

PAT 204/504 (Fall 2024)

# Creative Coding

## Lecture 9: Transformations & 3D Graphics

Instructor: Hao-Wen Dong

# Midterm Assignment: Build Your Own Music Visualizer

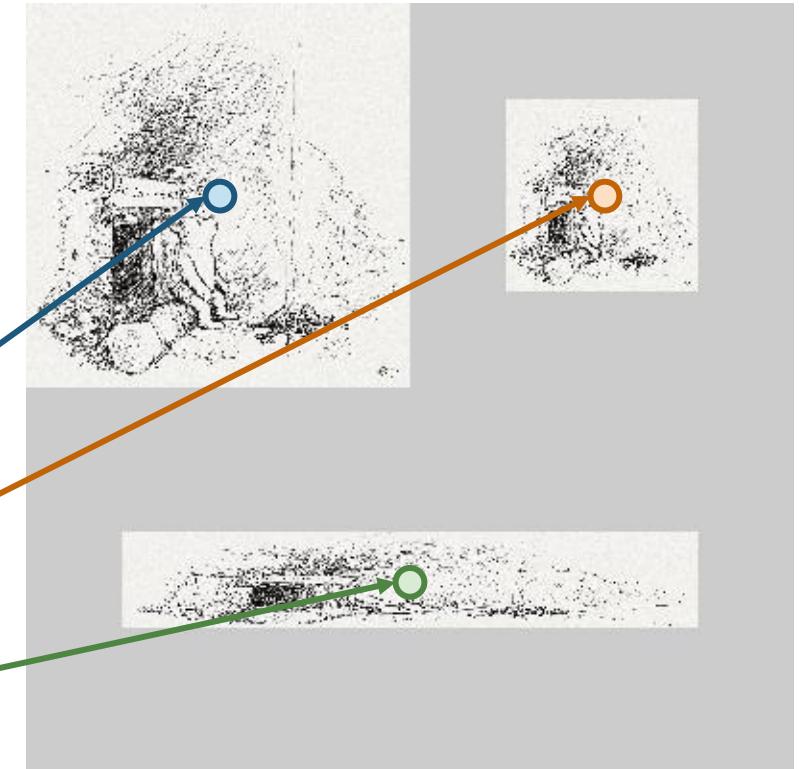
- **Open-ended** assignment
- Use everything you've learned from the class (and beyond!)
- Instructions will be released on Gradescope
- Due at **11:59pm ET** on **October 7**
- Late submissions: **NOT Accepted (Submit early and update later!)**

# Midterm Assignment – Rubrics

- Use **two of the following three concepts (10pt)**
  - Loops and recursion
  - Data structures (e.g., arrays, lists, dictionaries, etc.)
  - Objects
- Clear documentation in code (5pt)
- Live demo in class on **October 7 (5pt)**

# (Recap) Example: Displaying Images

```
PImage img;  
  
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
    noLoop();  
  
    img = loadImage("pooh.jpg"); Load the image  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    imageMode(CENTER);  
    image(img, 100, 100, 200, 200);  
    image(img, 300, 100, 100, 100);  
    image(img, 200, 300, 300, 50);  
}
```



# (Recap) Exercise: The Reveal Effect

```
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
    img = loadImage("pooh.jpg");  
    image(img, 0, 0, 400, 400);  
    loadPixels();  
    org = pixels.clone();  
    background(0);  
    loadPixels();  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {  
        for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {  
            int loc = x + y * width;  
            float d = dist(x, y, mouseX, mouseY);  
            if (d < 50) {  
                pixels[loc] = org[loc];  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}  
updatePixels();  
}
```

Update the pixel values



# (Recap) Example: Pointillism

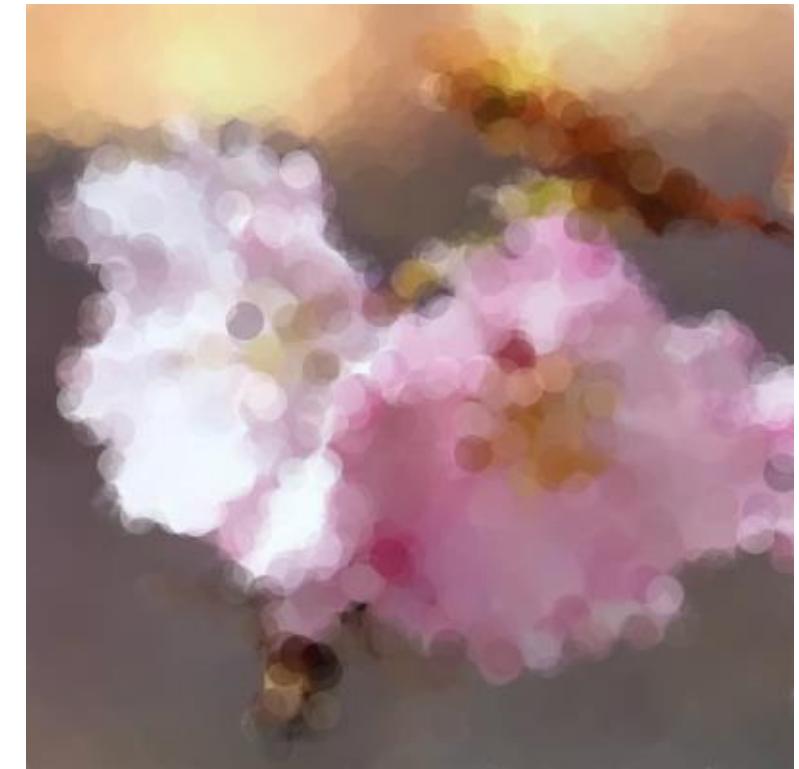
```
PIImage img;  
  
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
    img = loadImage("sakura.jpg");  
    background(255);  
    noLoop();  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    for (int i = 0; i < 10000; i++) {  
        int x = int(random(img.width));  
        int y = int(random(img.height));  
        int loc = x + y * img.width;  
  
        img.loadPixels();  
        float r = red(img.pixels[loc]);  
        float g = green(img.pixels[loc]);  
        float b = blue(img.pixels[loc]);  
  
        noStroke();  
        fill(r, g, b, 100);  
        circle(x, y, 20);  
    }  
}
```

Pick a random pixel

Find the color of the pixel

Set the color of the circle

Draw the circle



# (Recap) Example: Loading a Movie

```
import processing.video.*;
```

Import video library

```
Movie myMovie;
```

```
void setup() {  
    size(640, 360);  
    myMovie = new Movie(this, "movie.mov");  
    myMovie.loop();  
}
```

Initialize the movie object

```
void movieEvent(Movie m) {  
    m.read();  
}
```

Called whenever a new frame is available to read

```
void draw() {  
    image(myMovie, 0, 0);  
}
```

# (Recap) Example: Webcam Capture

```
import processing.video.*;  
  
Capture cam;  
  
void setup() {  
    size(640, 480);  
  
    String[] cameras = Capture.list(); Get the webcam list  
    if (cameras.length == 0) {  
        println("No cameras available for capture");  
        exit();  
    }  
    cam = new Capture(this, cameras[0]);  
    cam.start(); Use a specific webcam  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    if (cam.available() == true) cam.read();  
    image(cam, 0, 0);  
}
```

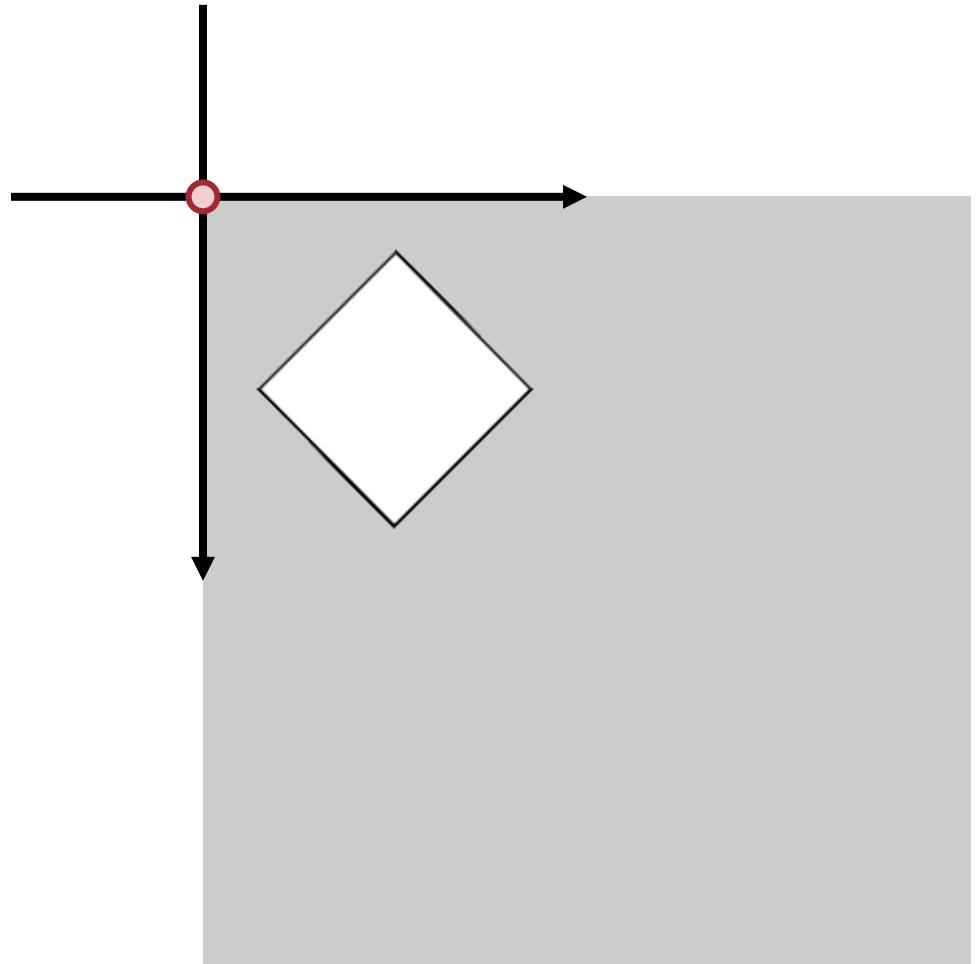
# Transformations

# Transformations

- `translate(x, y)`      Translate the object
- `rotate(angle)`      Rotate the object
- `scale(s)`      Scale the object
- `scale(x, y)`      Scale the object

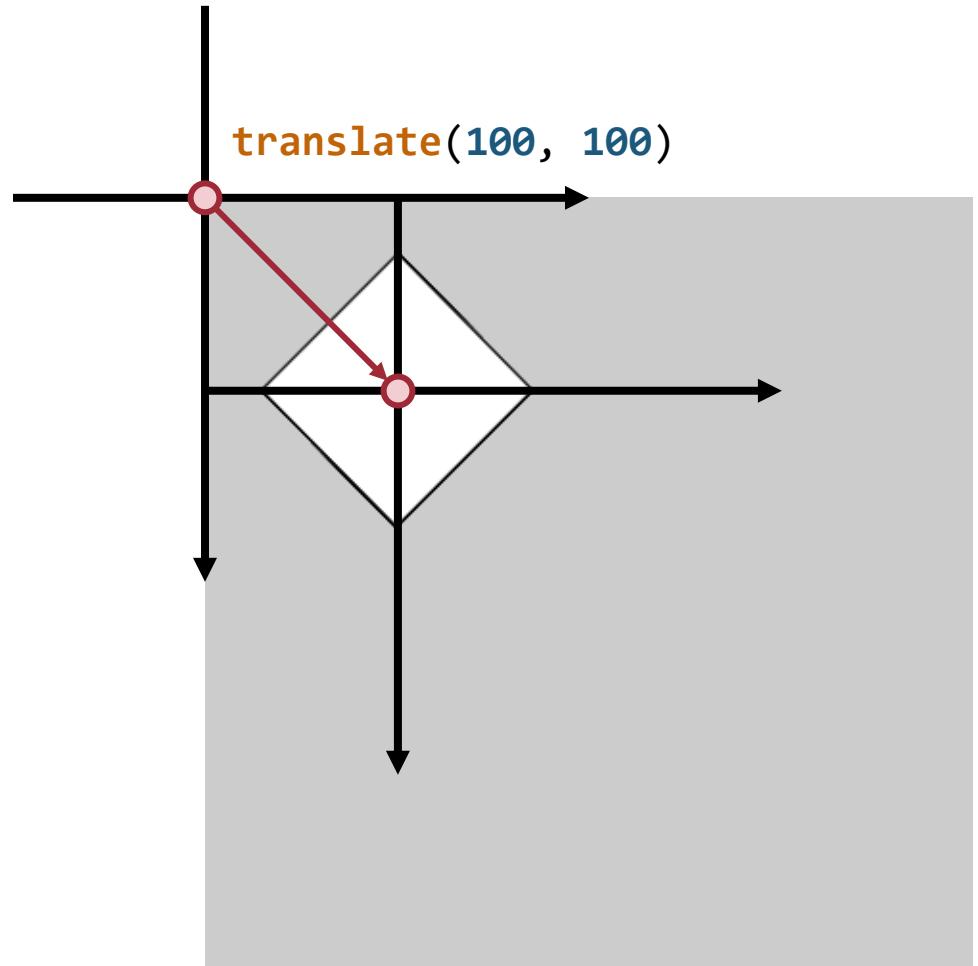
## Example: Rotated Square

```
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    rectMode(CENTER);  
  
    translate(100, 100);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
}
```



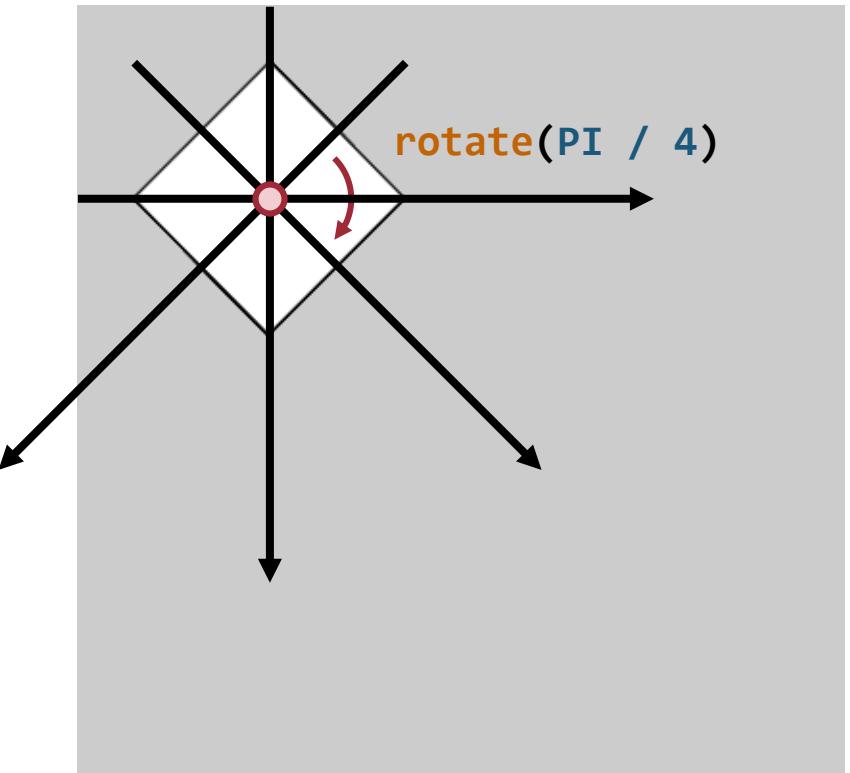
## Example: Rotated Square

```
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    rectMode(CENTER);  
  
    translate(100, 100);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
}
```



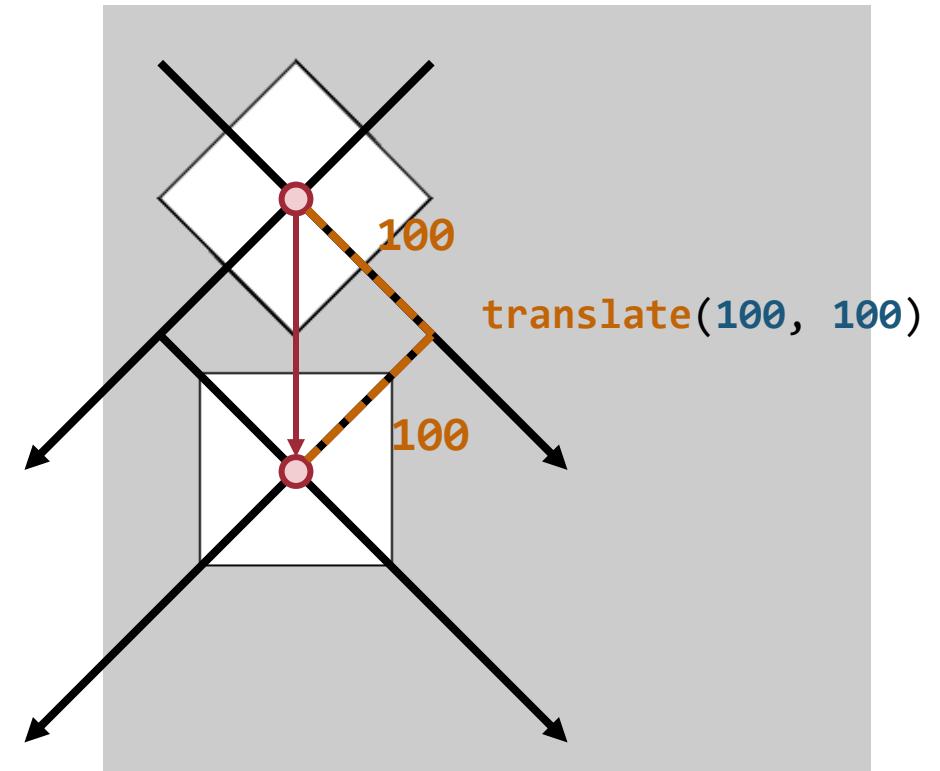
# Example: Rotated Square

```
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    rectMode(CENTER);  
  
    translate(100, 100);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
}
```



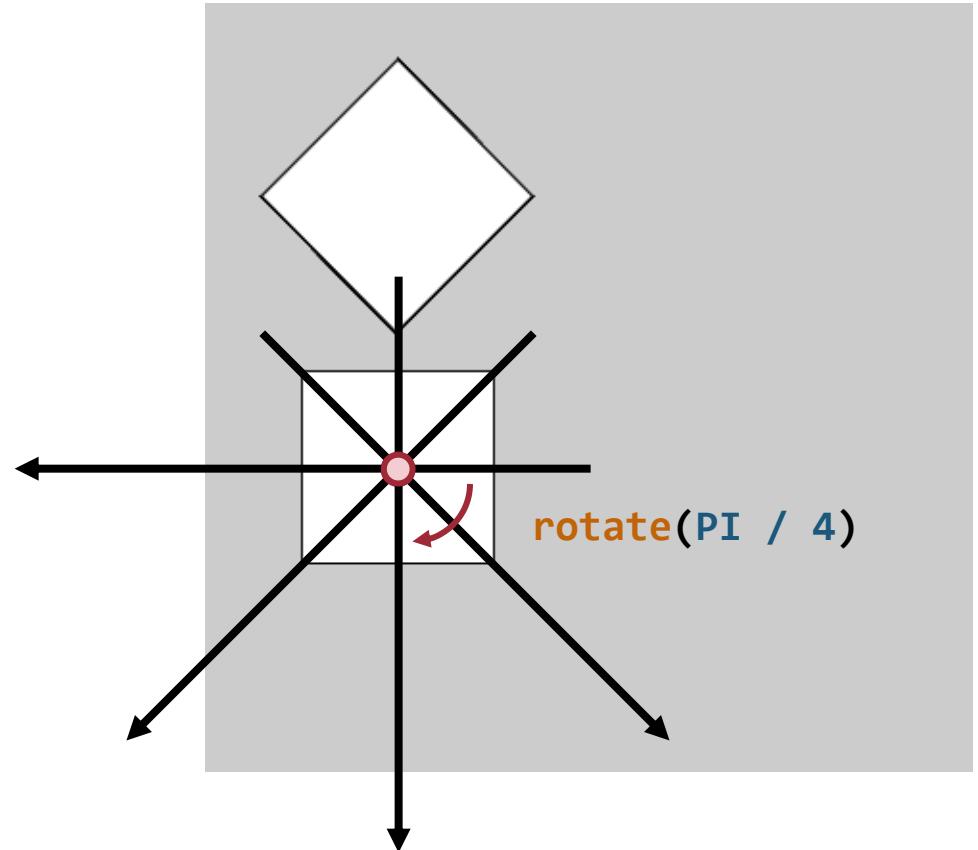
# Example: Rotated Squares

```
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    rectMode(CENTER);  
  
    translate(100, 100);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
  
    translate(100, 100);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
}
```



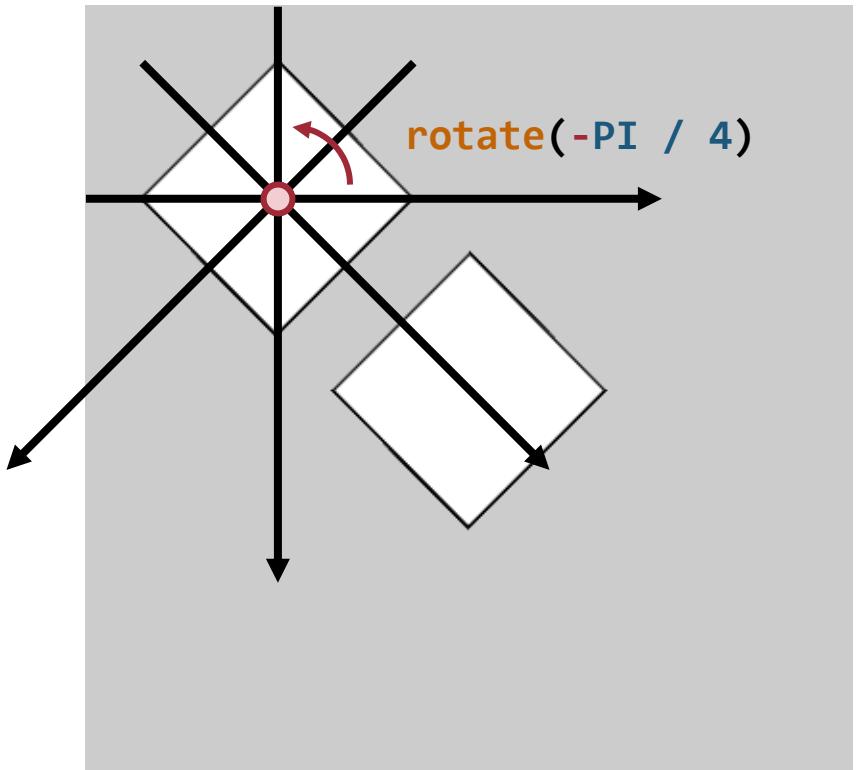
# Example: Rotated Squares

```
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    rectMode(CENTER);  
  
    translate(100, 100);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
  
    translate(100, 100);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
}
```



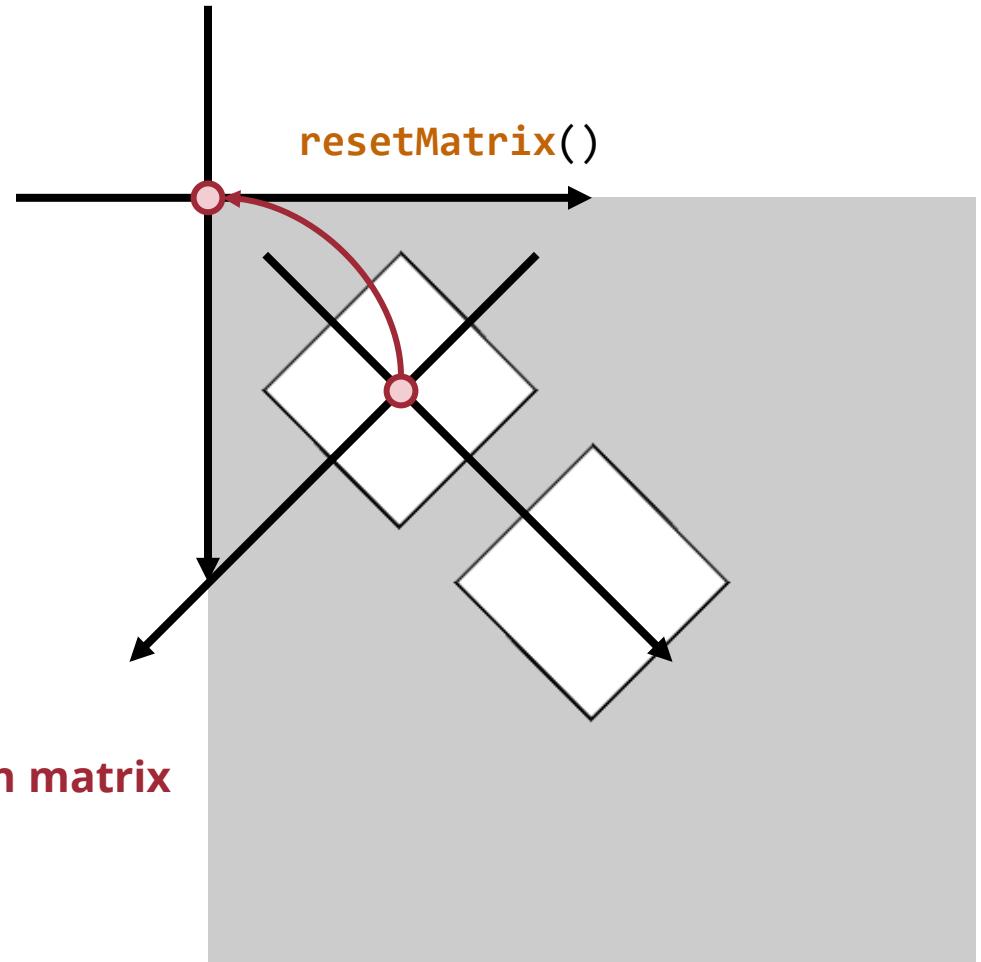
# Example: Rotated Squares

```
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    rectMode(CENTER);  
  
    translate(100, 100);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
  
    rotate(-PI / 4); Revert the rotation  
    translate(100, 100);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
}
```

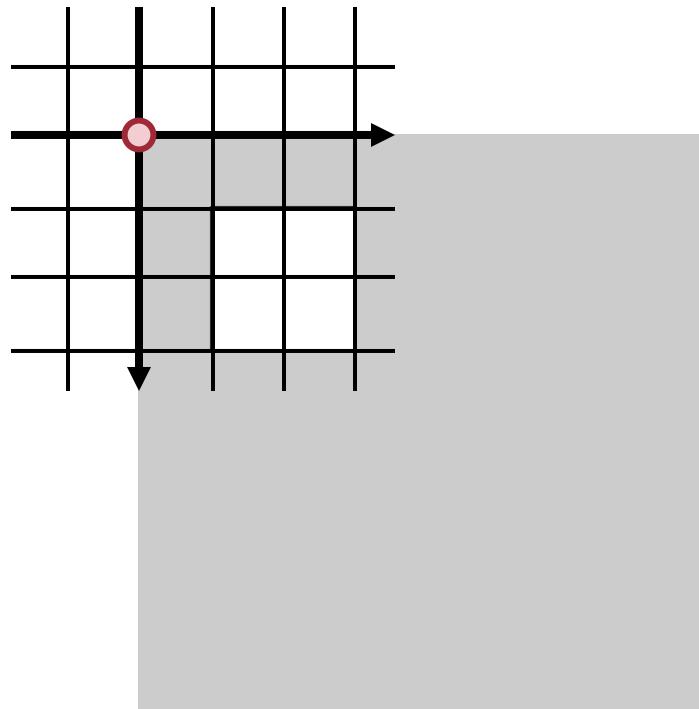


# Example: Rotated Squares

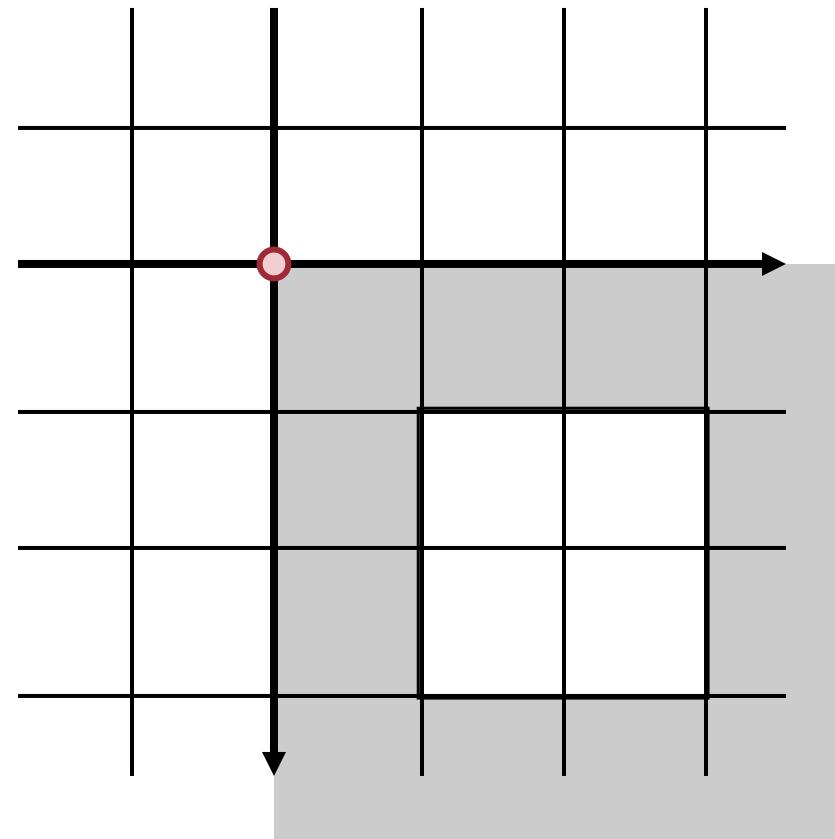
```
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
}  
  
void draw() {  
    rectMode(CENTER);  
  
    translate(100, 100);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
  
    resetMatrix(); Reset the transformation matrix  
    translate(200, 200);  
    rotate(PI / 4);  
    square(0, 0, 100);  
}
```



# Transformation Matrix

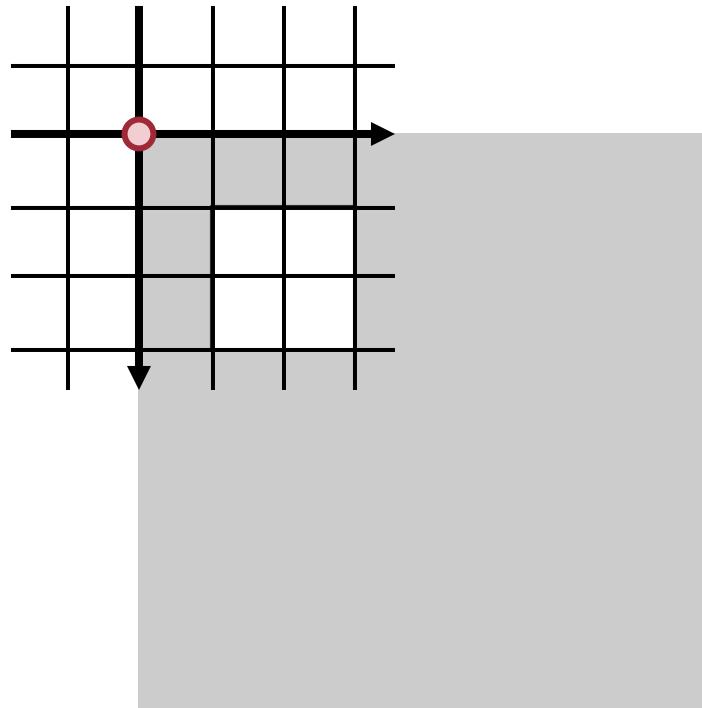


```
square(100, 100, 100);
```

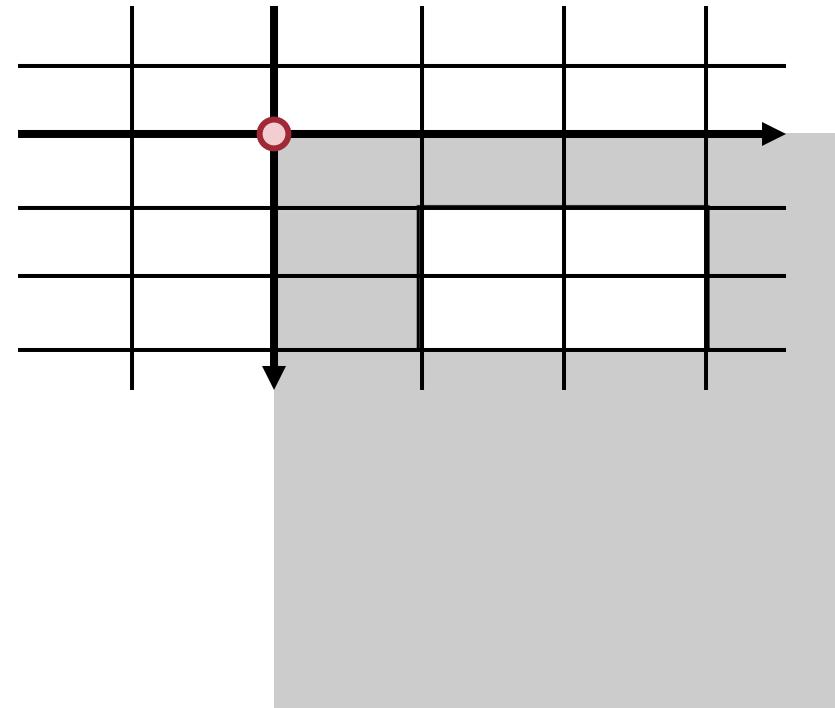


```
scale(2);  
square(100, 100, 100);
```

# Transformation Matrix



```
square(100, 100, 100);
```



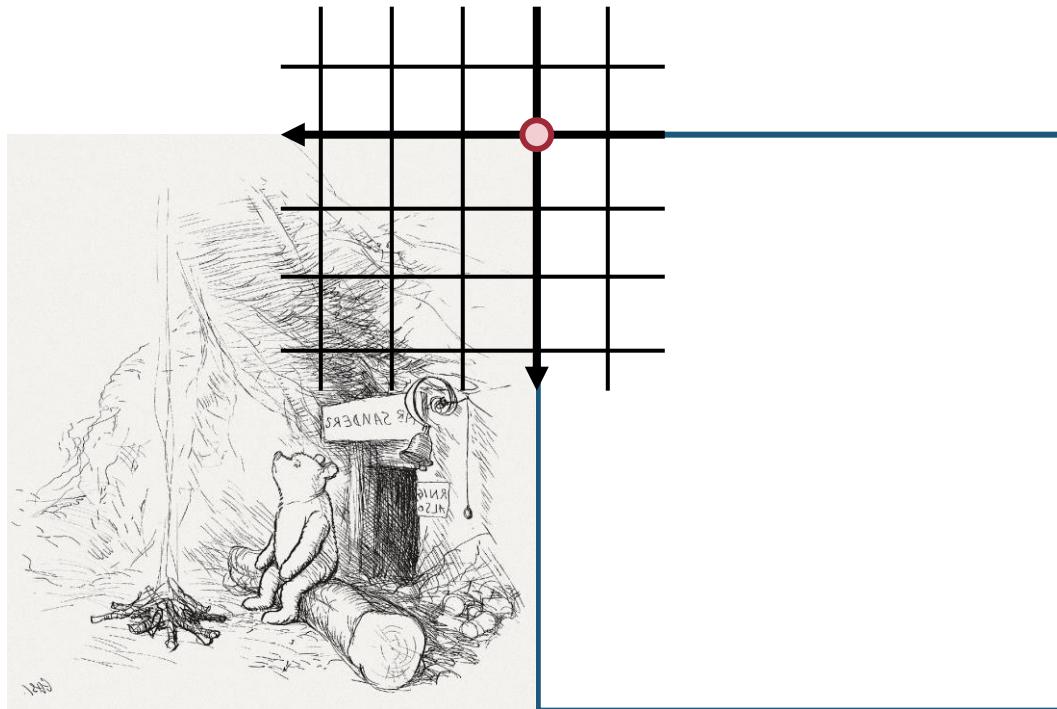
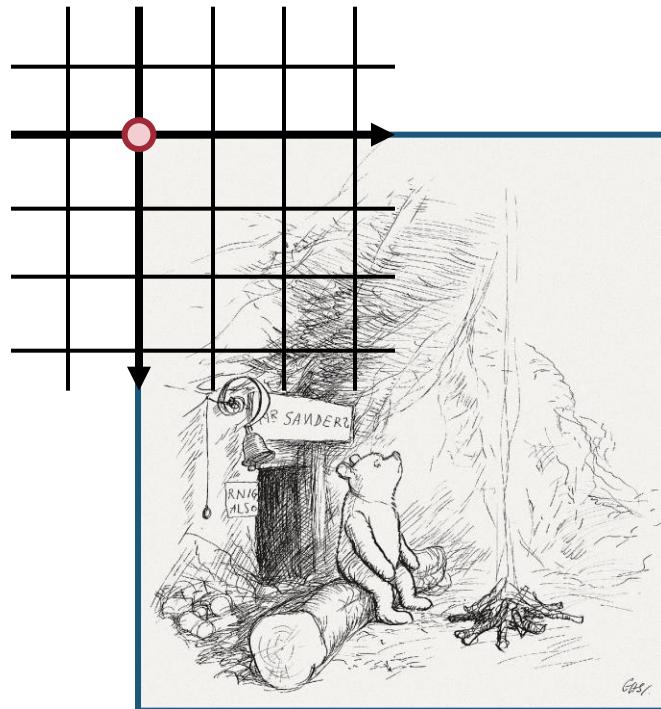
```
scale(2, 1);  
square(100, 100, 100);
```

# Example: Mirroring Capture

```
void draw() {  
    image(video, 0, 0);  
}
```



```
void draw() {  
    scale(-1, 1);  
    image(video, 0, 0);  
}
```

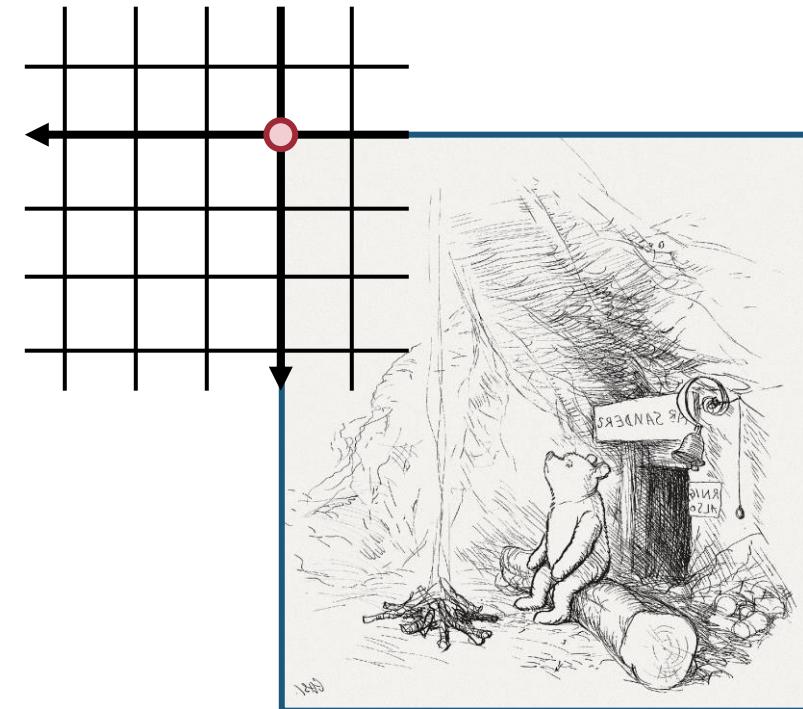
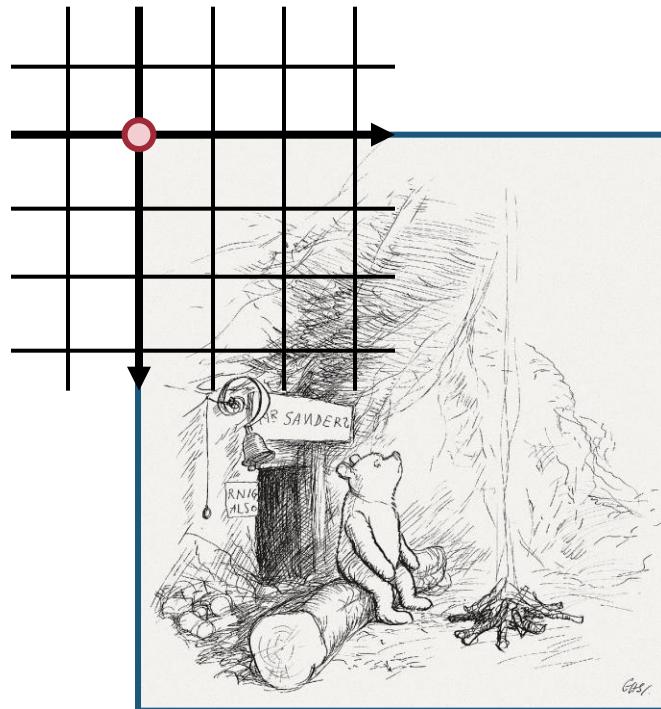


# Example: Mirroring Capture

```
void draw() {  
    image(video, 0, 0);  
}
```

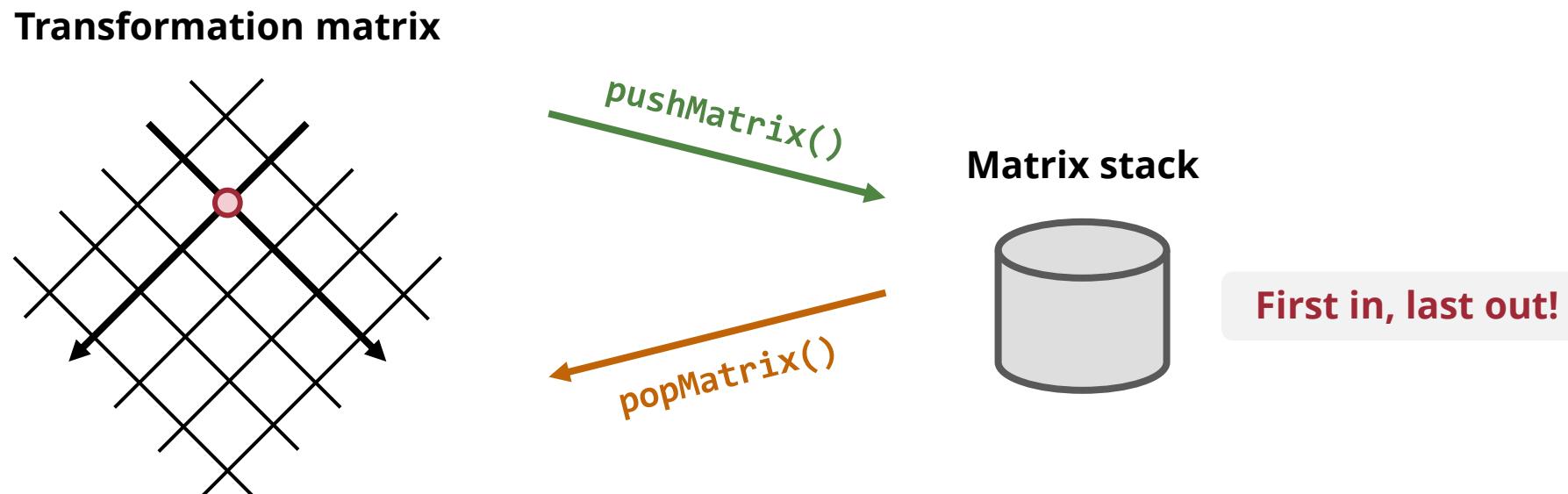


```
void draw() {  
    scale(-1, 1);  
    image(video, -video.width, 0);  
}
```



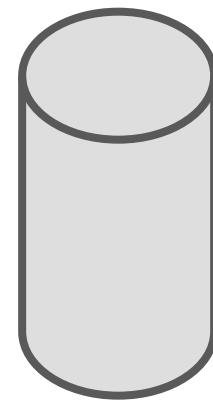
# Matrix Transforms

- **resetMatrix()** Reset to identity matrix
- **pushMatrix()** Push the current transformation matrix to the stack
- **popMatrix()** Pop the latest transformation matrix off the stack

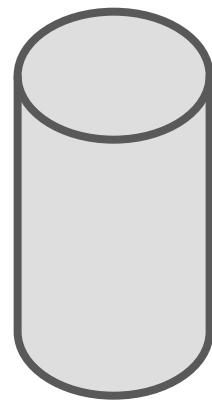


# Stack vs Queue

Stack

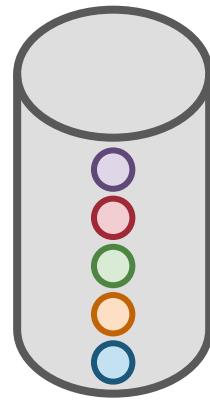


Queue

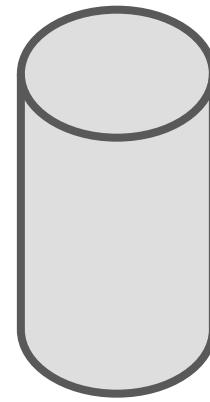


# Stack vs Queue

Stack

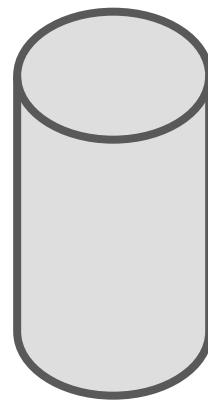
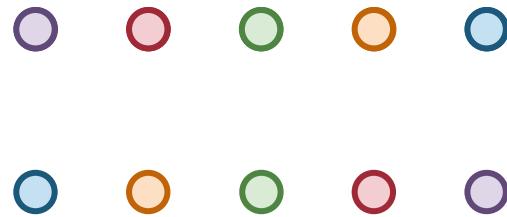


Queue

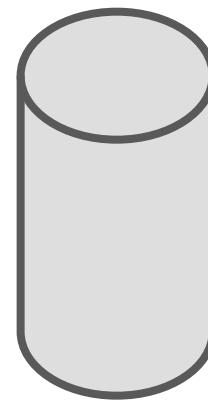


# Stack vs Queue

Stack

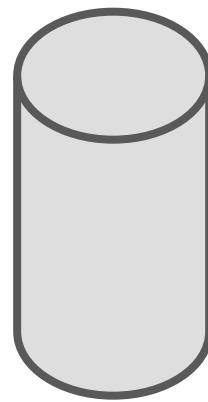
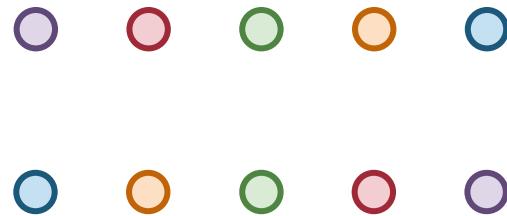


Queue

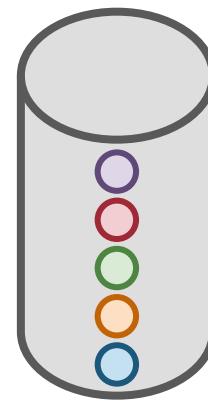


# Stack vs Queue

Stack

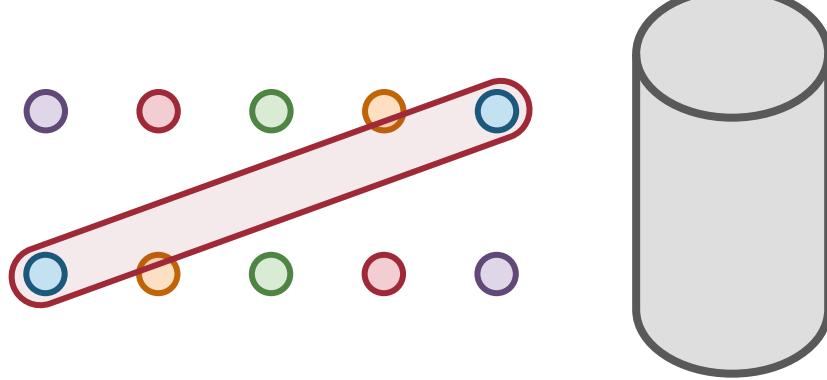


Queue



# Stack vs Queue

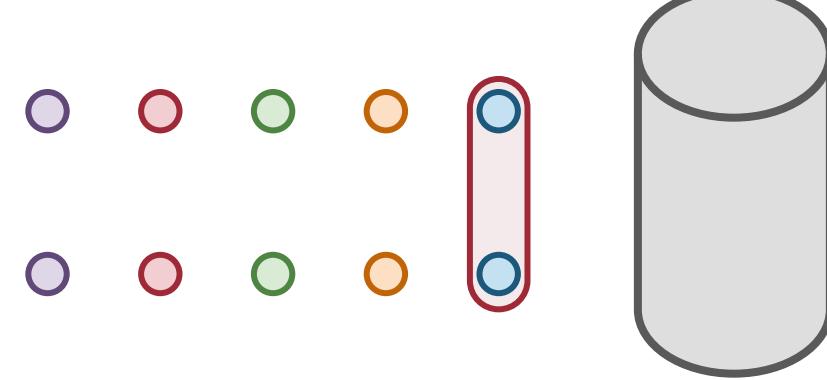
Stack



First in last out



Queue



First in first out



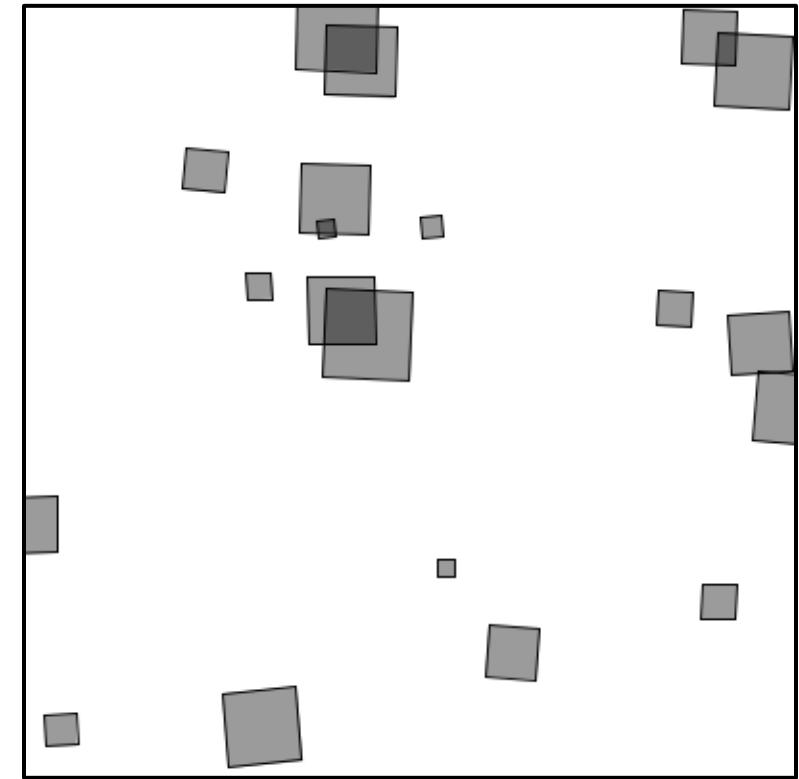
# Example: Spinning Objects

```
Rotater[] rotaters = new Rotater[20];  
float x, y, speed, w;
```

Declare an array of  
rotater objects

```
void setup() {  
    size(400, 400);  
    for (int i = 0; i < rotaters.length; i++) {  
        x = random(width);  
        y = random(height);  
        speed = random(-0.1, 0.1);  
        w = random(5, 50);  
        rotaters[i] = new Rotater(x, y, speed, w);  
    }  
}  
Initial each rotater with a random  
position, size and rotation speed  
  
void draw() {  
    background(255);  
    for (Rotater rotater: rotaters) {  
        rotater.spin();  
        rotater.display();  
    }  
}
```

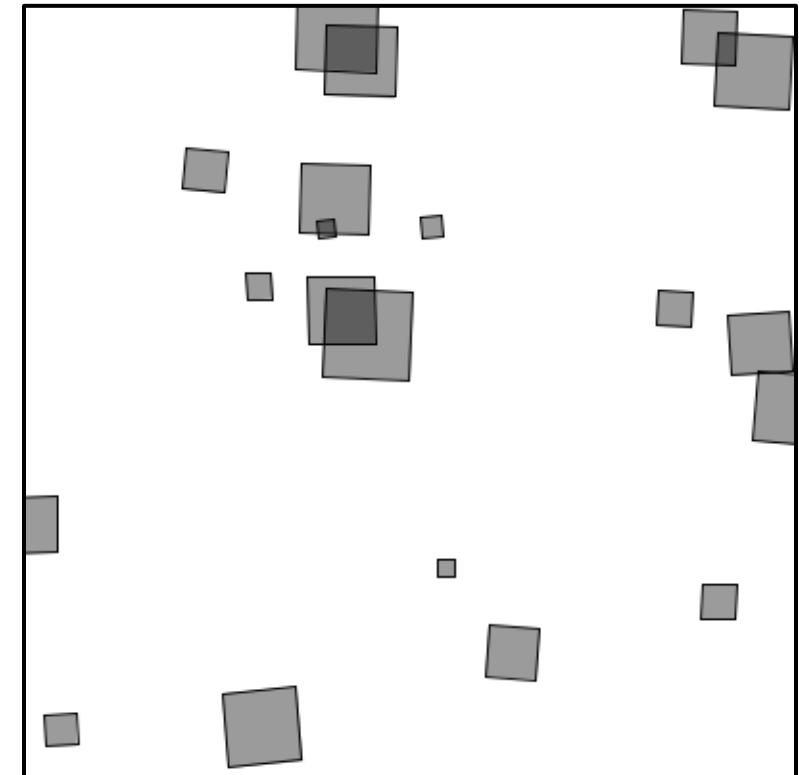
Spin and show  
the rotaters!



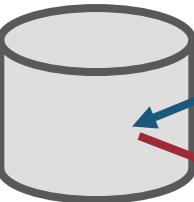
# Example: Spinning Objects

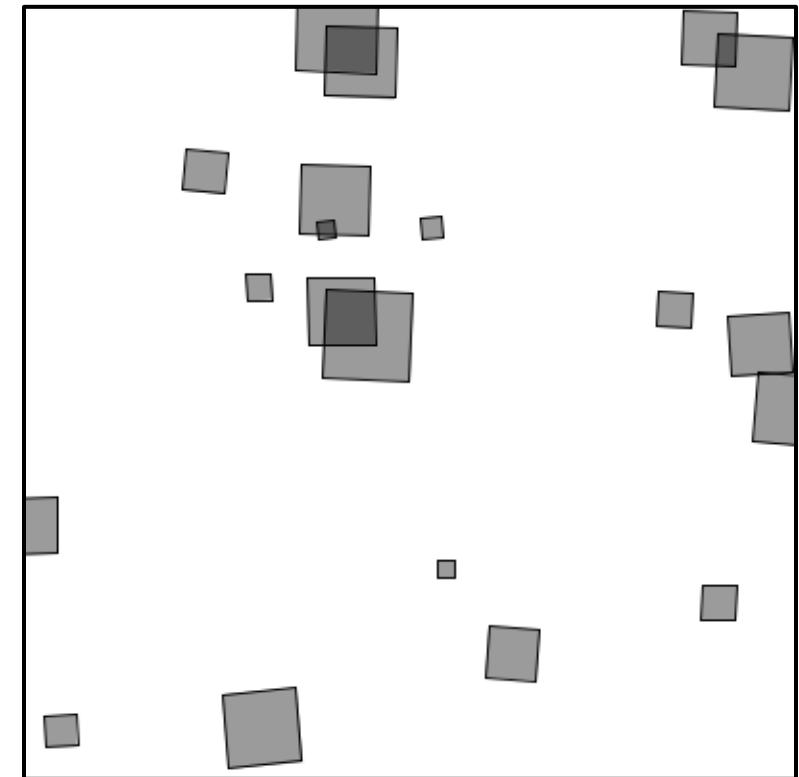
```
class Rotater {  
    float x, y;    // x,y location  
    float theta;   // angle of rotation  
    float speed;   // speed of rotation  
    float w;        // size of rectangle  
  
    Rotater(float x, float y, float speed, float w) {  
        this.x = x;  
        this.y = y;  
        theta = 0;  
        this.speed = speed;  
        this.w = w;  
    }  
  
    void spin() {  
        theta += speed;  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

Spin the rotater!



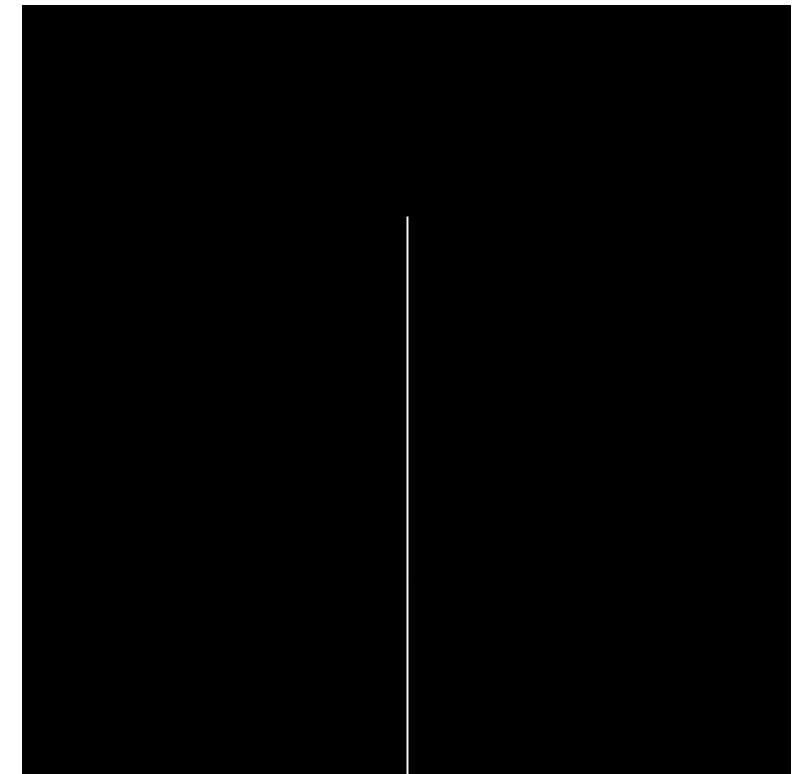
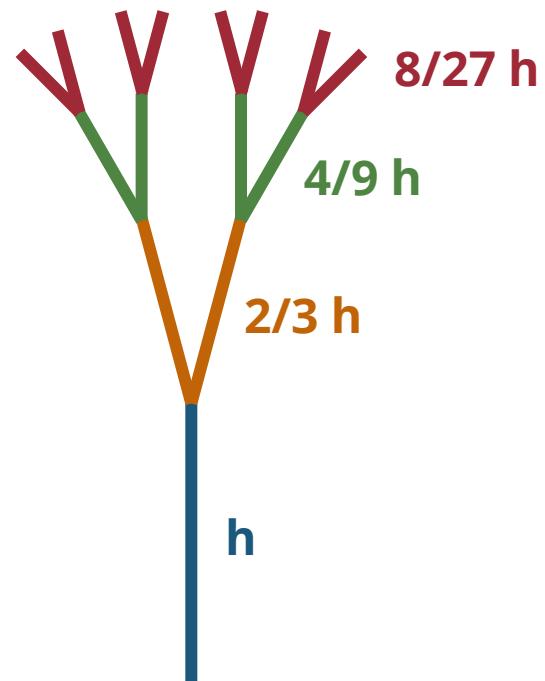
# Example: Spinning Objects

```
class Rotater {  
    ...  
  
    void spin() {  
        theta += speed;  
    }  
  
    void display() {  
        rectMode(CENTER);  
        stroke(0);  
        fill(0, 100);  
  
        Matrix stack  
          
        pushMatrix(); Store the current matrix  
        translate(x, y);  
        rotate(theta);  
        rect(0, 0, w, w);  
        popMatrix(); Restore the stored matrix  
    }  
}
```



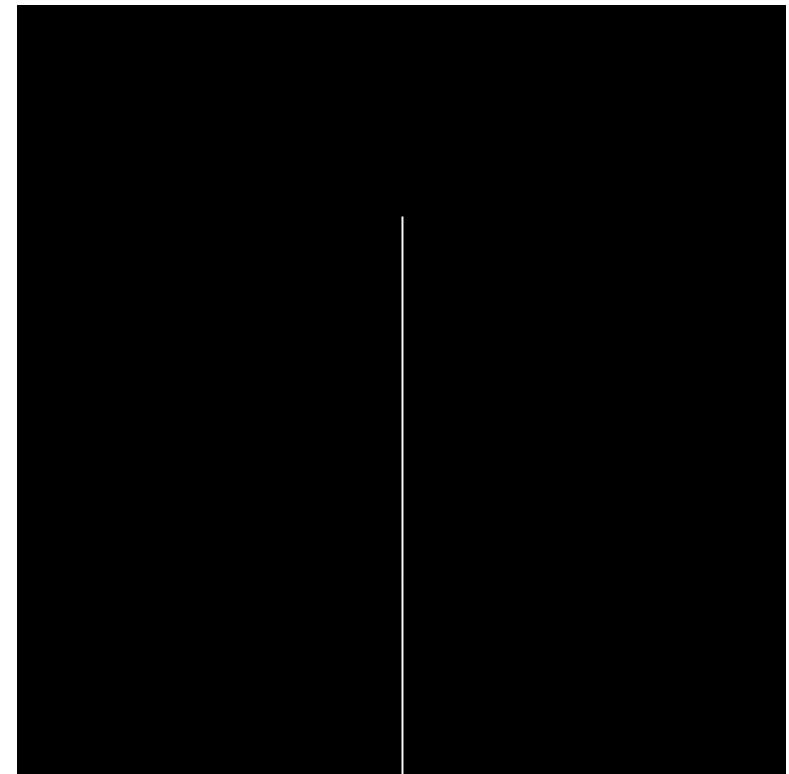
## (Recap) Example: Recursive Tree

- Symmetric branches of  $2/3$  length of its root
  - One branch is rotated counterclockwise for a fixed angle
  - The other branch is rotated clockwise for a fixed angle

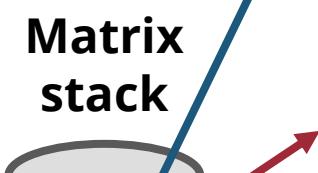


## (Recap) Example: Recursive Tree

```
void branch(float h) {  
    if (h < 2) break;  
  
    // Right branch  
    pushMatrix();  
    rotate(theta);  
    line(0, 0, 0, -h * scale);  
    translate(0, -h * scale);  
    branch(h * scale);  
    popMatrix();  
  
    // Left branch  
    pushMatrix();  
    rotate(-theta);  
    line(0, 0, 0, -h * scale);  
    translate(0, -h * scale);  
    branch(h * scale);  
    popMatrix();  
}
```



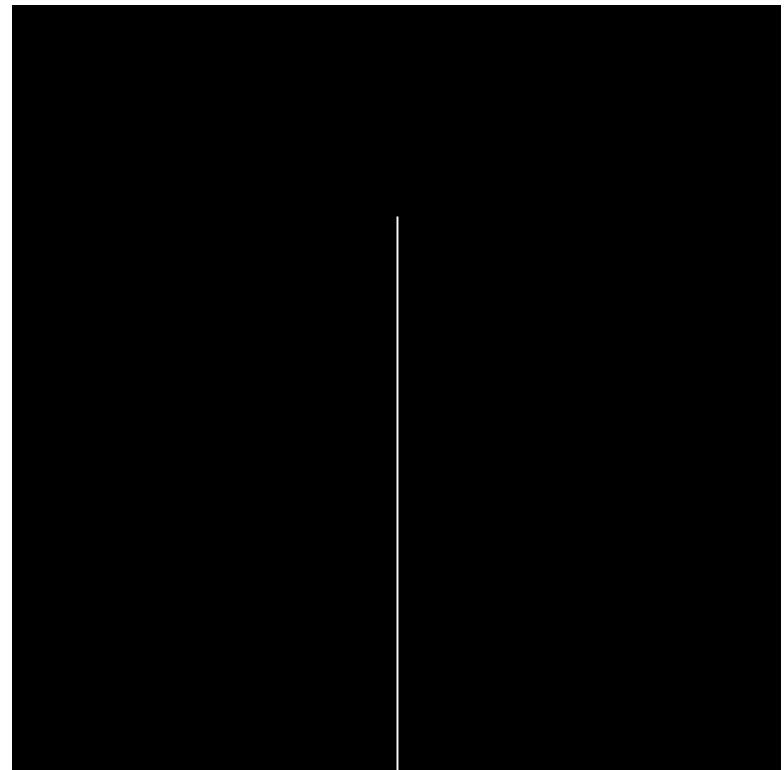
# Example: Recursive Tree



```
void branch(float h) {
    if (h < 2) break;

    // Right branch
    pushMatrix();
    rotate(theta);
    line(0, 0, 0, -h * scale);
    translate(0, -h * scale);
    branch(h * scale);
    popMatrix();

    // Left branch
    pushMatrix();
    rotate(-theta);
    line(0, 0, 0, -h * scale);
    translate(0, -h * scale);
    branch(h * scale);
    popMatrix();
}
```



# Example: Recursive Tree

```
void branch(float h) {  
    if (h < 2) break;  
  
    // Right branch  
    pushMatrix();  
    rotate(theta);  
    line(0, 0, 0, -h * scale);  
    translate(0, -h * scale);  
    branch(h * scale);  
    popMatrix();  
  
    // Left branch  
    pushMatrix();  
    rotate(-theta);  
    line(0, 0, 0, -h * scale);  
    translate(0, -h * scale);  
    branch(h * scale);  
    popMatrix();  
}
```

```
void branch(float h) {  
    if (h < 2) break;  
  
    // Right branch  
    Why not? resetMatrix();  
    rotate(theta);  
    line(0, 0, 0, -h * scale);  
    translate(0, -h * scale);  
    branch(h * scale);  
  
    // Left branch  
    Why not? resetMatrix();  
    rotate(-theta);  
    line(0, 0, 0, -h * scale);  
    translate(0, -h * scale);  
    branch(h * scale);  
}
```

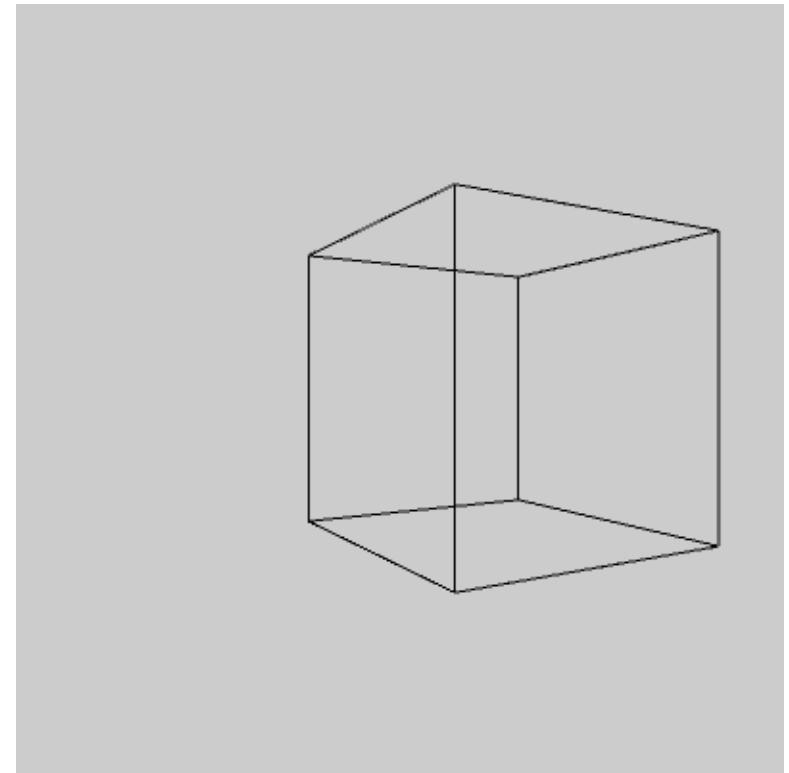
# 3D Graphics

# 3D Graphics in Processing

- Enable by using the 3D renderer
  - `size(800, 800, P3D)`
- 3D Primitives
  - `Box(size)`
  - `Box(width, height, depth)`
  - `Sphere(radius)`
- Heavily rely on **transformation!**

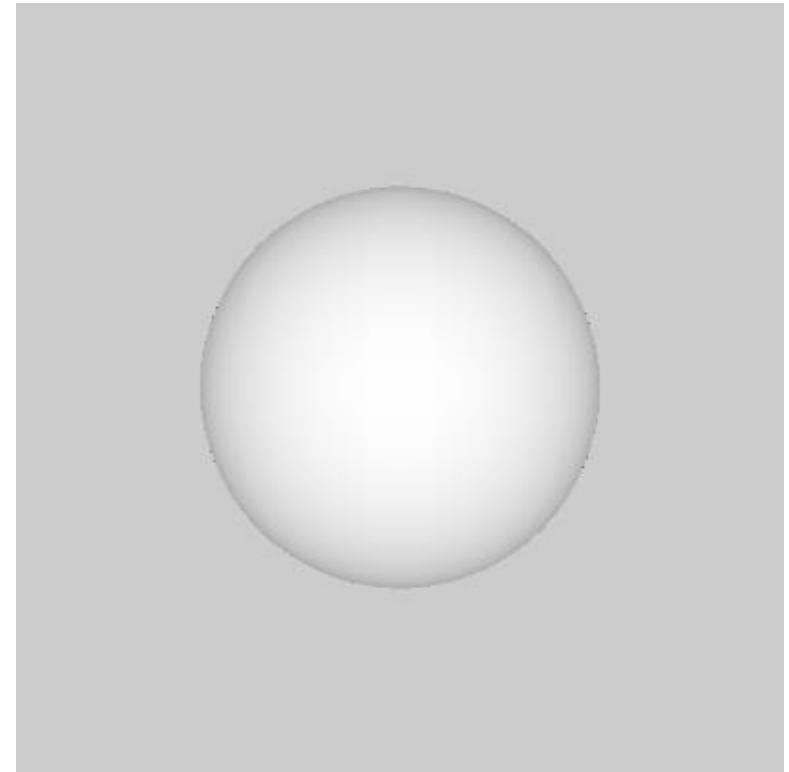
## Example: Box

```
size(400, 400, P3D);
translate(250, 200, 0);
rotateY(0.5);
fill(0, 10);
box(150);
```



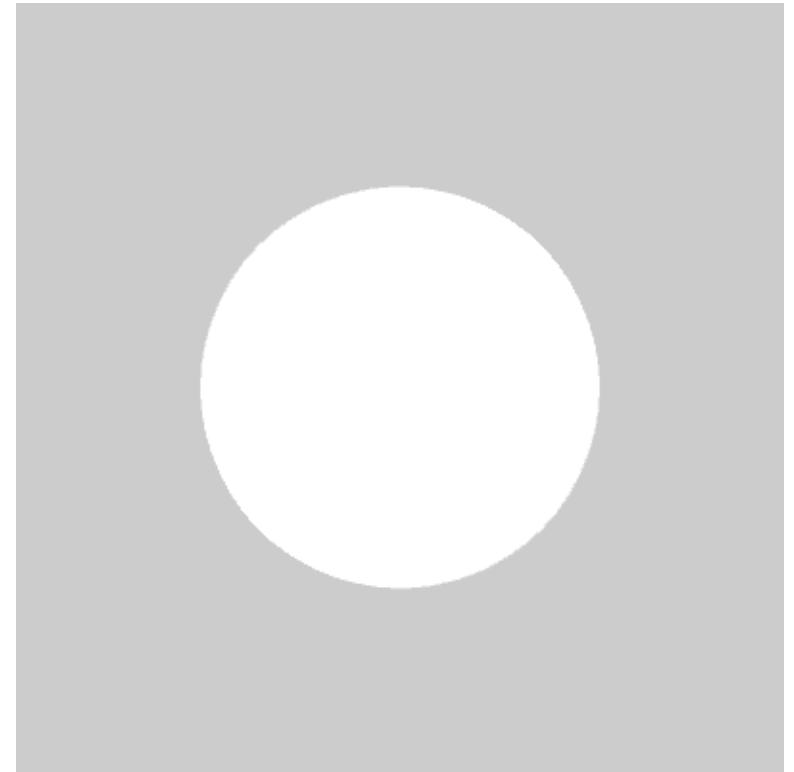
## Example: Sphere

```
size(400, 400, P3D);
noStroke();
lights();
translate(200, 200, 0);
sphere(100);
```



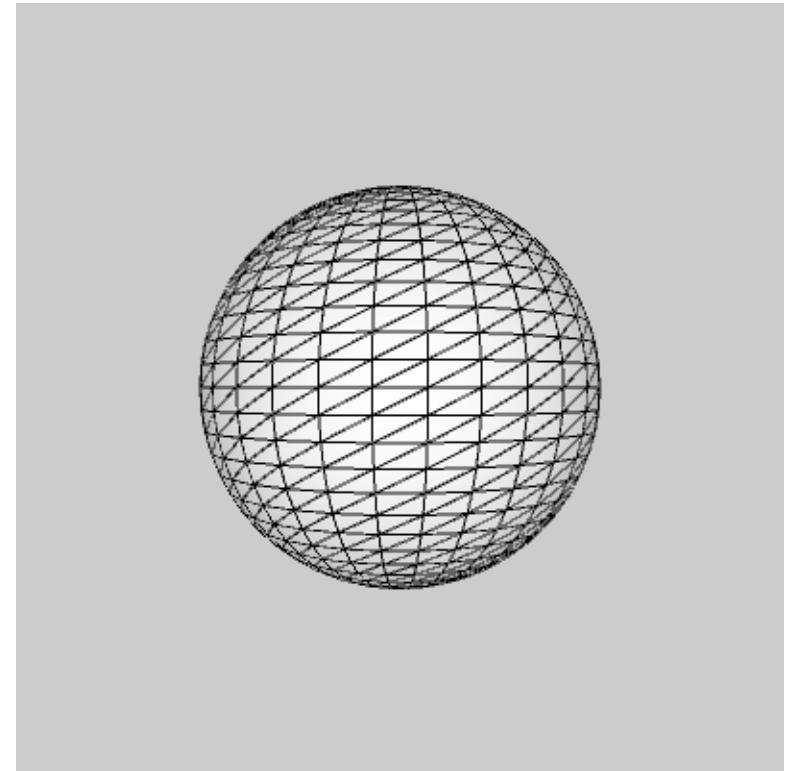
## Example: Sphere

```
size(400, 400, P3D);
noStroke();
lights();
translate(200, 200, 0);
sphere(100);
```



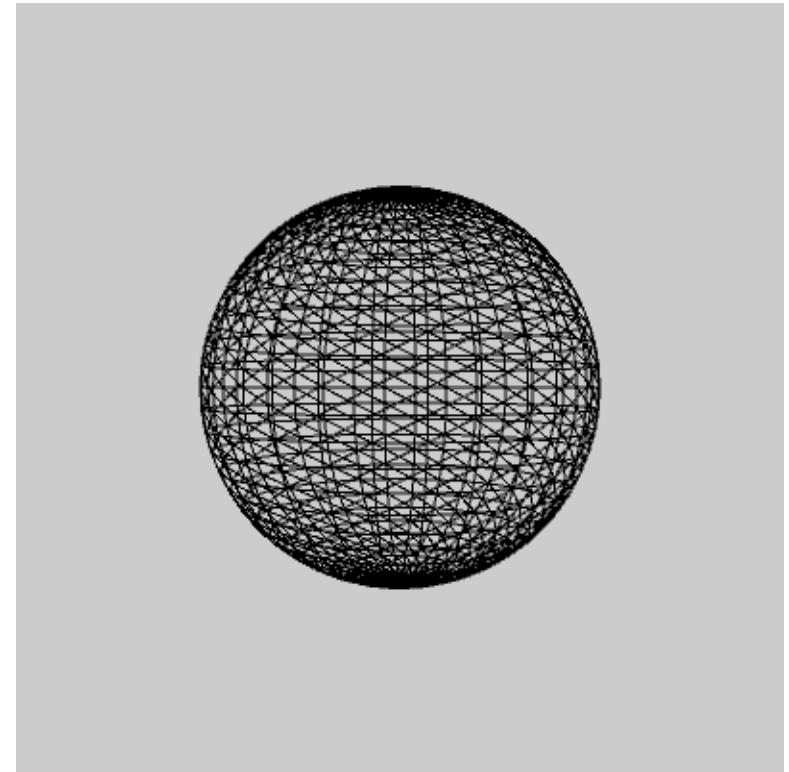
## Example: Sphere

```
size(400, 400, P3D);
noStroke();
lights();
translate(200, 200, 0);
sphere(100);
```



## Example: Sphere

```
size(400, 400, P3D);
noStroke();
noFill();
translate(200, 200, 0);
sphere(100);
```



# Sphere Details

```
int res = 3;

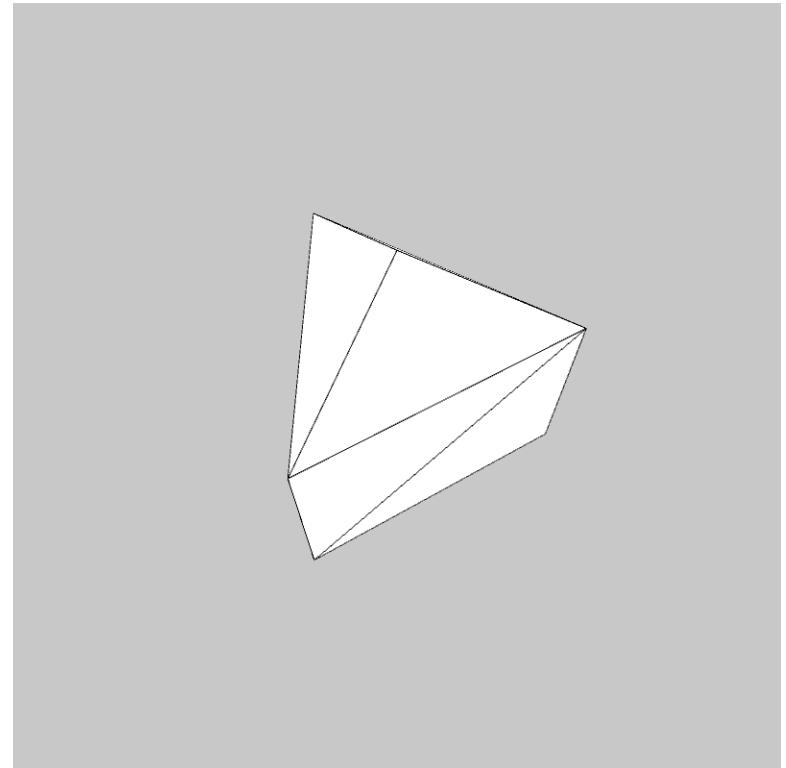
void setup() {
    size(800, 800, P3D);
}

void draw() {
    background(200);
    fill(255);
    stroke(0);

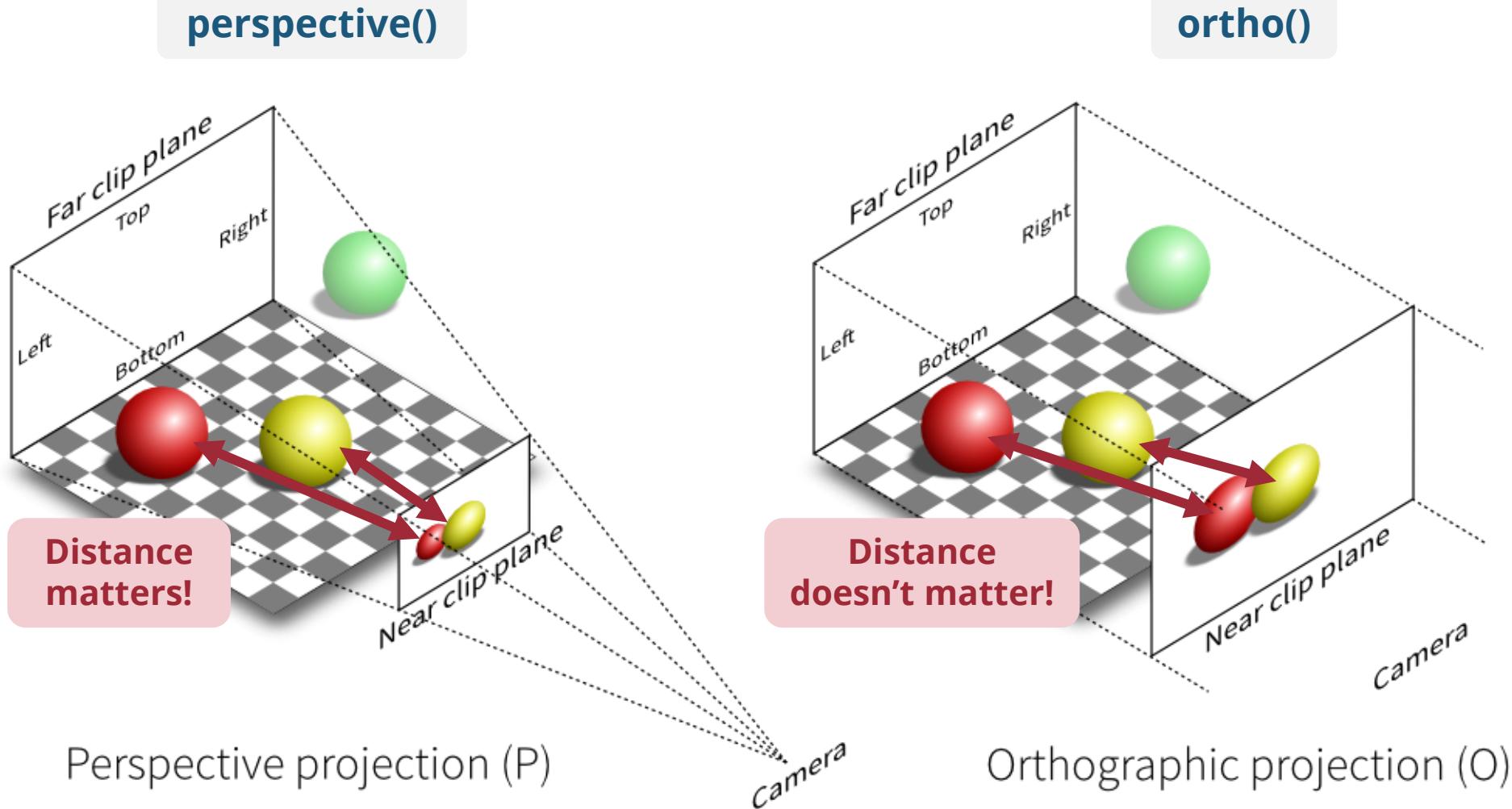
    translate(400, 400, 0);
    rotateX(-1);

    sphereDetail(res);
    sphere(200);

    res += 1;
    if (res > 200) exit();
}
```



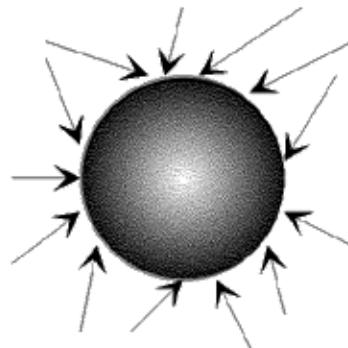
# Perspective vs Orthographic Projections



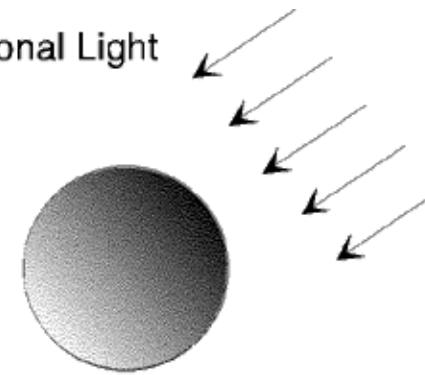
# Lights

- **ambientLight()**
- **directionalLight()**
- **spotlight()**
- **pointLight()**

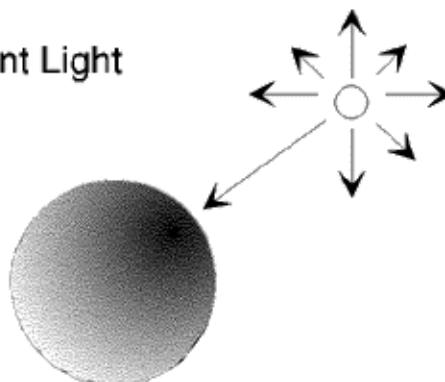
Ambient Light



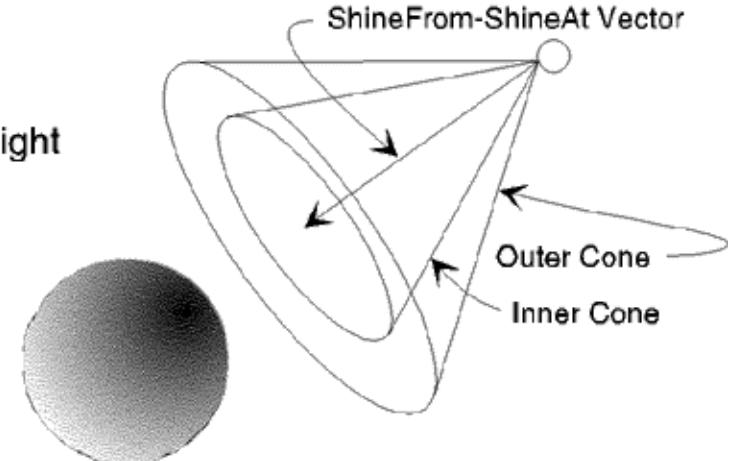
Directional Light



Point Light



Spot Light



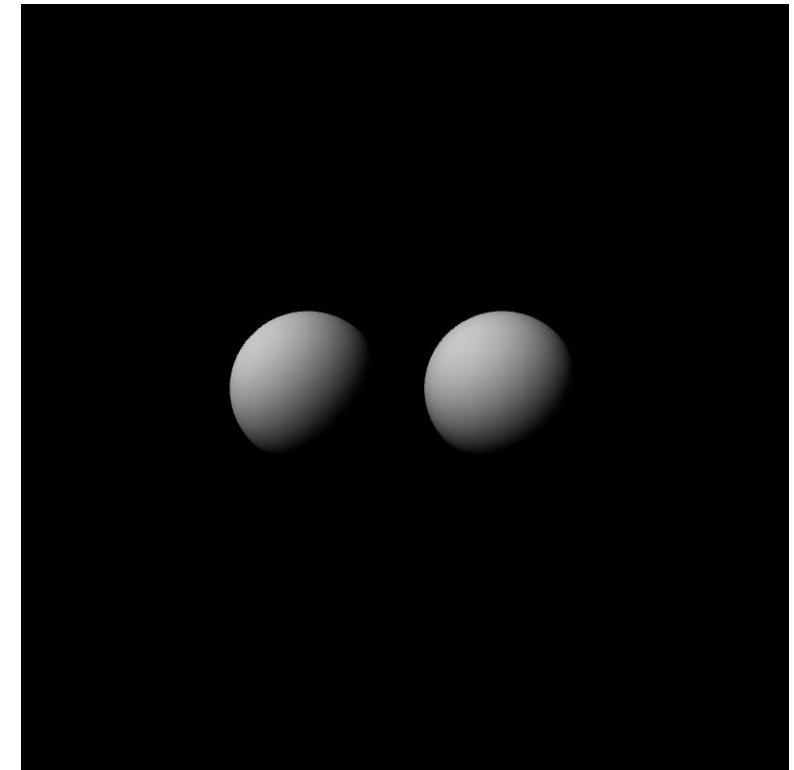
# Example: Creepy Eyes 3D

```
void setup() {
    size(800, 800, P3D);
}

void draw() {
    background(0);

    float dirX = (mouseX - width / 2) / (width / 2.0);
    float dirY = (mouseY - height / 2) / (height / 2.0);
    directionalLight(200, 200, 200, -dirX, -dirY, -1);

    fill(255);
    noStroke();
    translate(300, 400, 0);
    sphere(80);
    translate(200, 0, 0);
    sphere(80);
}
```



# Material

- **ambient()** Set the ambient reflectance
- **emissive()** Set the emissive color
- **shininess()** Set the amount of gloss
- **specular()** Set the specular color