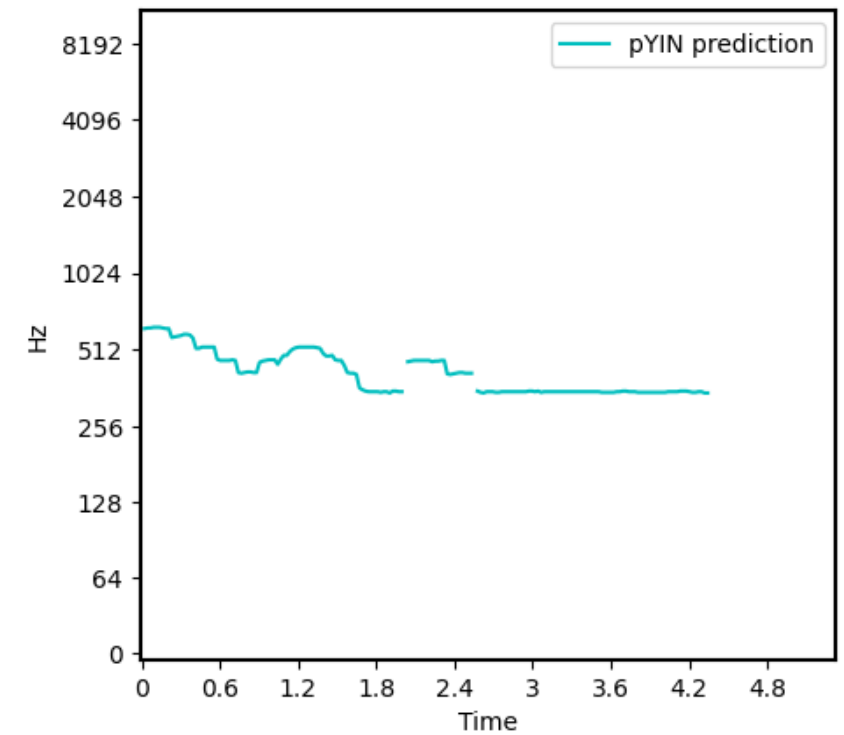
- **Definition:** The **lowest frequency component** of a waveform



Fundamental Frequency (F0) Estimation



→ **F0 Estimation** →



Auto-tune Artist



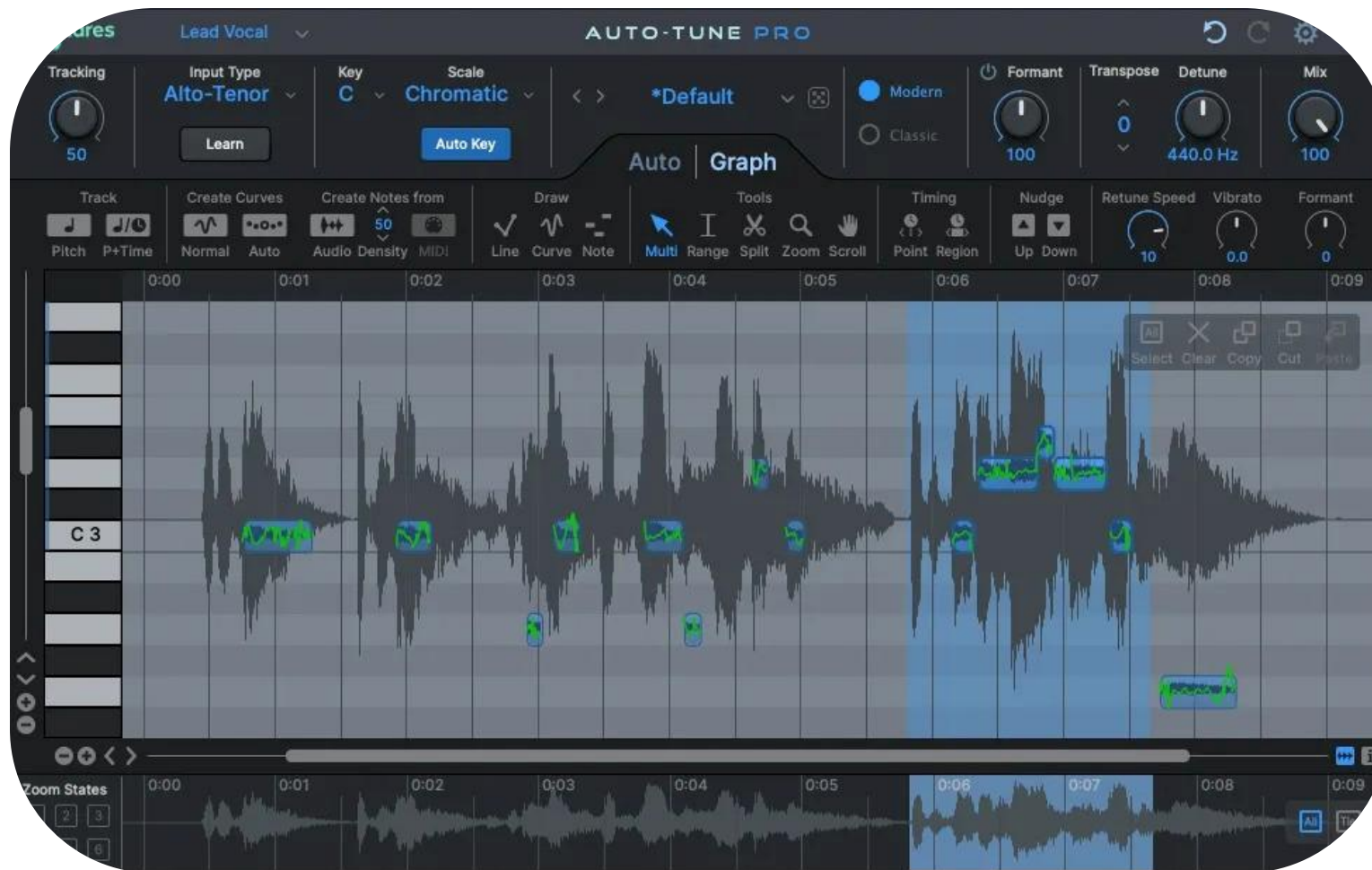
(Source: Antares Audio Technologies)

Auto-tune



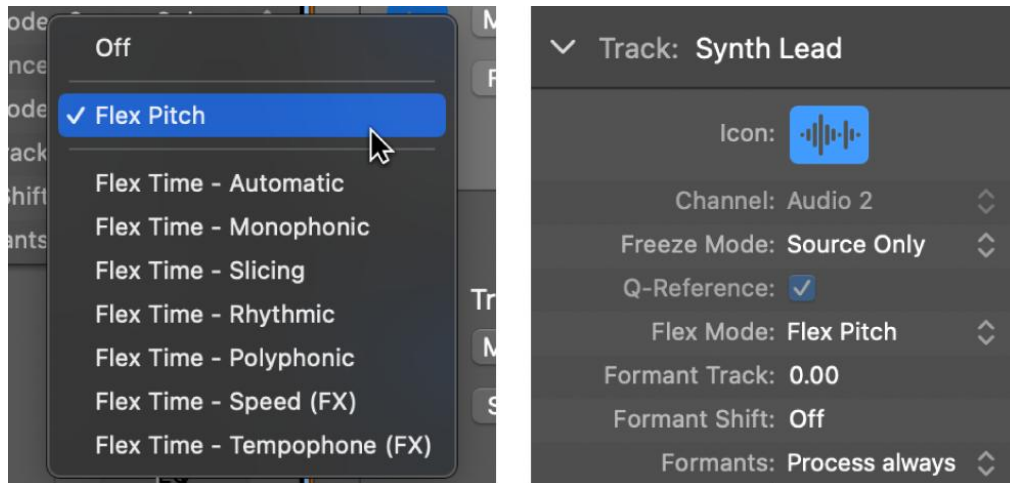
[youtube.com/shorts/
Kg8OSbKRETA](https://www.youtube.com/shorts/Kg8OSbKRETA)

Auto-tune Pro

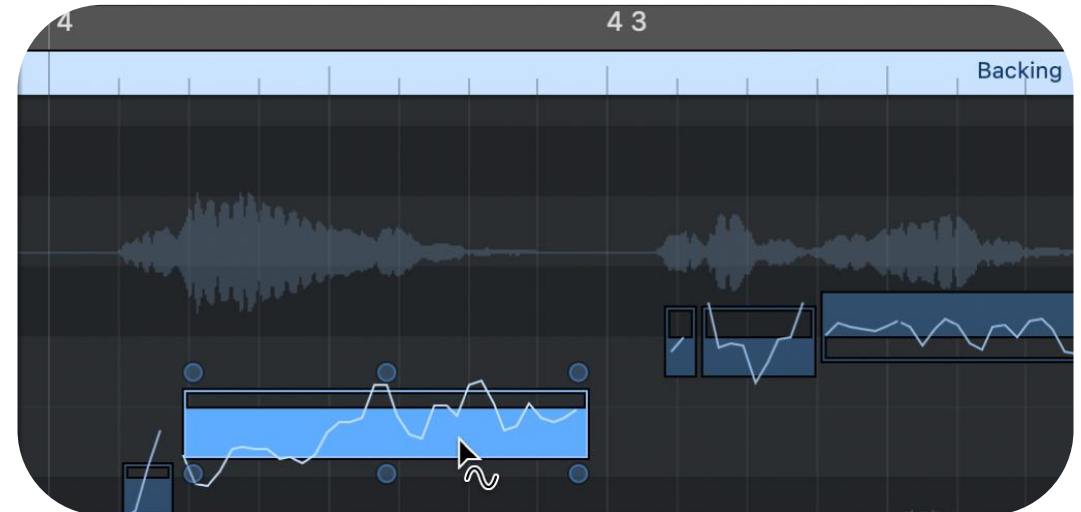


(Source: Antares Audio Technologies)

Pitch Correction in Logic Pro



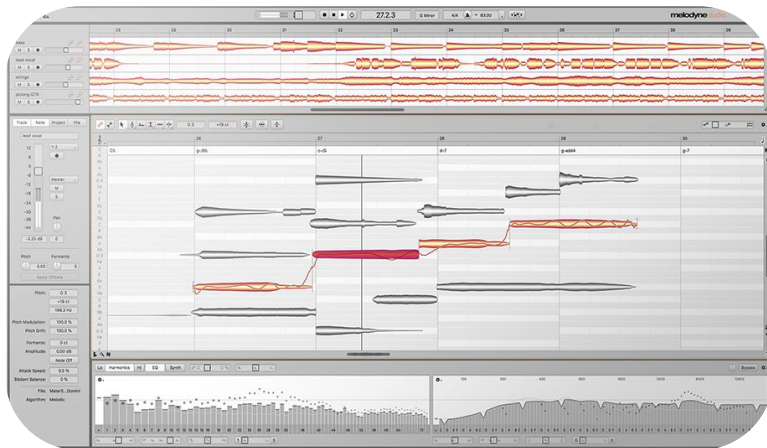
(Source: Logic Pro User Guide)



(Source: Logic Pro User Guide)

Other Auto-tune & Pitch Correction Tools

Melodyne



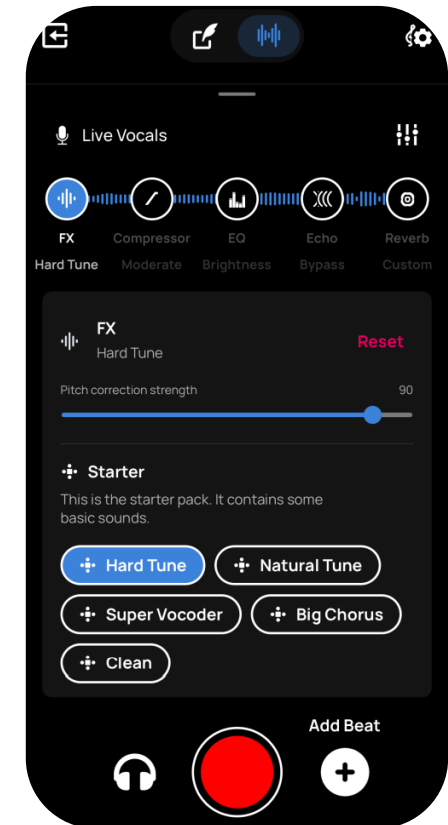
(Source: Celemony)

iZotope Nectar



(Source: iZotope Team)

Voloco



(Source: Voloco User Manual)

celemony.com/en/melodyne/what-is-melodyne

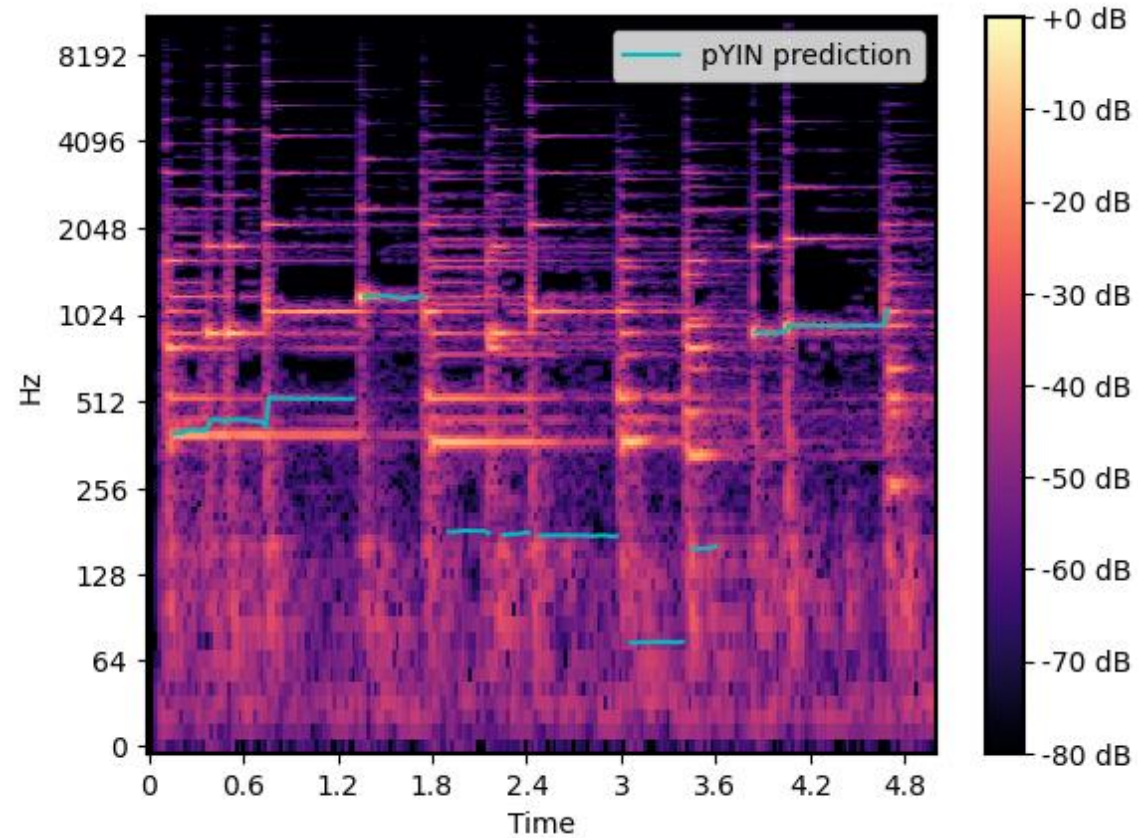
izotope.com/en/learn/why-upgrade-to-nectar-4.html

resonantcavity.com/assets/docs/voloco-user-manual.pdf

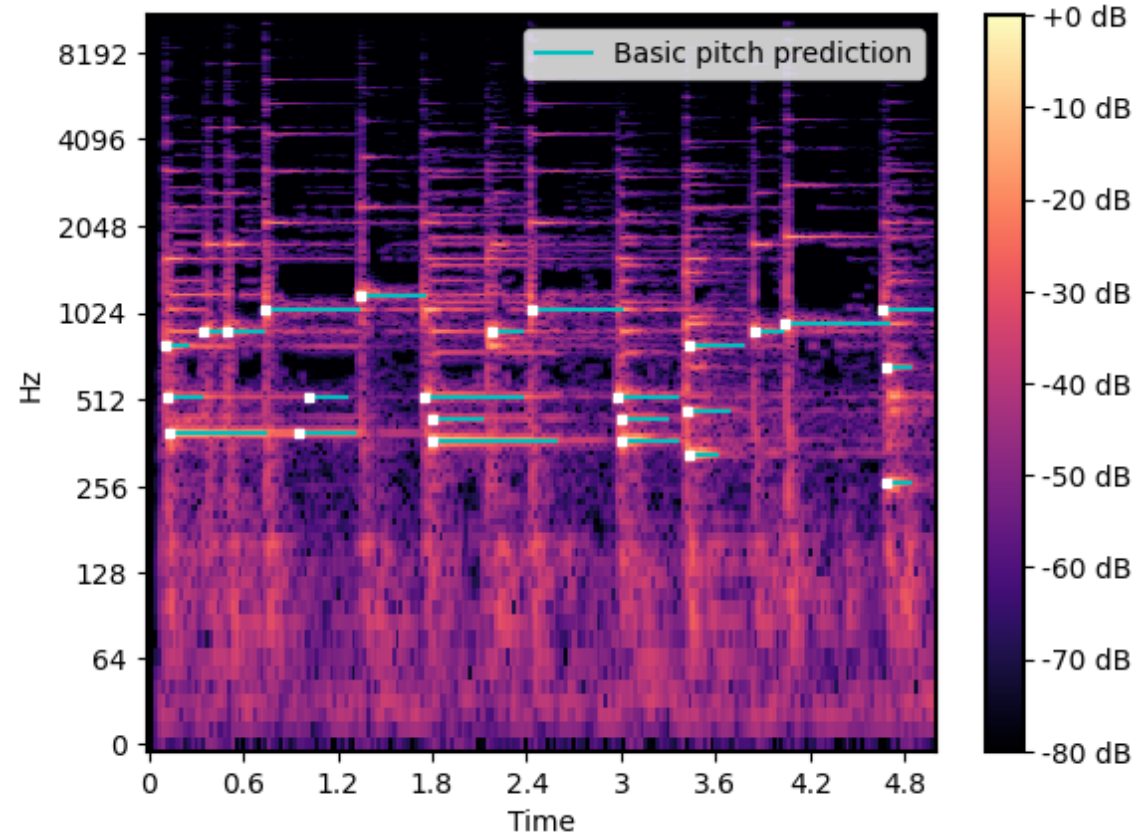
F0 Estimation Models

- **pYIN** (de Cheveigné et al., 2002)
 - `librosa.pyin`
- **CREPE** (Kim et al., 2018)
 - github.com/marl/crepe
- **PESTO** (Riou et al., 2023)
 - github.com/SonyCSLParis/pesto

Polyphonic F0 Estimation



Polyphonic F0 Estimation



basicpitch.spotify.com

Polyphonic F0 Estimation Models

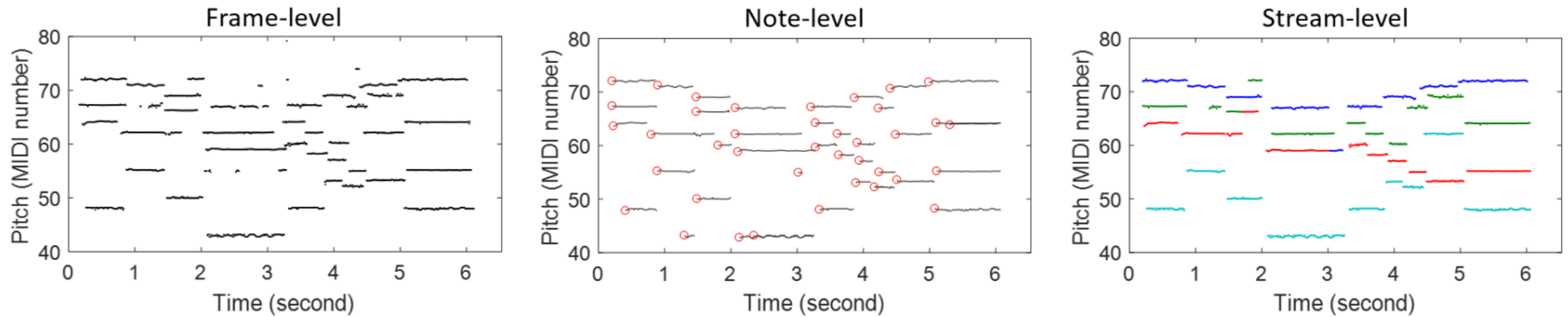
- **Deep Salience** (Bittner et al., 2017)
 - github.com/rabitt/ismir2017-deepsalience
- **Onset and Frames** (Hawthorne et al., 2018)
 - Piano only
 - github.com/jongwook/onsets-and-frames
- **Basic Pitch** (Bittner et al., 2022)
 - github.com/spotify/basic-pitch
 - basicpitch.spotify.com

Rachel M. Bittner, Brian McFee, Justin Salamon, Peter Li, and Juan P. Bello, "[Deep Salience Representations for F0 Estimation in Polyphonic Music](#)," *ISMIR*, 2017.

Curtis Hawthorne, Erich Elsen, Jialin Song, Adam Roberts, Ian Simon, Colin Raffel, Jesse Engel, Sageev Oore, and Douglas Eck, "[Onsets and Frames: Dual-Objective Piano Transcription](#)," *ISMIR*, 2018.

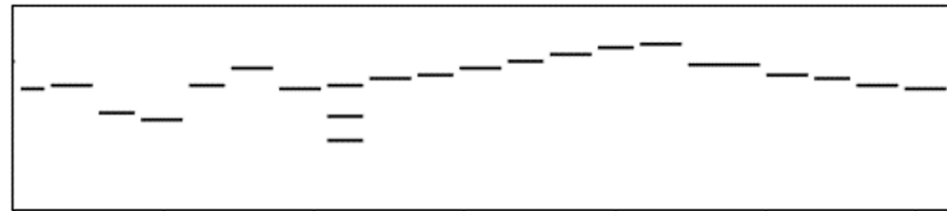
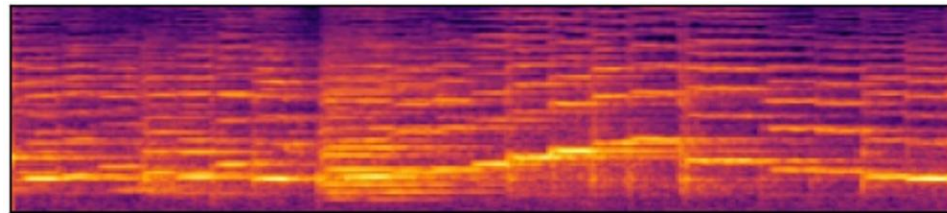
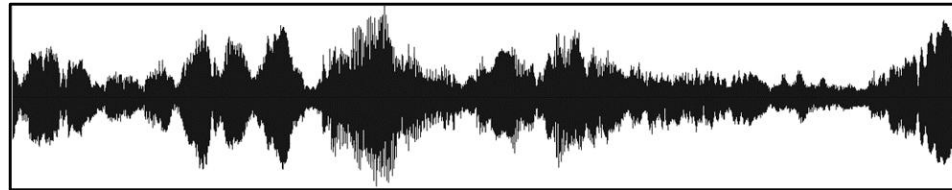
Rachel M. Bittner, Juan José Bosch, David Rubinstein, Gabriel Meseguer-Brocal, and Sebastian Ewert, "[A Lightweight Instrument-Agnostic Model for Polyphonic Note Transcription and Multipitch Estimation](#)," *ICASSP*, 2022.

F0 Estimation vs Music Transcription



(Source: Benetos et al., 2019)

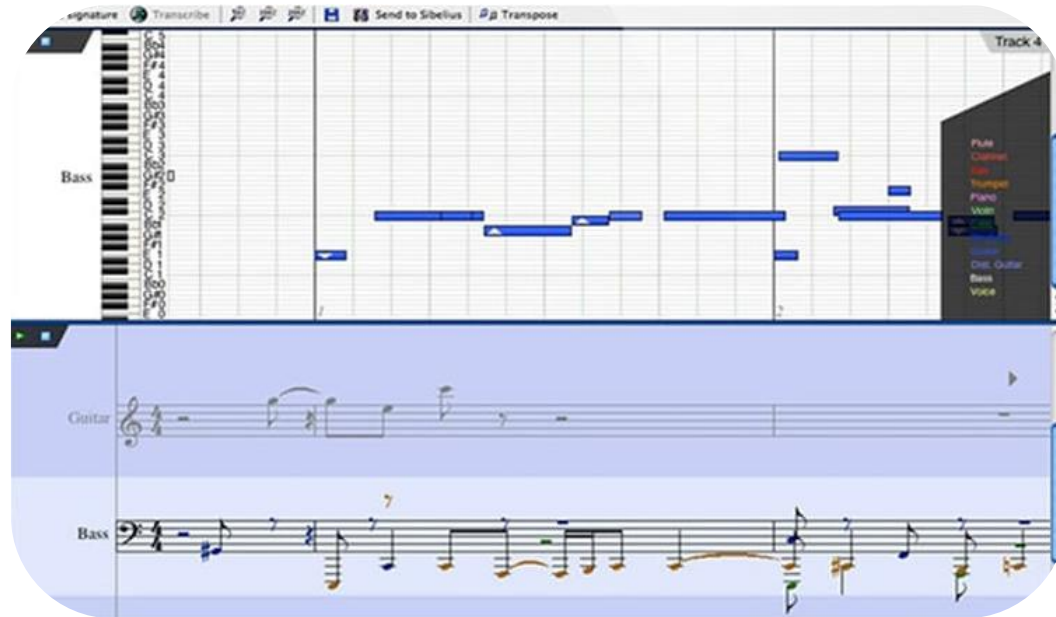
Music Transcription



(Source: Dong et al., 2022)

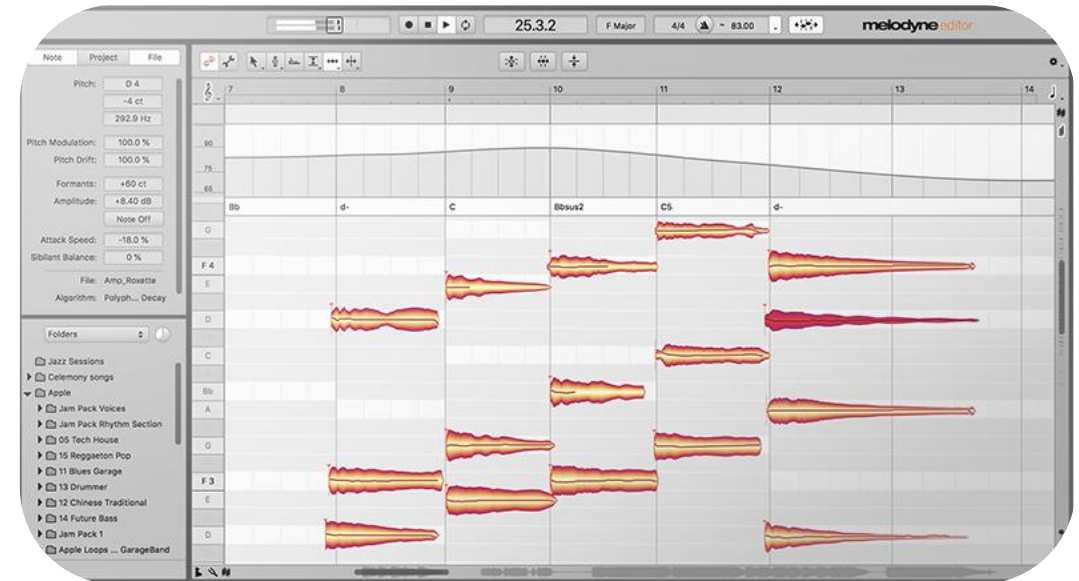
Commercial Music Transcription Software

AudioScore in Sibelius



(Source: Avid)

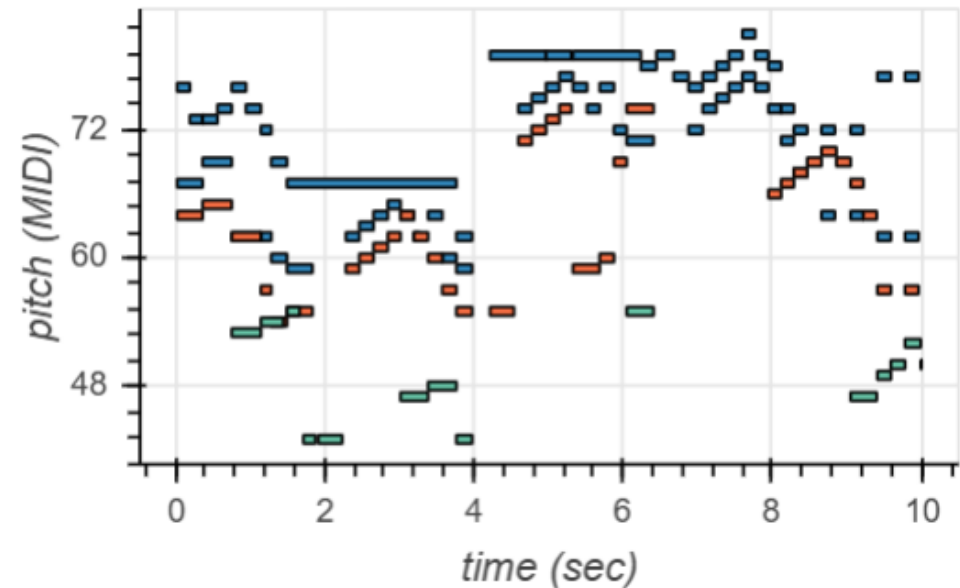
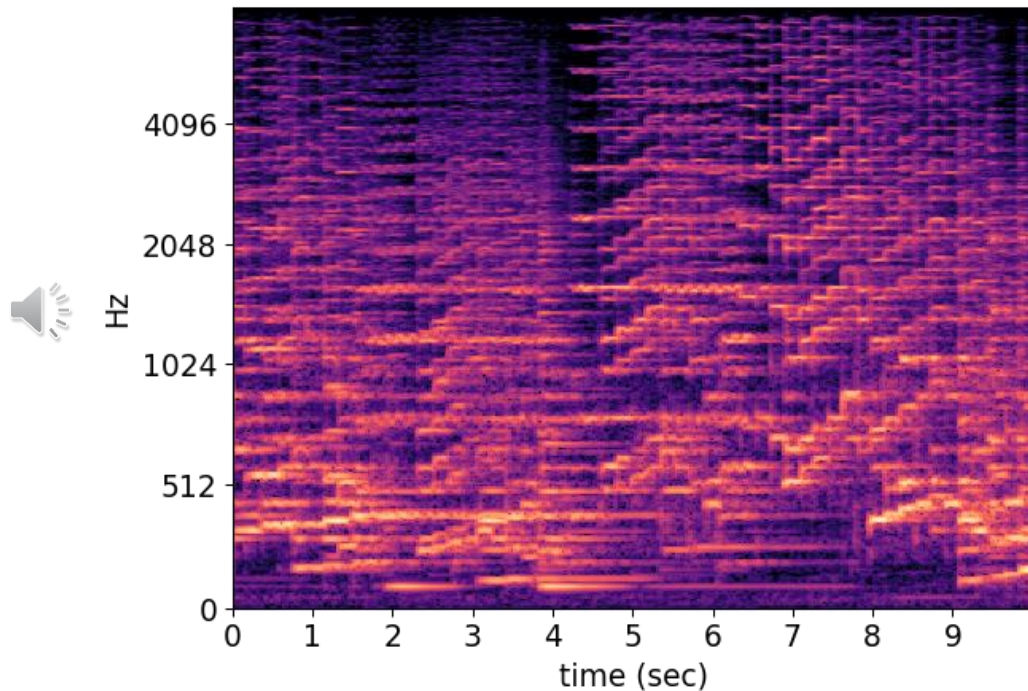
Melodyne Editor



(Source: Celemony)

Multitrack Transcription Models

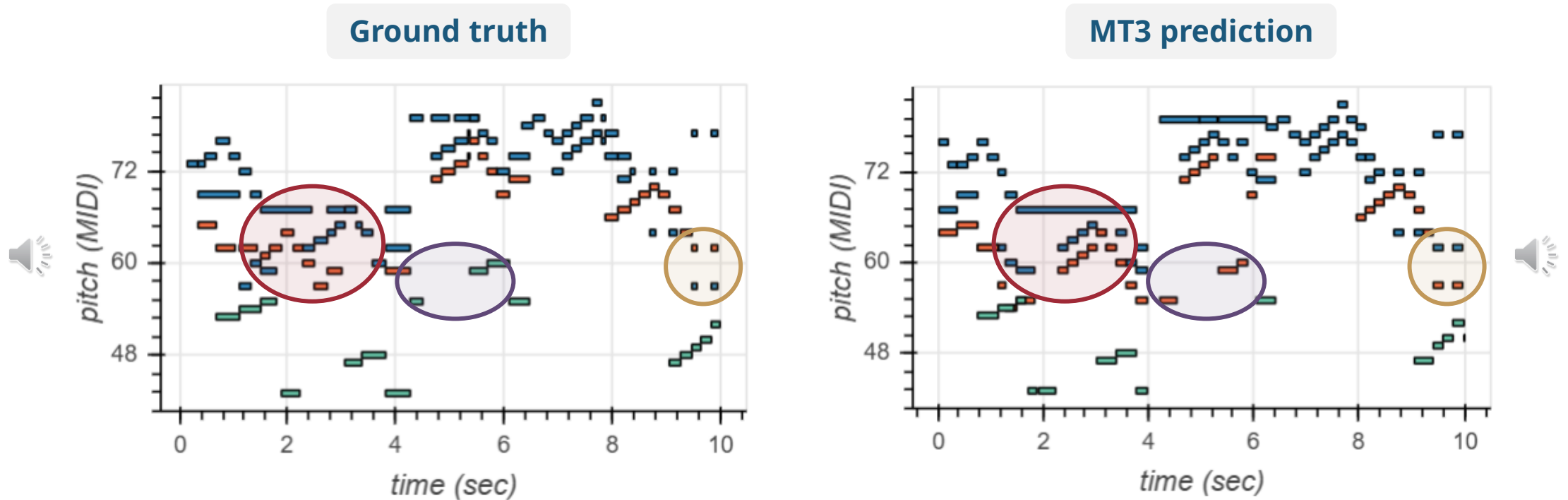
- **MT3** (Gardner et al., 2022)
 - github.com/magenta/mt3



(Source: Gardner et al., 2022)

Multitrack Transcription Models

- **MT3** (Gardner et al., 2022)
 - github.com/magenta/mt3



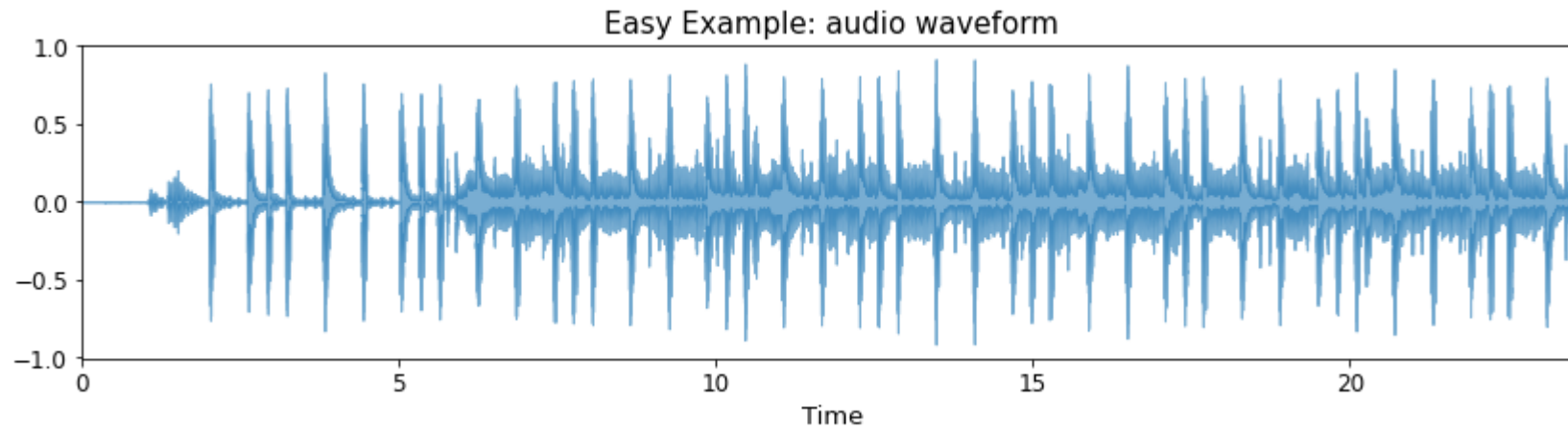
(Source: Gardner et al., 2022)

Resources

- Rachel Bittner, Mark Cartwright, and Ethan Manilow, “Programming MIR Baselines from Scratch: Three Case Studies,” *Tutorials of ISMIR*, 2021.
 - Part 1: [Transcription with NMF](#) (Ethan Manilow)
 - Part 2: [Pitch Tracking with pytorch](#) (Rachel Bittner)
 - Part 3: [Instrument Classification with OpenL3 & Tensorflow](#) (Mark Cartwright)
- Rachel Bittner, Alain de Cheveigné, and Johana Devaney, “Fundamental Frequency Estimation in Music,” *Tutorials of ISMIR*, 2018.
 - Part 1: [Pitch](#) (Alain de Cheveigné)
 - Part 2: [Polyphonic fundamental frequency estimation](#) (Rachel Bittner)
 - Part 3: [Applications](#) (Johana Devaney)

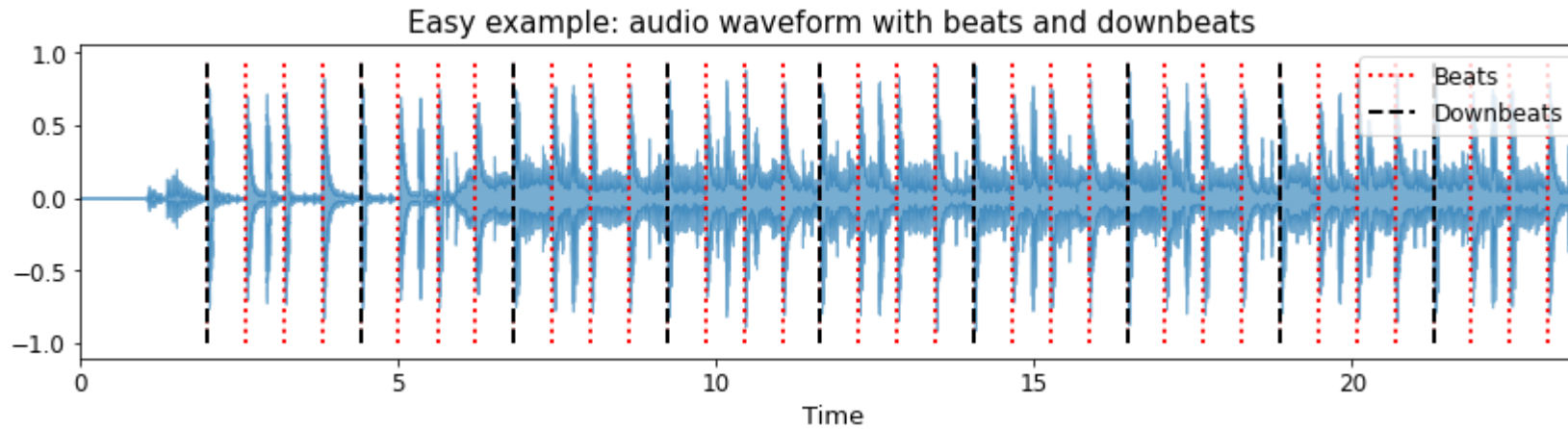
Rhythm Analysis

Beat & Downbeat Estimation



(Source: Davies et al., 2021)

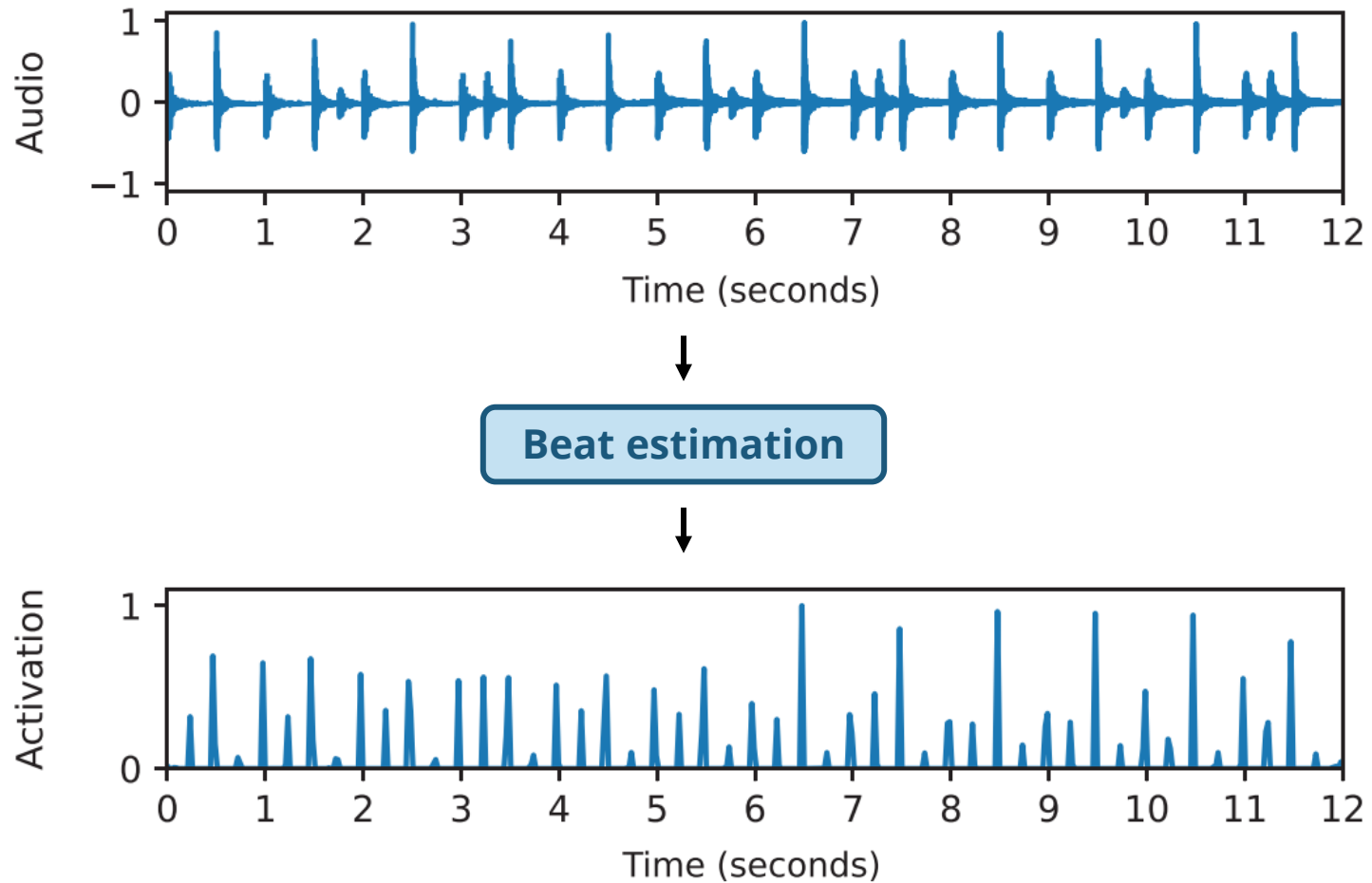
Beat & Downbeat Estimation



tatum
beat
downbeat

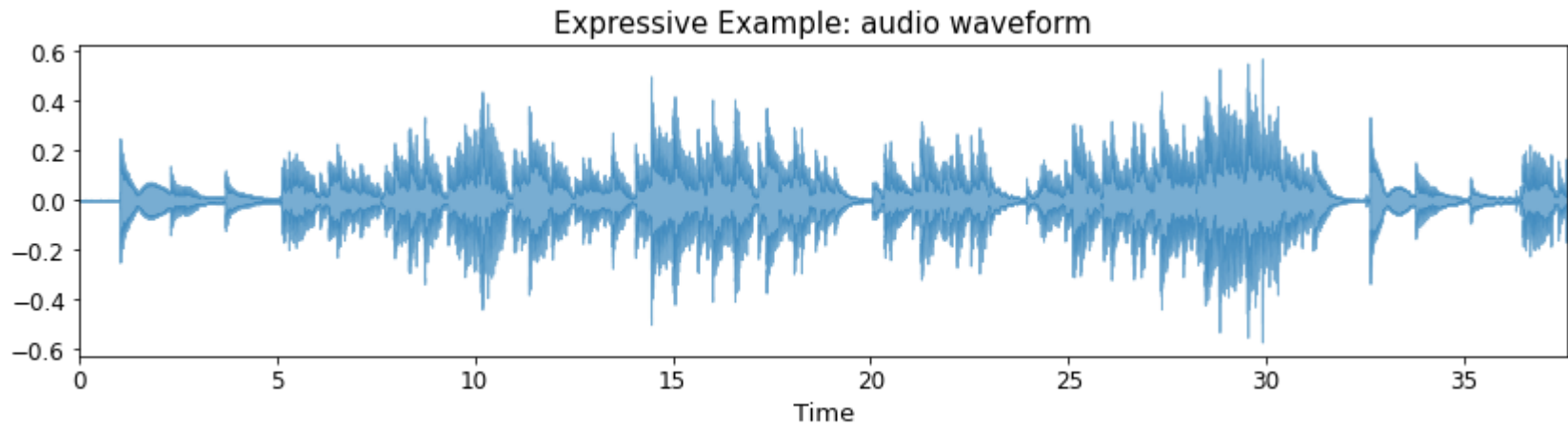
(Source: Davies et al., 2021)

Beat & Downbeat Estimation



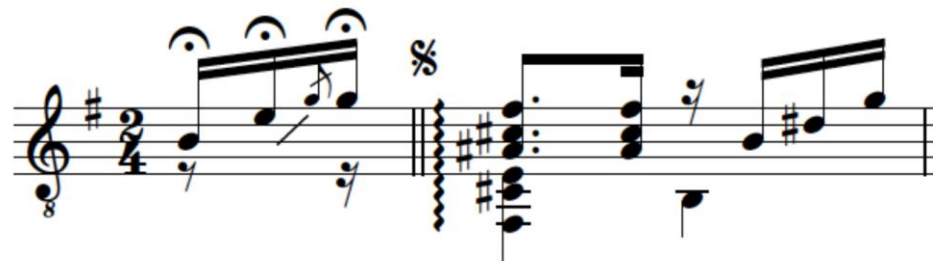
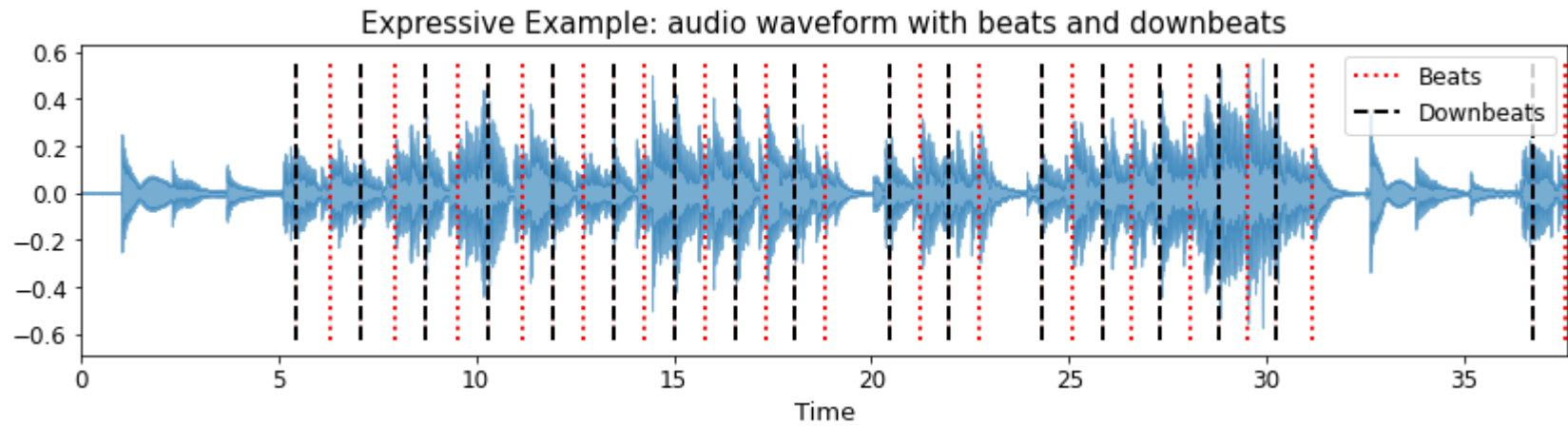
(Source: Meier et al., 2024)

Beat & Downbeat Estimation



(Source: Davies et al., 2021)

Beat & Downbeat Estimation



(Source: Davies et al., 2021)

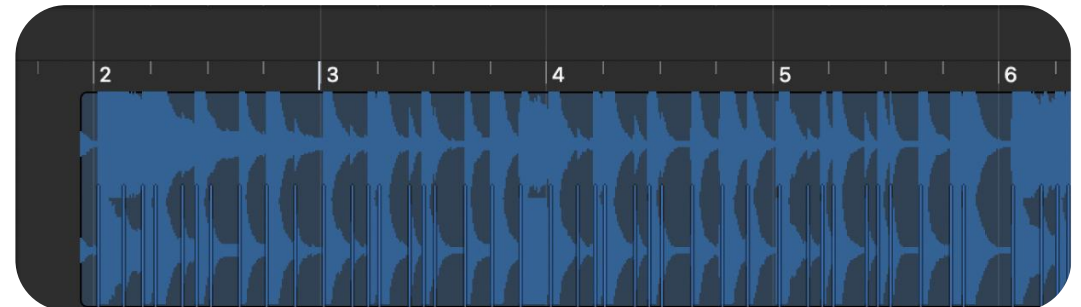
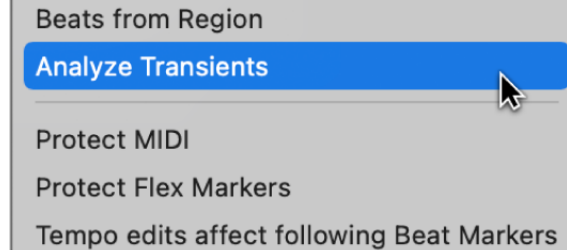
Beat Tracking in Pro Tools & Logic Pro

Beat Detective in Pro Tools



(Source: Logic Pro User Guide)

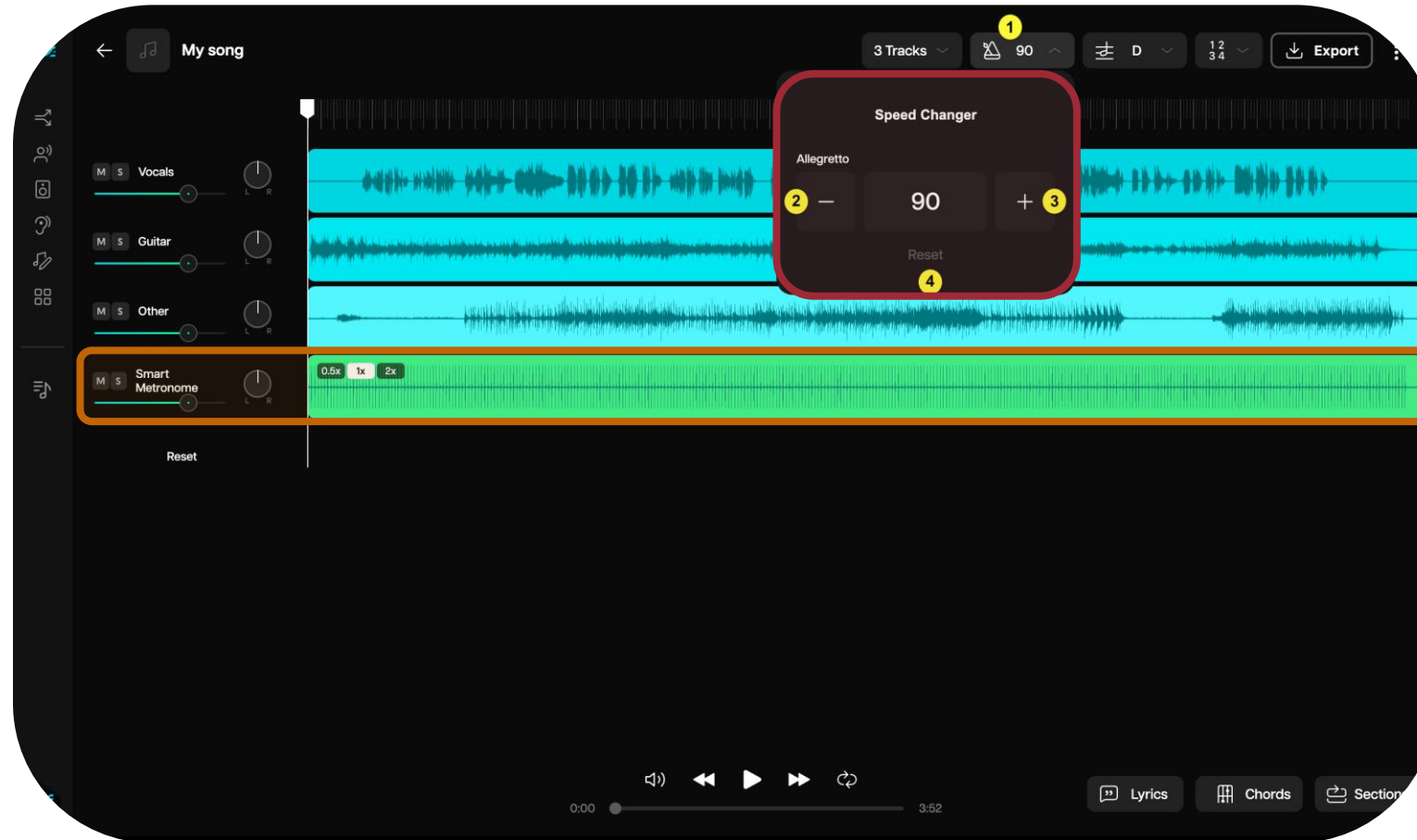
Beat Mapping in Logic Pro



(Source: Logic Pro User Guide)

Tempo Estimation & Beat Tracking in Moises

Tempo estimation



Beat tracking

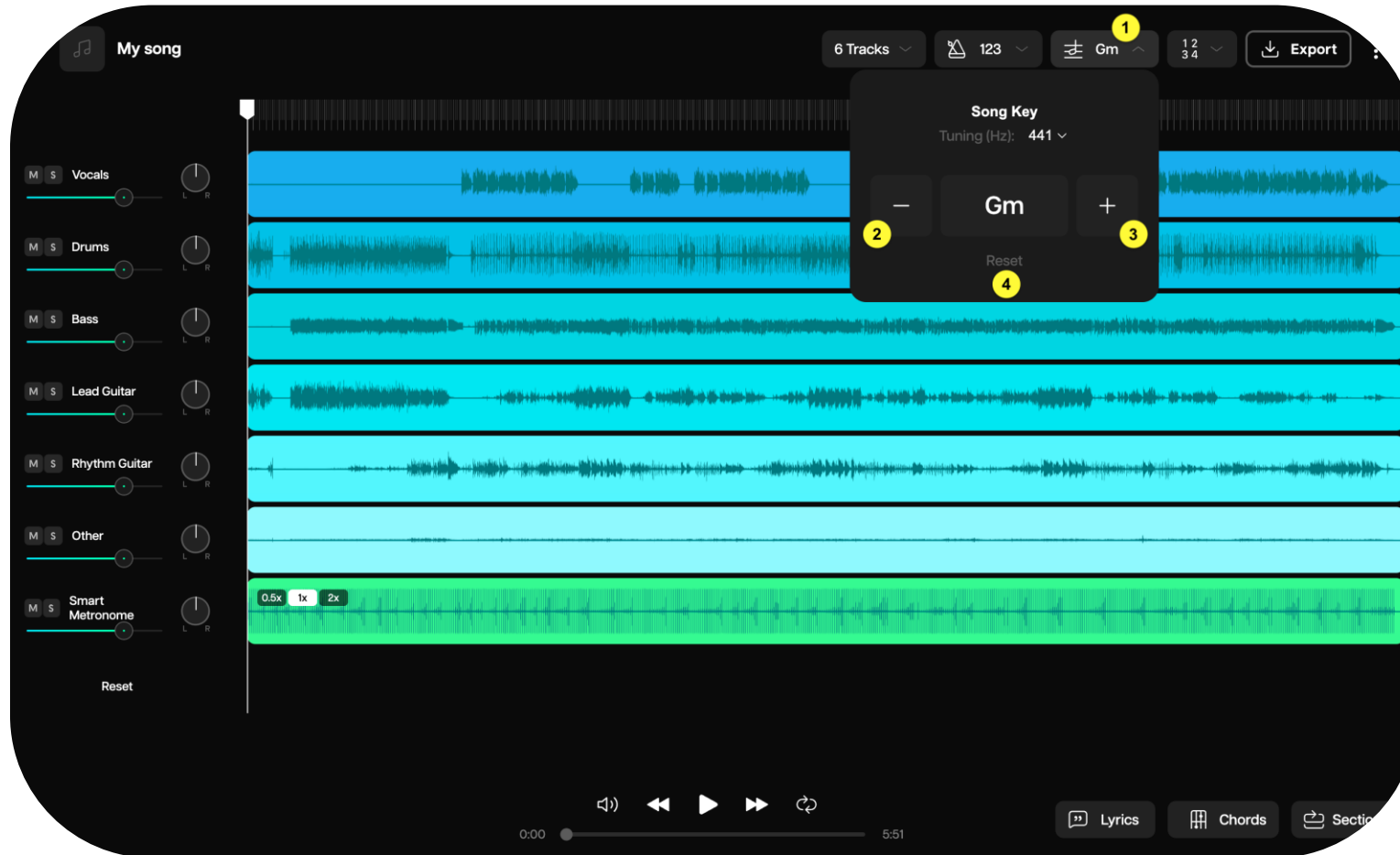
(Source: Moises)

Resources on Rhythm Analysis

- Matthew E. P. Davies, Sebastian Böck, and Magdalena Fuentes, "[Tempo, Beat and Downbeat Estimation](#)," *Tutorials of ISMIR*, 2021.
- Hendrik Schreiber, Julián Urbano, and Meinard Müller, "[Music Tempo Estimation: Are We Done Yet?](#)," *TISMIR*, 3(1):111-125, 2020.

Other Music Analysis

Key Detection in Moises



(Source: Moises)

Chord Detection



[youtube.com/shorts/
_N3b_GARMfA](https://youtube.com/shorts/N3b_GARMfA)

Structure Analysis

Music segmentation

The musical score is divided into segments labeled A1 through D. The segments are: A1 (first system), A2 (second system), B1 and B2 (third system), C (fourth system), A3 (fifth system), B3 and B4 (sixth system), and D (seventh system). The score includes dynamic markings like *f*, *ff*, *p*, *sf*, *f marc.*, *p poco rit.*, *in tempo*, *sf*, *p poco ritard.*, *p legg.*, *p poco ritard.*, *p in tempo*, *poco ritard.*, *in tempo*, *p*, *p poco ritard.*, *ff marcato*, *p poco ritard.*, *in tempo*, and *ff*.

Figure 4.5 following [Müller, FMP, Springer 2015]

(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

Hierarchical music segmentation

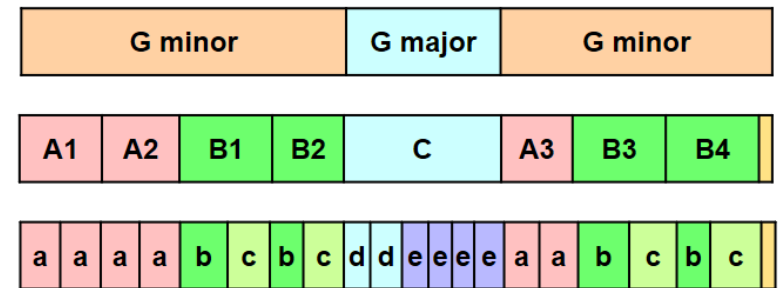
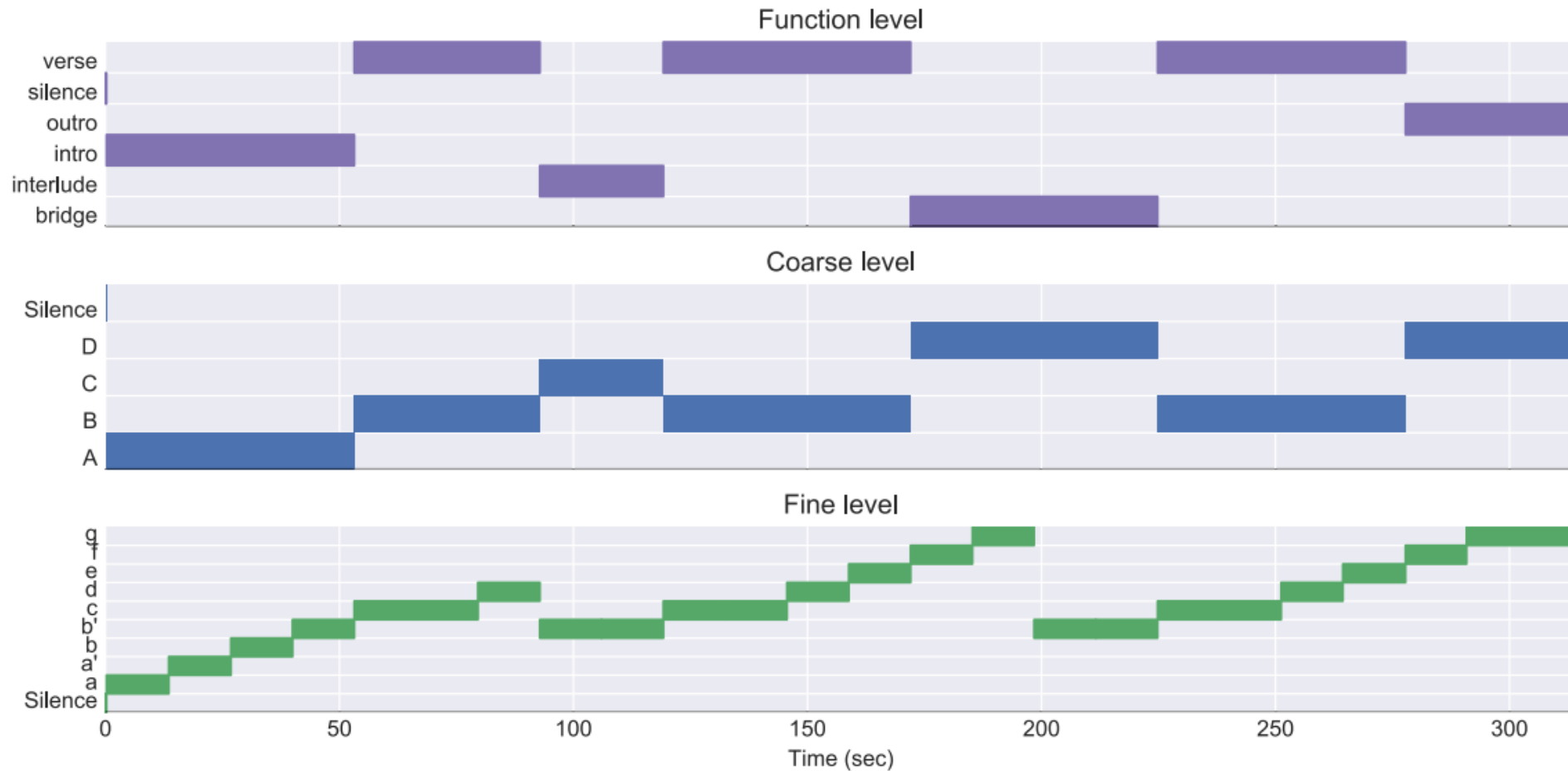


Figure 4.28 from [Müller, FMP, Springer 2015]

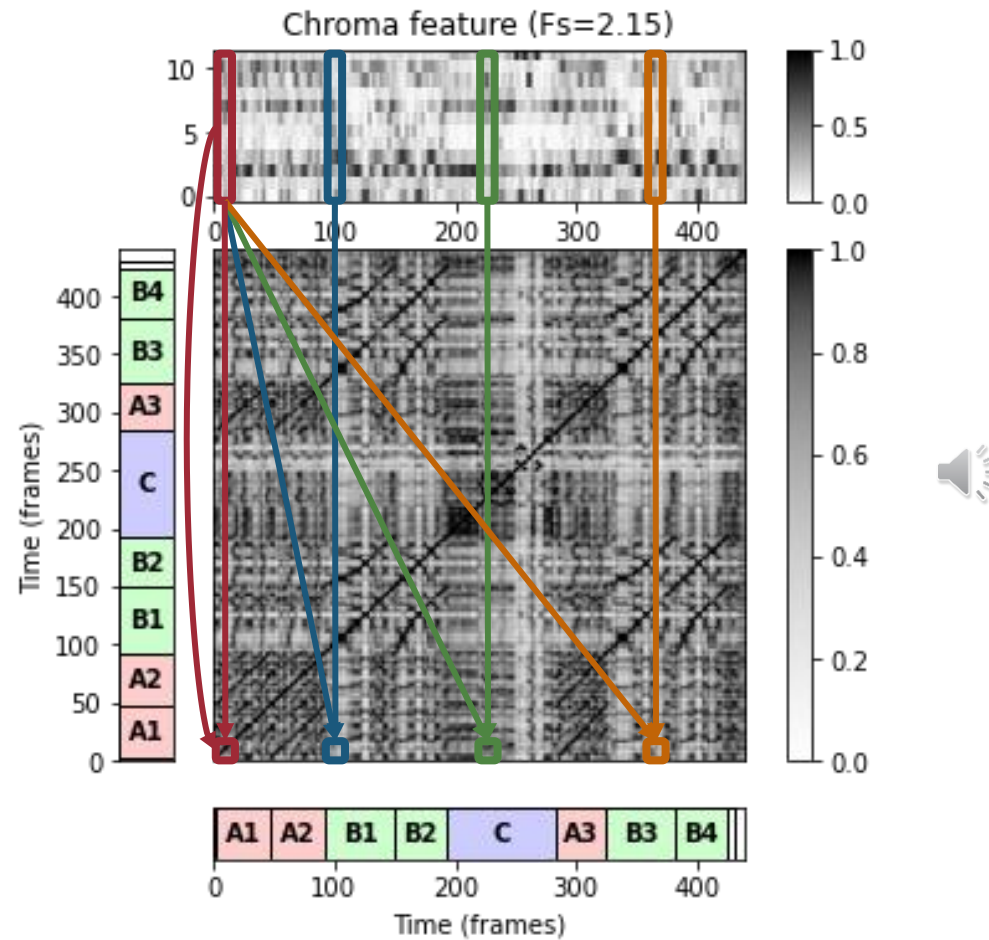
(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

Hierarchical Music Segmentation



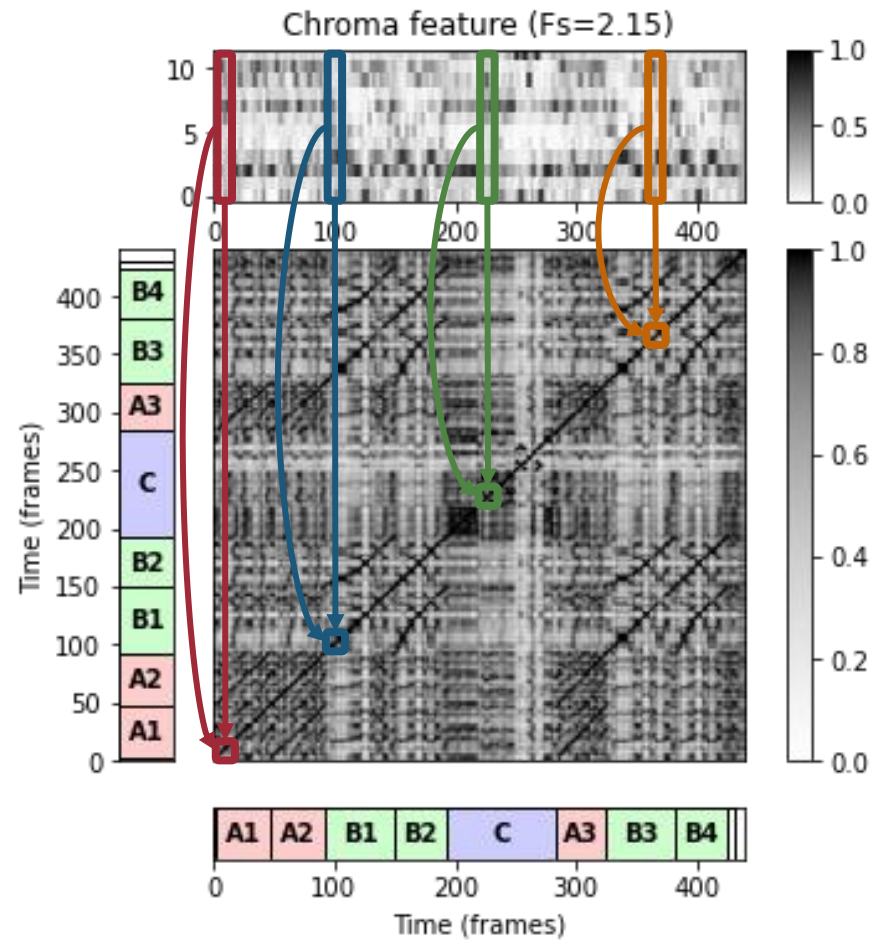
(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

Self-Similarity Matrices (SSMs)



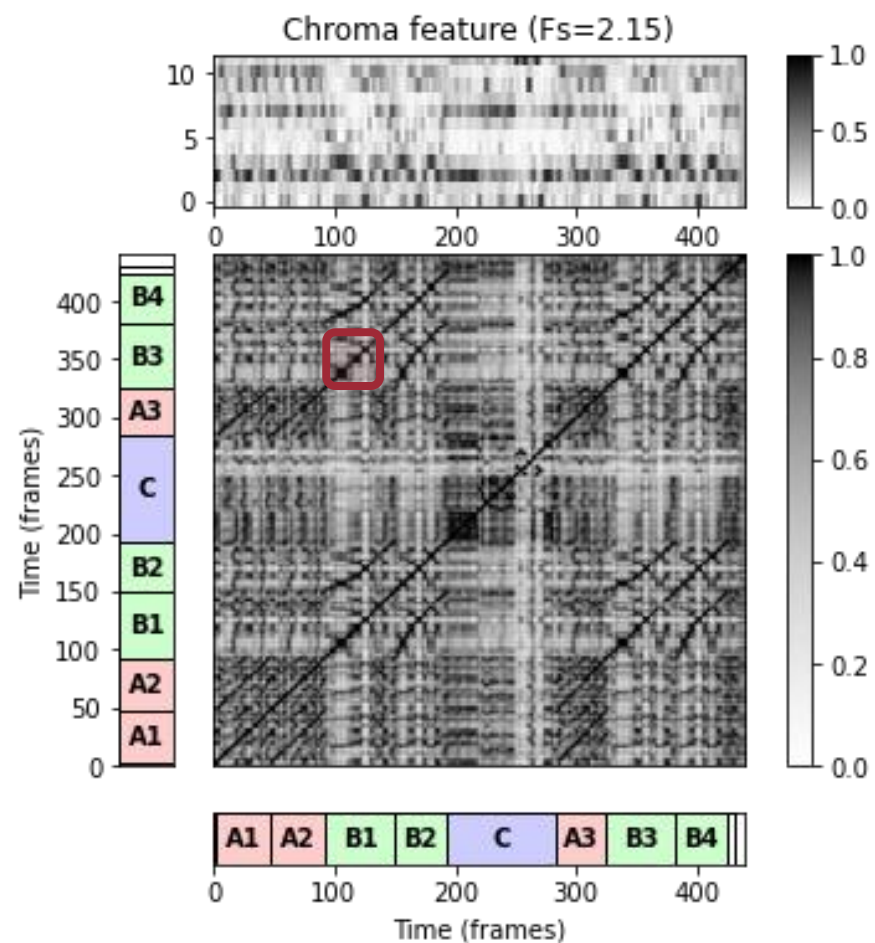
(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

Self-Similarity Matrices (SSMs)



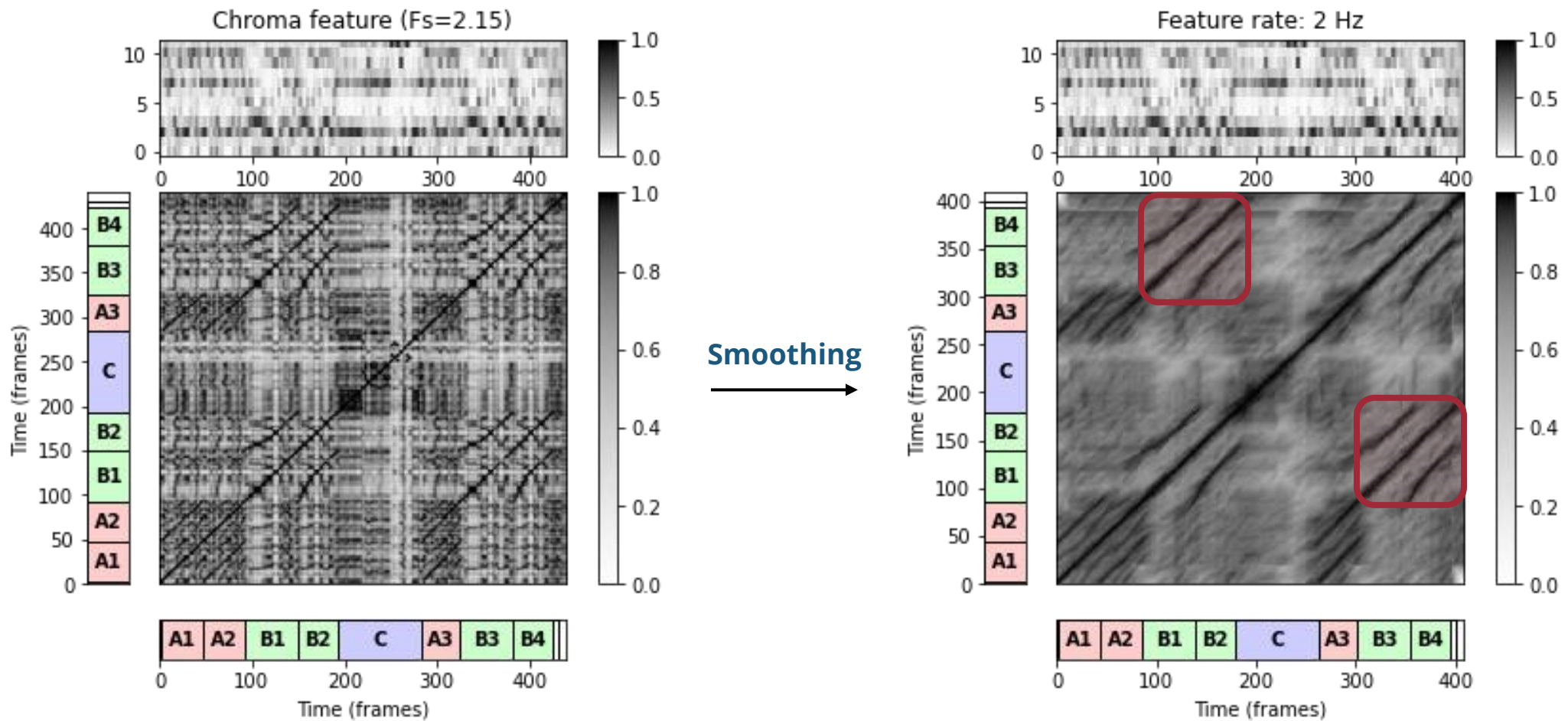
(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

Self-Similarity Matrices (SSMs)



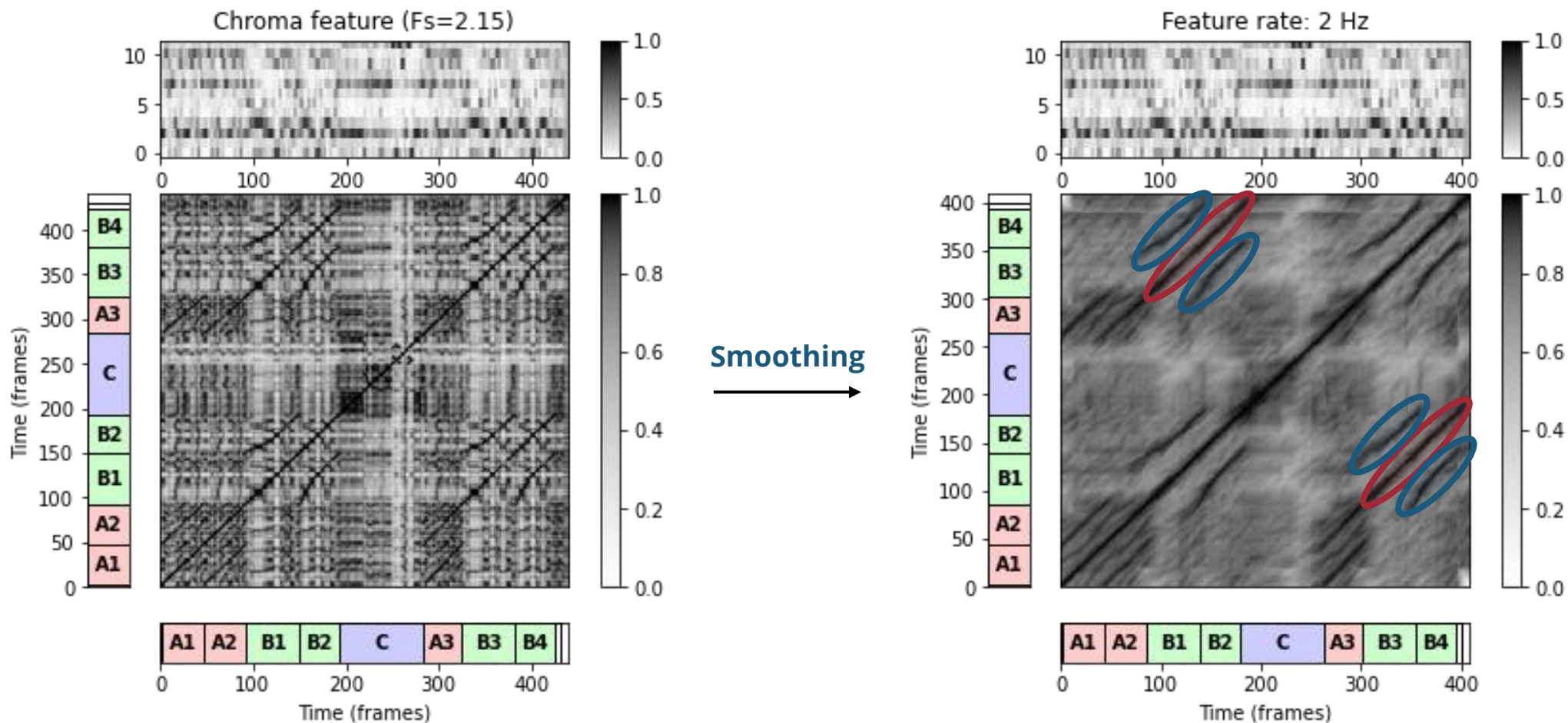
(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

Self-Similarity Matrices (SSMs)



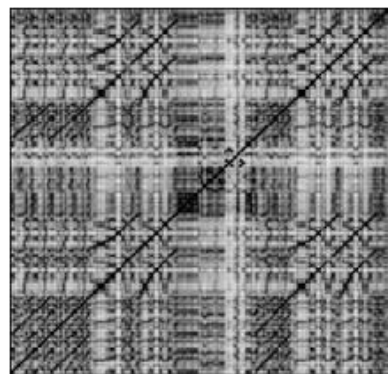
(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

Self-Similarity Matrices (SSMs)

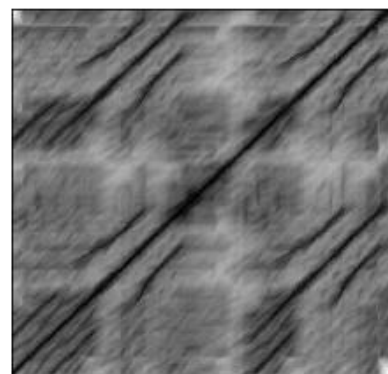


(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

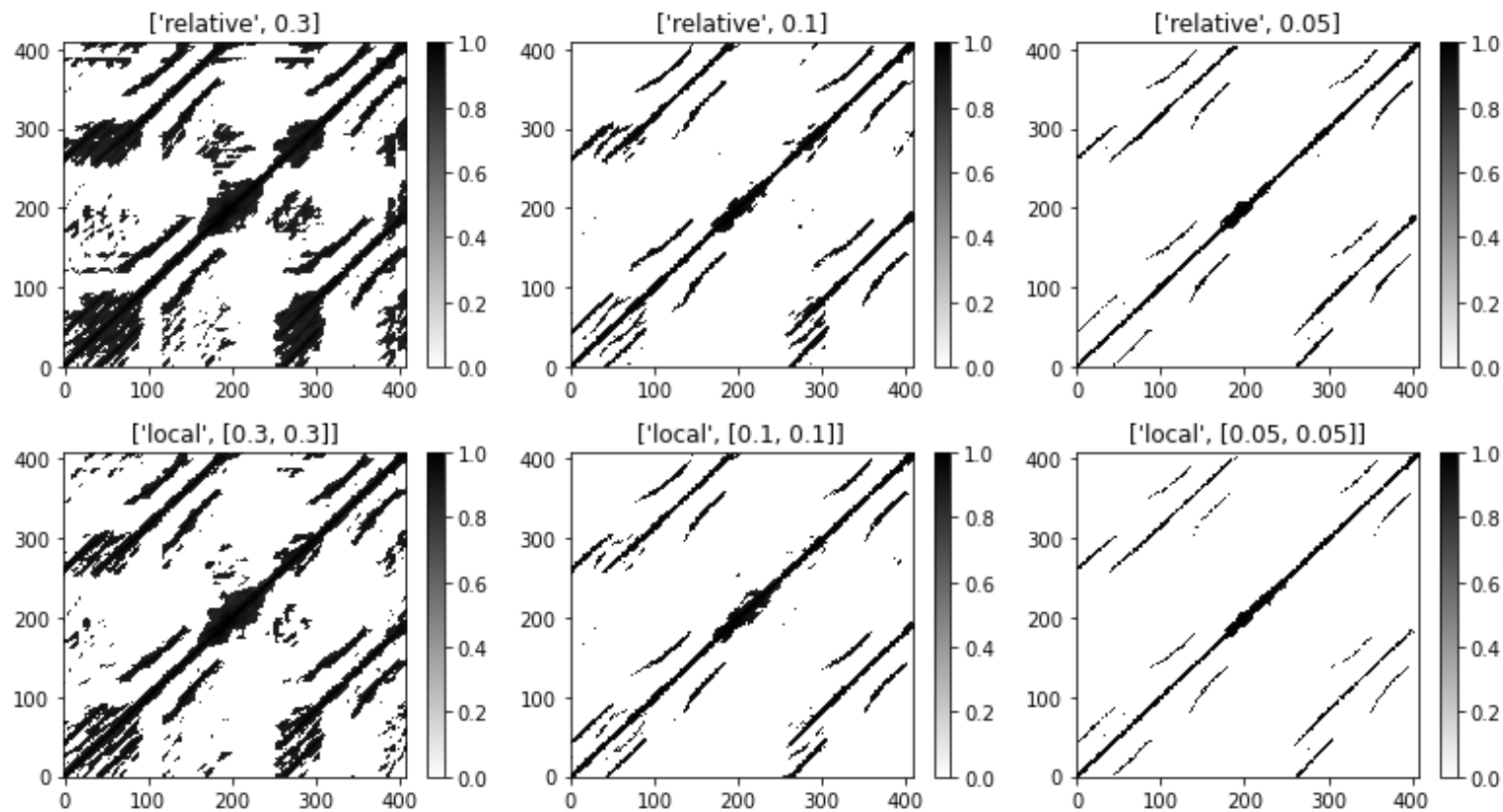
Self-Similarity Matrices (SSMs)



Smoothing

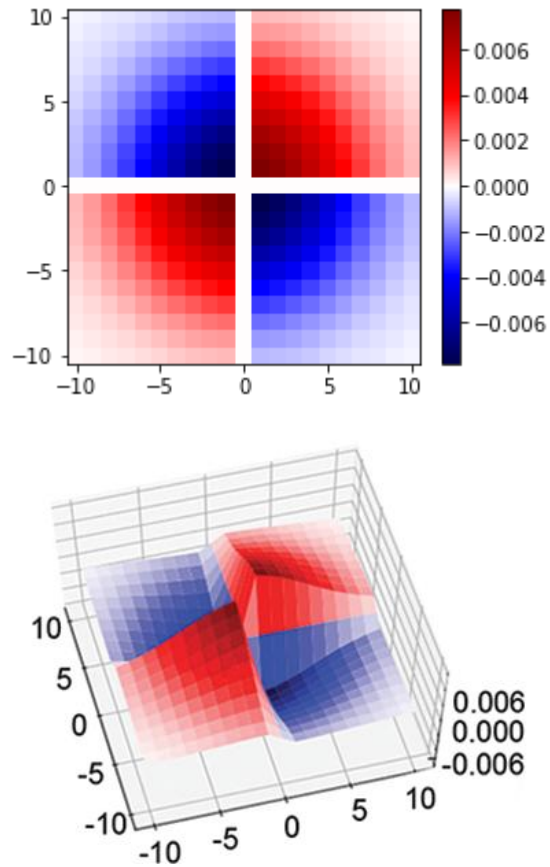


Thresholding



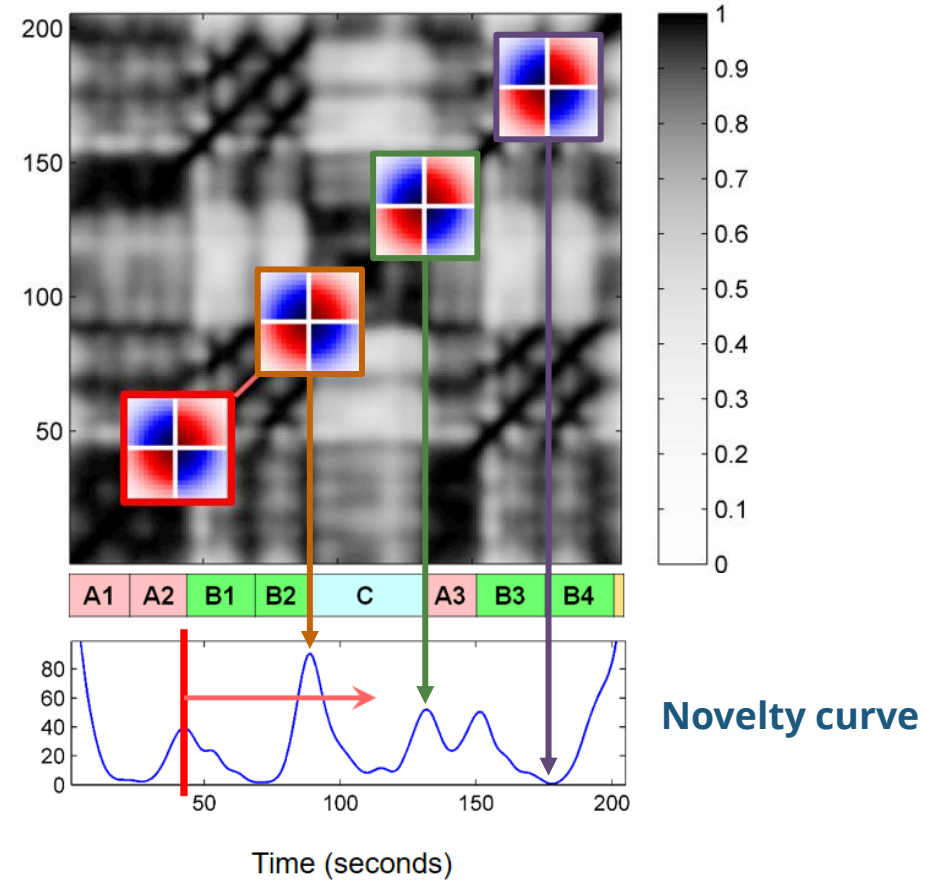
(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

Self-Similarity Matrices (SSMs)



(Source: Müller & Chiu, 2024)

Figure 4.24 from [Müller, FMP, Springer 2015]



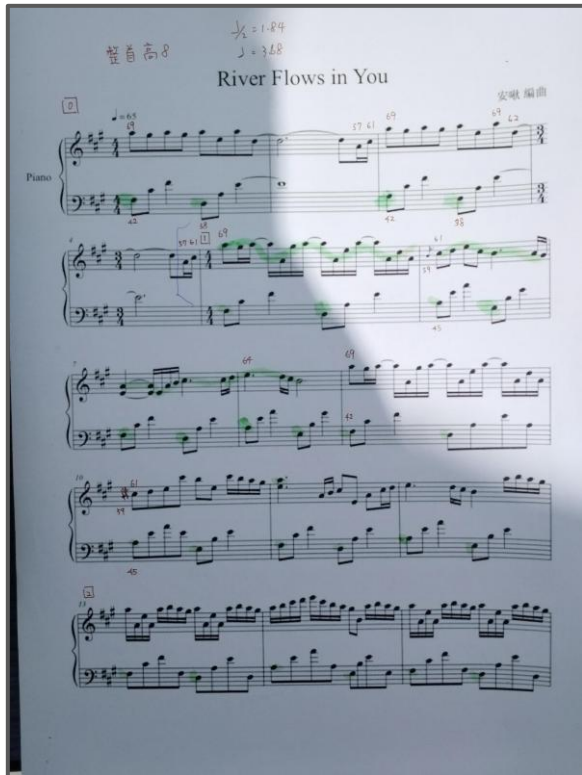
(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

Resources on Music Structure Analysis

- Meinard Müller and Ching-Yu Chiu, "[A Basic Tutorial on Novelty and Activation Functions for Music Signal Processing](#)," *TISMIR*, 7(1):179-194, 2024.
- Oriol Nieto, Gautham J. Mysore, Cheng-i Wang, Jordan B. L. Smith, Jan Schlüter, Thomas Grill, and Brian McFee, "[Audio-Based Music Structure Analysis: Current Trends, Open Challenges, and Applications](#)," *TISMIR*, 3(1):246-263, 2020.
- Meinard Müller & Jordan B. L. Smith, "Music Structure Analysis," *Tutorials of ISMIR*, 2014. ([part 1](#), [part 2](#), [part 3](#))

Optical Music Recognition (OMR)

- **Goal:** Convert **scanned sheet music** into **digital musical notation**

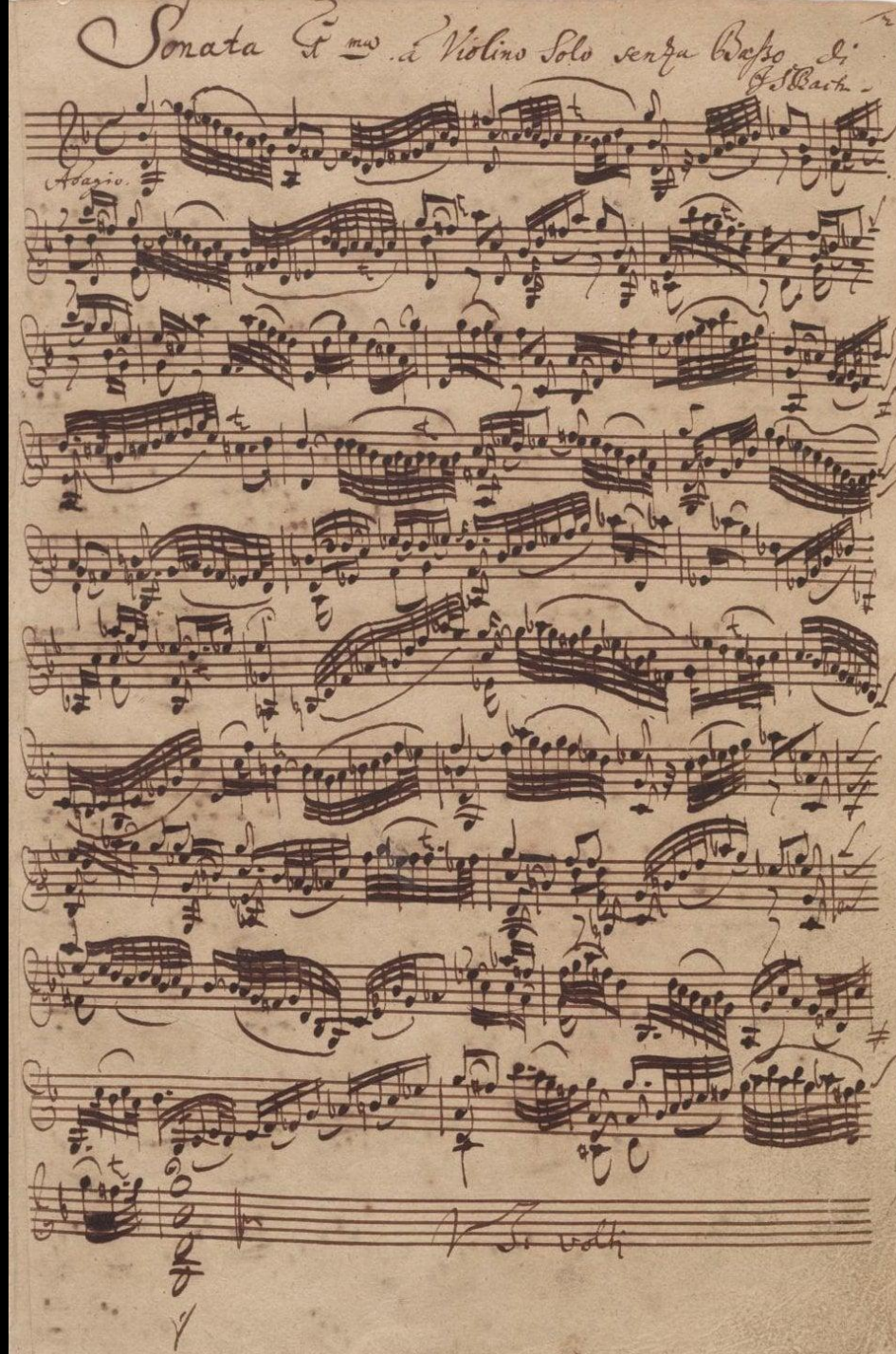


Optical Music Recognition



Challenges

Violin Sonata No. 1 in G minor
(BWV 1001)



Challenges

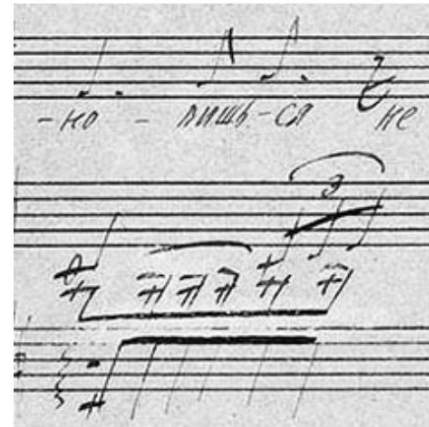
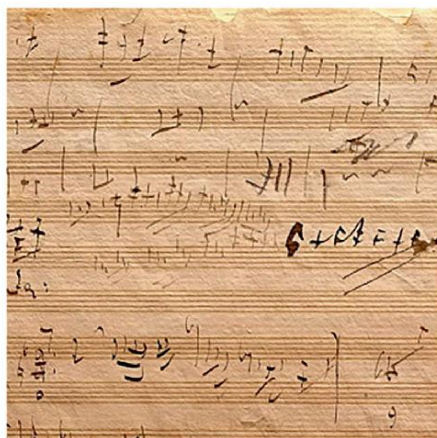
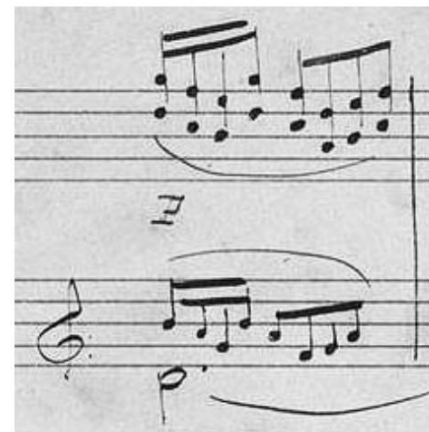
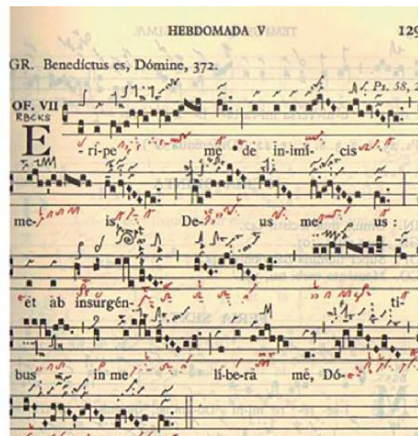
Weihnachtsoratorium (Christmas Oratorio; BWV 248)

Fena i Nativitatej Mi. à 4 Voci. 3 Trombe Sanduri. 2 Tru. 2 Hautb. 2 Violini. Viola e Cont. B. Organo.

Oratorium.

Caro i Oratori.

Challenges of OMR



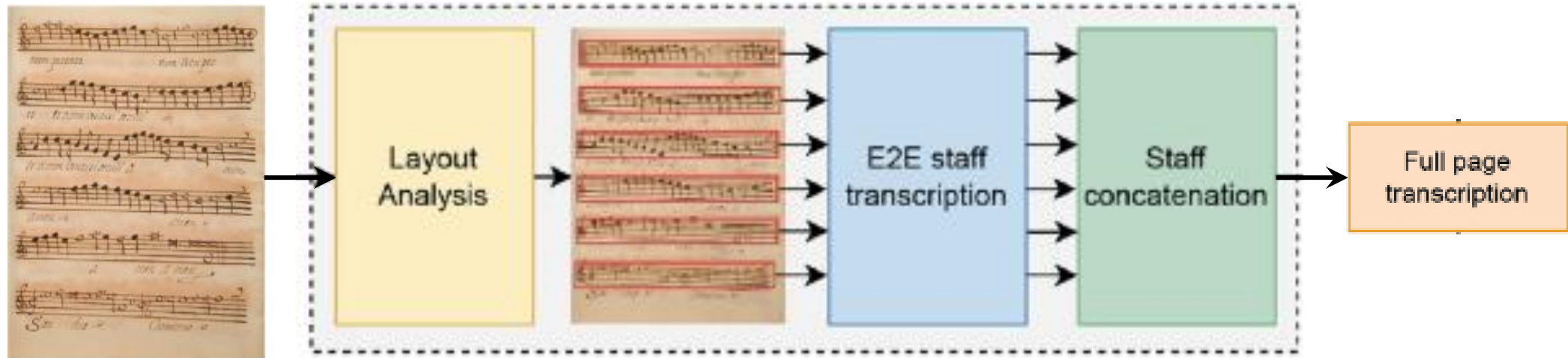
(Source: Calvo-Zaragoza et al., 2018)

(Source: Novotný & Pokorný, 2015)

Jorge Calvo-Zaragoza, Juan C. Martinez-Sevilla, Carlos Penarrubia, and Antonio Rios-Vila, "Optical Music Recognition: Recent Advances, Current Challenges, and Future Directions," *ICDAR*, 2023.

Jiří Novotný and Jaroslav Pokorný, "Introduction to Optical Music Recognition: Overview and Practical Challenges," *DATESO*, 2015.








Common Pipeline of OMR Systems



(Source: Calvo-Zaragoza et al., 2018)

Musical Object Recognition

A musical score on a three-staff system is annotated with various colored boxes and lines to identify musical objects. A legend in the top right corner defines the colors: cyan for 'beam', olive for 'duration-dot', light blue for 'ledger_line', magenta for 'notehead-full', red for 'slur', orange for 'stem', and lime green for 'thin_barline'. The annotations include beams connecting notes, stems for individual notes, slurs over groups of notes, and thin barlines separating measures. Two callouts at the bottom point to a vertical line and a slur, with the text 'From the staff below!'.

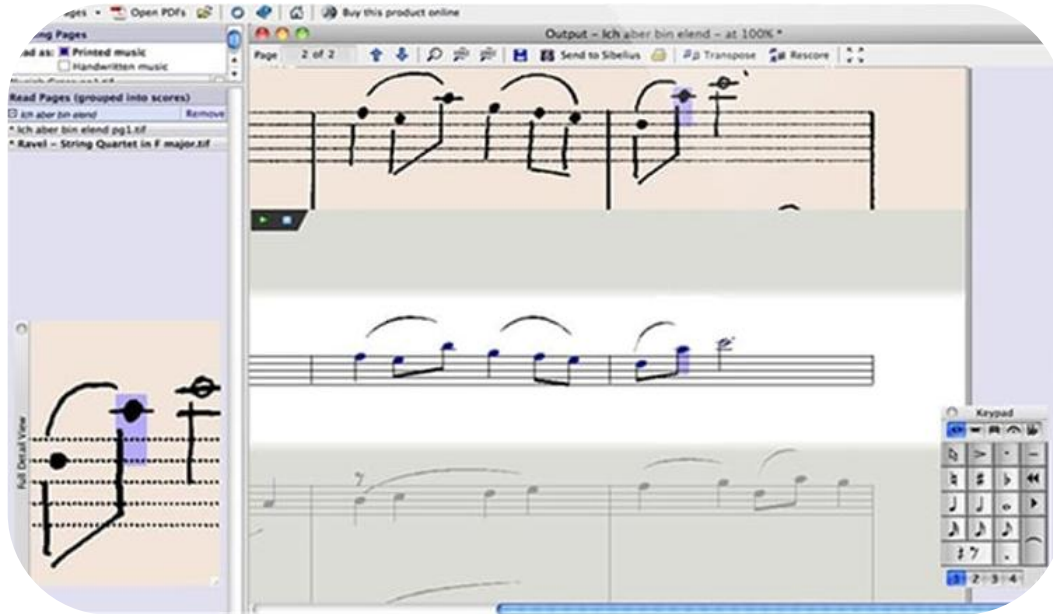
 beam	 slur
 duration-dot	 stem
 ledger_line	 thin_barline
 notehead-full	

From the staff below!

(Source: Pacha et al., 2018)

Commercial OMR Software

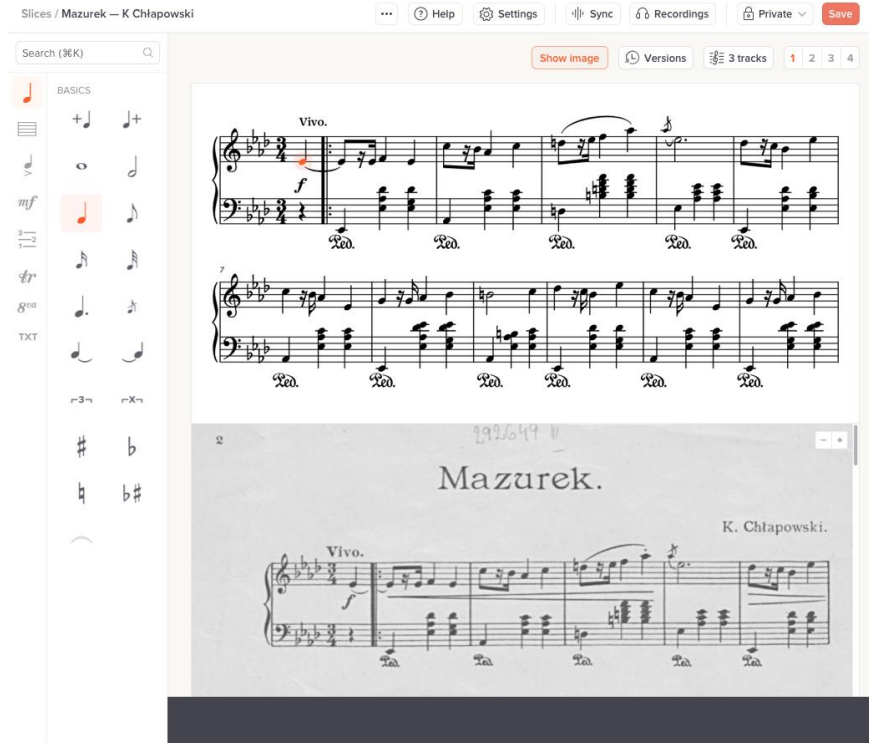
PhotoScore & NotateMe in Sibelius



(Source: Avid)

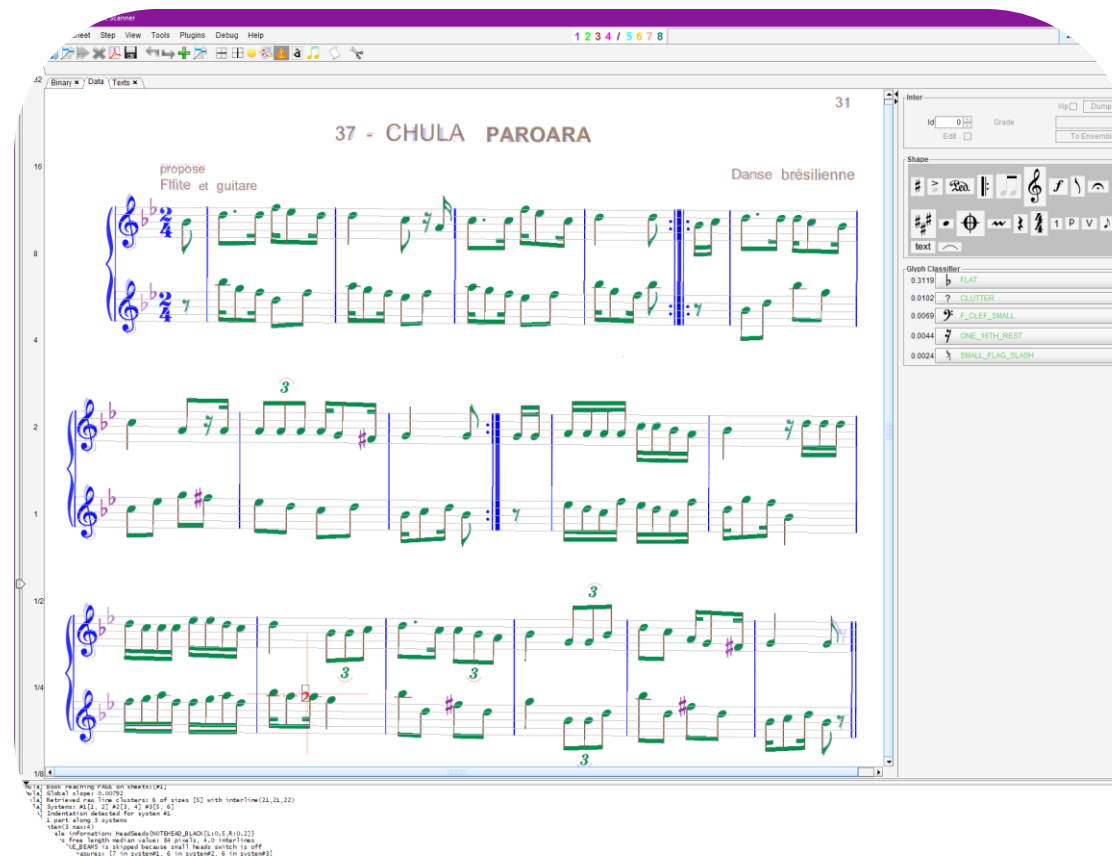
avid.com/products/photoscore-and-notateme-ultimate
soundslice.com/sheet-music-scanner/

Soundslice



(Source: Soundslice)

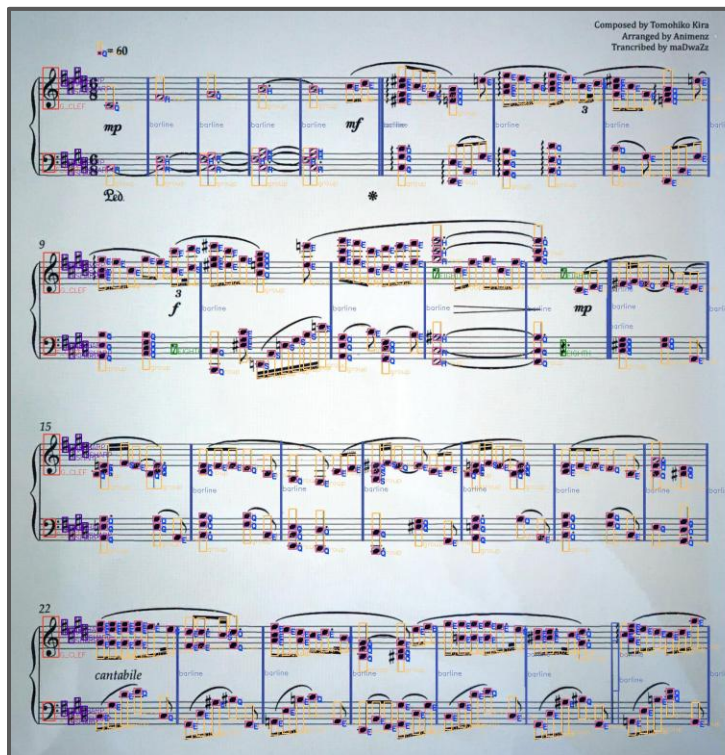
Open-source OMR Software: Audiveris



github.com/Audiveris/audiveris

Open-source OMR Software: Oemer

Composed by Tomohiko Kira
Arranged by Asimenez
Transcribed by maDwaZz



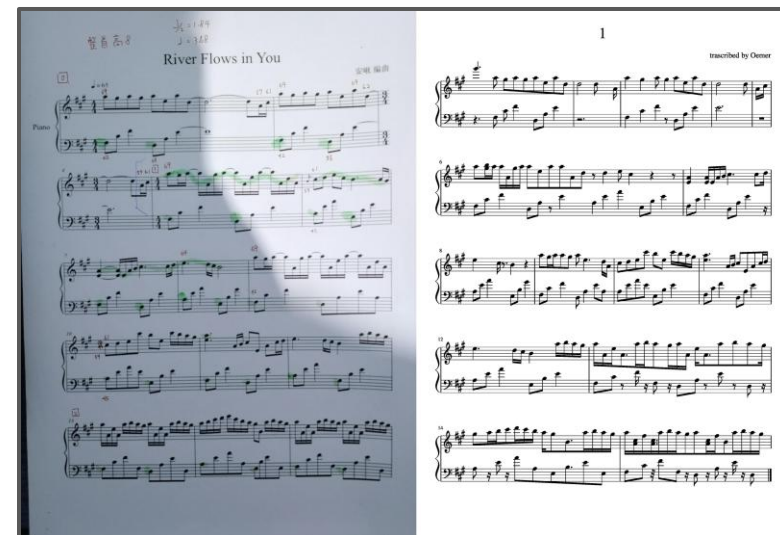
mp
mf
cantabile

Tabi

Transcribed by Oemer



1
transcribed by Oemer



River Flows in You

3
transcribed by Oemer




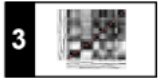
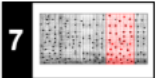

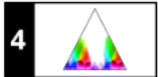
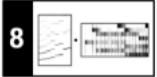
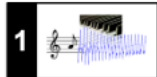


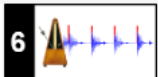
github.com/BreezeWhite/oemer

Resources on Optical Music Recognition (OMR)

- Jorge Calvo-Zaragoza, Jan Hajič jr., Alexander Pacha, and Ichiro Fujinaga, "[Optical Music Recognition for Dummies](#)," *Tutorials of ISMIR*, 2021. ([slides](#))
- OMR Datasets: apacha.github.io/OMR-Datasets/

Resources on Music Information Research (MIR)

- Meinard Müller, "[Fundamentals of Music Processing – Using Python and Jupyter Notebooks](#)," Springer, 2021.
- Meinard Müller and Frank Zalkow, "[FMP Notebooks: Educational Material for Teaching and Learning Fundamentals of Music Processing](#)," ISMIR, 2019.
 - Jupyter notebooks available at audiolabs-erlangen.de/FMP

 B Basics	 3 Music Synchronization	 7 Content-Based Audio Retrieval
 0 Overview	 4 Music Structure Analysis	 8 Musically Informed Audio Decomposition
 1 Music Representations	 5 Chord Recognition	
 2 Fourier Analysis of Signals	 6 Tempo and Beat Tracking	

(Source: Müller & Zalkow, 2019)

Resources on Music Information Research (MIR)

- Masataka Goto, Jin Ha Lee, and Meinard Müller, "[Exploring 25 Years of Music Information Retrieval: Perspectives and Insights](#)," *Tutorials of ISMIR*, 2024.
- Geoffroy Peeters, Gabriel Meseguer-Brocal, Alain Riou, and Stefan Lattner, "[Deep Learning 101 for Audio-based MIR](#)," *Tutorials of ISMIR*, 2024. ([book](#))
- Keunwoo Choi, György Fazekas, Kyunghyun Cho, and Mark Sandler, "[A Tutorial on Deep Learning for Music Information Retrieval](#)," *arXiv preprint arXiv:1709:04396*, 2017. ([code](#))